

Converting Colors

RGB(97, 76, 104)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(97, 76, 104) contains.

RGB(97, 76, 104)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(97, 76, 104)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	614C68
RGB	97, 76, 104
RGB Percent	38%, 30%, 41%
CMY	0.6196, 0.7020, 0.5922
CMYK	0.07, 0.27, 0.00, 0.59
HSL	285°, 16%, 35%
HSV	285°, 27%, 41%
XYZ	10.0129, 8.7097, 14.2501
YIQ	85.4710, 3.5280, 13.1600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

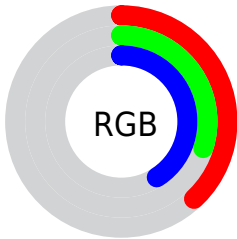
Format	Color
R_{YB}	97, 76, 104
Decimal	6376552
CIE _{Lab}	35.42, 14.51, -12.89
CIE _{LCh}	35, 19.407, 318.384
Yxy	8.7097, 0.3037, 0.2641
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284566632 (0xFF614C68)
YUV	85.4710, 9.1348, 10.1109
Hunter-Lab	29.5123, 8.9148, -7.9698

Details

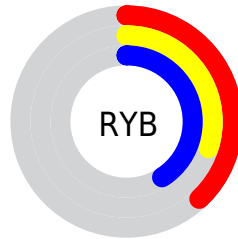
The RGB color **97, 76, 104** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **83, 104, 76**, and the grayscale version is **85, 85, 85**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **148, 125, 155**, and **50, 32, 57** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94, 66, 104**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 86, 104**.

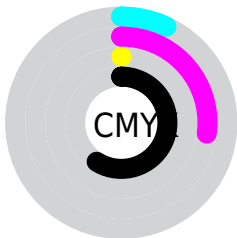
Distribution



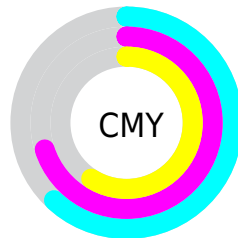
- Red (38%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 97, 76, 104 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 97, 76, 104 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



97, 76, 104



97, 76, 104

255, 255, 255



73, 53, 80



148, 125, 155



50, 32, 57



175, 151, 182



29, 10, 35



202, 178, 210



0, 0, 12



230, 205, 238



0, 0, 0



255, 233, 255



97, 76, 104



97, 76, 104



94, 66, 104



100, 86, 104



92, 55, 104



102, 97, 104

■ 89, 45, 104

■ 105, 107, 104

■ 87, 34, 104

■ 107, 118, 104

■ 84, 24, 104

■ 110, 128, 104

■ 81, 14, 104

■ 113, 138, 104

■ 79, 3, 104

■ 115, 149, 104

■ 78, 0, 104

■ 118, 159, 104

■ 120, 170, 104

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77, 81, 113



97, 76, 104



110, 72, 90

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97, 76, 104



99, 80, 53



33, 92, 93

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97, 76, 104



83, 104, 76

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48, 91, 77



97, 76, 104



84, 85, 54

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



97, 76, 104



110, 75, 61



67, 89, 62



34, 90, 106

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97, 76, 104



114, 72, 79



67, 89, 62



37, 92, 87

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 76, 104



132, 124, 135



76, 83, 104



67, 62, 69



196, 196, 196



69, 69, 69

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 76, 104



124, 92, 135



104, 76, 97



50, 46, 51



86, 0, 115



182, 0, 242

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



104, 76, 83



135, 92, 103



76, 104, 83



51, 46, 47



115, 0, 29



242, 0, 61

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 97, 76, 104 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

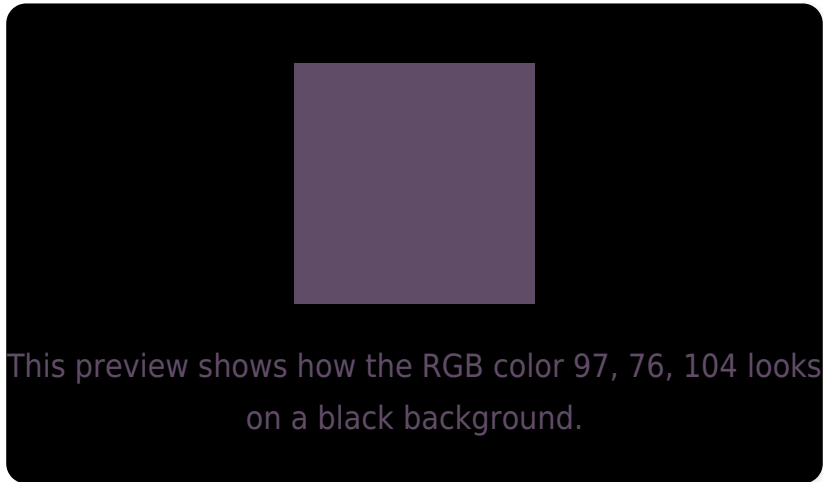
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

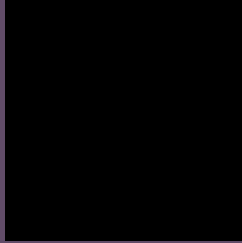
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 97, 76, 104 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 97, 76, 104.

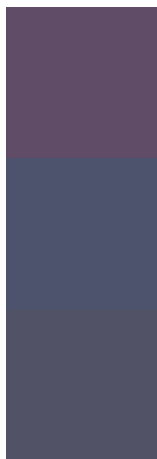


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 97, 76, 104.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

97, 76, 104

Protanopia

77, 83, 109

Deuteranopia

82, 82, 103



Tritanopia

94, 79, 86

Trichromacy



Original Color

97, 76, 104

Protanomaly

84, 80, 107

Deuteranomaly

87, 80, 103

Tritanomaly

95, 78, 93

Monochromacy



Original Color

97, 76, 104

Achromatopsia

85, 85, 85

Achromatomaly

89, 82, 92

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 97, 76, 104 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(97, 76, 104) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 76, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 76, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 76, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 97, 76, 104 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 76, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 76, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 76, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 76, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 76, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 76,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 97, 76, 104 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 76, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 76,  
104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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