

Converting Colors

RGB(98, 105, 119)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(98, 105, 119) contains.

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Color

RGB(98, 105, 119)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	626977
RGB	98, 105, 119
RGB Percent	38%, 41%, 47%
CMY	0.6157, 0.5882, 0.5333
CMYK	0.18, 0.12, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	220°, 10%, 43%
HSV	220°, 18%, 47%
XYZ	13.4184, 14.0317, 19.4539
YIQ	104.5030, -8.6660, 2.8700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

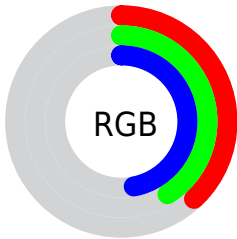
Format	Color
R _Y B	98, 103, 119
Decimal	6449527
CIE Lab	44.28, 0.53, -8.72
CIE LCh	44, 8.733, 273.472
Yxy	14.0317, 0.2861, 0.2992
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284639607 (0xFF626977)
YUV	104.5030, 7.1470, -5.7031
Hunter-Lab	37.4590, -1.6118, -4.5704

Details

The RGB color **98, 105, 119** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **119, 112, 98**, and the grayscale version is **104, 104, 104**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **149, 156, 171**, and **51, 58, 71** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 97, 119**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **110, 113, 119**.

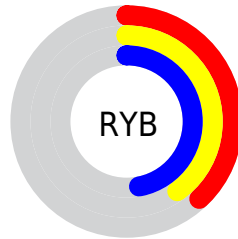
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (41%)

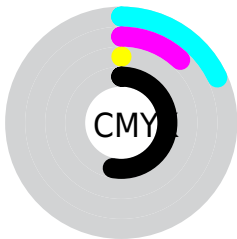
Blue (47%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (47%)

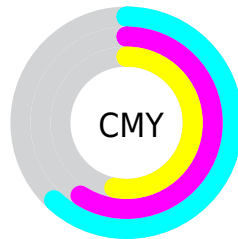


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 98, 105, 119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 98, 105, 119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



98, 105, 119



98, 105, 119

255, 255, 255



74, 81, 94



149, 156, 171



51, 58, 71



176, 183, 198



30, 36, 48



203, 211, 226



7, 15, 27



231, 239, 255



0, 0, 0



98, 105, 119



98, 105, 119



86, 97, 119



110, 113, 119



74, 89, 119



122, 121, 119



62, 81, 119



134, 129, 119

■ 50, 73, 119

■ 146, 137, 119

■ 39, 65, 119

■ 158, 145, 119

■ 27, 57, 119

■ 169, 153, 119

■ 15, 49, 119

■ 181, 161, 119

■ 3, 42, 119

■ 193, 168, 119

■ 0, 40, 119

■ 205, 176, 119

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90, 107, 117



98, 105, 119



107, 103, 117

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



98, 105, 119



120, 100, 97



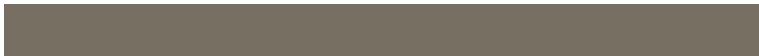
94, 108, 98

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98, 105, 119



119, 112, 98

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



102, 107, 93



98, 105, 119



116, 102, 92

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



98, 105, 119



120, 100, 104



110, 104, 90



88, 109, 105

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98, 105, 119



113, 101, 113



110, 104, 90



96, 108, 96

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 105, 119



148, 150, 156



98, 119, 112



74, 76, 79



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 105, 119



123, 134, 156



101, 98, 119



53, 55, 59



0, 41, 122



0, 83, 250

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



119, 98, 105



156, 123, 134



115, 119, 98



59, 53, 55



122, 0, 41



250, 0, 83

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 98, 105, 119 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

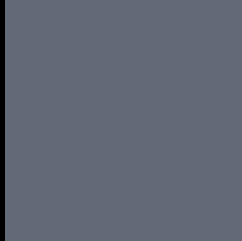
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 98, 105, 119 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

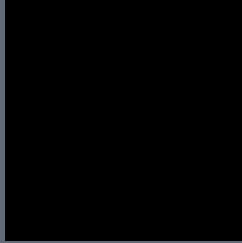
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

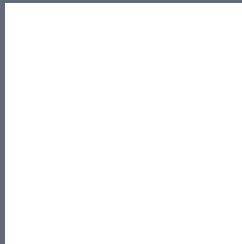
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 98, 105, 119 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 98, 105, 119.

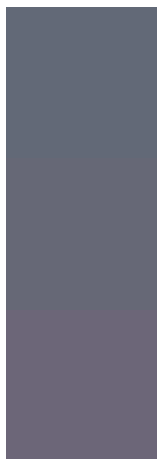


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 98, 105, 119.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

98, 105, 119

Protanopia

102, 104, 118

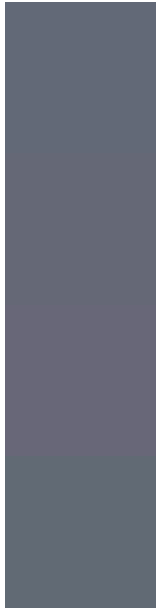
Deuteranopia

108, 102, 120



Tritanopia
97, 106, 114

Trichromacy



Original Color

98, 105, 119

Protanomaly

101, 104, 118

Deuteranomaly

104, 103, 120

Tritanomaly

97, 106, 116

Monochromacy



Original Color

98, 105, 119

Achromatopsia

105, 105, 105

Achromatomaly

102, 105, 110

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 98, 105, 119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(98, 105, 119) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 105, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 105, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 105, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 98, 105, 119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 105, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 105, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(98, 105, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 105, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 105, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 105,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 98, 105, 119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 105, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 105,  
119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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