

Converting Colors

RGB(95, 95, 132)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(95, 95, 132) contains.

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Color

RGB(95, 95, 132)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F5F84
RGB	95, 95, 132
RGB Percent	37%, 37%, 52%
CMY	0.6275, 0.6275, 0.4824
CMYK	0.28, 0.28, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	240°, 16%, 45%
HSV	240°, 28%, 52%
XYZ	12.9764, 12.2833, 23.5168
YIQ	99.2180, -11.8770, 11.5070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

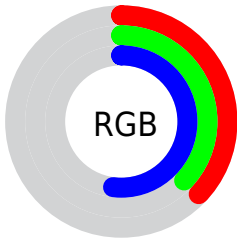
Format	Color
R_{YB}	95, 95, 132
Decimal	6250372
CIE _{Lab}	41.66, 8.91, -20.58
CIE _{LCh}	42, 22.425, 293.418
Yxy	12.2833, 0.2660, 0.2518
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284440452 (0xFF5F5F84)
YUV	99.2180, 16.1615, -3.6992
Hunter-Lab	35.0475, 4.7568, -15.2502

Details

The RGB color `95, 95, 132` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666699`. A complement of this color would be `132, 132, 95`, and the grayscale version is `99, 99, 99`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `146, 145, 185`, and `47, 49, 82` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `82, 82, 132`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `108, 108, 132`.

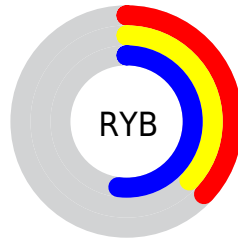
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (37%)

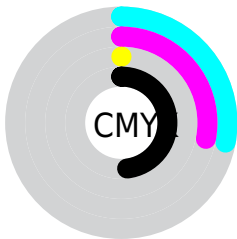
Blue (52%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (52%)

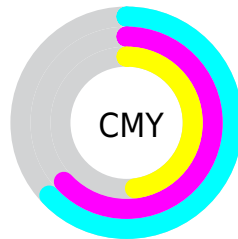


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 95, 95, 132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 95, 95, 132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



95, 95, 132



95, 95, 132

255, 255, 255



71, 71, 107



146, 145, 185



47, 49, 82



173, 172, 213



24, 28, 59



201, 199, 241



3, 1, 38



229, 227, 255



0, 1, 15



0, 0, 0



95, 95, 132



95, 95, 132



82, 82, 132



108, 108, 132



69, 69, 132



121, 121, 132

■ 55, 55, 132

■ 135, 135, 132

■ 42, 42, 132

■ 148, 148, 132

■ 29, 29, 132

■ 161, 161, 132

■ 16, 16, 132

■ 174, 174, 132

■ 3, 3, 132

■ 187, 187, 132

■ 0, 0, 132

■ 201, 201, 132

■ 214, 214, 132

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67, 101, 135



95, 95, 132



118, 89, 120

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



95, 95, 132



128, 90, 69



53, 108, 93

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95, 95, 132



132, 132, 95

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75, 106, 76



95, 95, 132



115, 96, 62

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



95, 95, 132



135, 85, 85



96, 102, 64



35, 108, 112

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95, 95, 132



128, 86, 109



96, 102, 64



60, 108, 87

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95, 95, 132



157, 157, 171



95, 132, 132



78, 78, 87



214, 214, 214



87, 87, 87

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95, 95, 132



113, 113, 171



114, 95, 132



60, 60, 66



0, 0, 130



0, 0, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



132, 95, 132



171, 113, 171



114, 132, 95



66, 60, 66



130, 0, 130



3, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 95, 95, 132 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 95, 95, 132 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

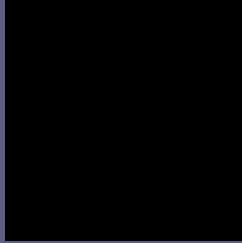
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 95, 95, 132 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 95, 95, 132.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 95, 95, 132.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

95, 95, 132

Protanopia

88, 97, 133

Deuteranopia

89, 97, 132



Tritanopia
90, 100, 108

Trichromacy



Original Color

95, 95, 132

Protanomaly

91, 96, 133

Deuteranomaly

91, 96, 132

Tritanomaly

92, 98, 117

Monochromacy



Original Color

95, 95, 132

Achromatopsia

99, 99, 99

Achromatomaly

98, 98, 111

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 95, 95, 132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(95, 95, 132) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 95, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 95, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 95, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 95, 95, 132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 95, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 95, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 95, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 95, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 95, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 95,  
132) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 95, 95, 132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 95, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 95,  
132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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