

Converting Colors

RGB(98, 175, 102)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(98, 175, 102) contains.

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Color

RGB(98, 175, 102)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	62AF66
RGB	98, 175, 102
RGB Percent	38%, 69%, 40%
CMY	0.6157, 0.3137, 0.6000
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.42, 0.31
HSL	123°, 32%, 54%
HSV	123°, 44%, 69%
XYZ	22.7652, 34.2159, 17.9749
YIQ	143.6550, -22.4590, -39.0270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

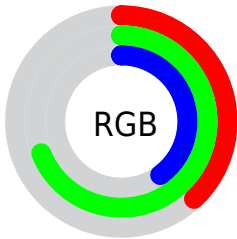
Format	Color
RYB	98, 171, 175
Decimal	6467430
CIELab	65.13, -39.20, 30.17
CIELCh	65, 49.466, 142.416
Yxy	34.2159, 0.3037, 0.4565
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284657510 (0xFF62AF66)
YUV	143.6550, -20.5359, -40.0394
Hunter-Lab	58.4944, -32.8953, 22.7267

Details

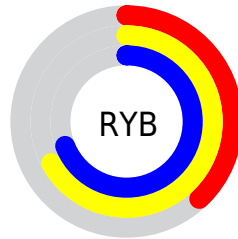
The RGB color **98, 175, 102** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **175, 98, 171**, and the grayscale version is **144, 144, 144**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **153, 231, 154**, and **43, 122, 53** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81, 175, 85**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **116, 175, 119**.

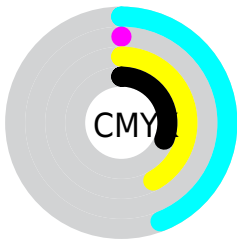
Distribution



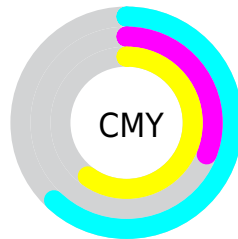
- Red (38%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 98, 175, 102 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 98, 175, 102 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



98, 175, 102



98, 175, 102

255, 255, 255



71, 148, 77



153, 231, 154



43, 122, 53



180, 255, 181



6, 96, 30



209, 255, 209



0, 72, 6



238, 255, 237



0, 48, 0



0, 27, 0



0, 0, 0



98, 175, 102



98, 175, 102



81, 175, 85



116, 175, 119

■ 63, 175, 69

■ 133, 175, 135

■ 46, 175, 52

■ 151, 175, 152

■ 28, 175, 36

■ 168, 175, 168

■ 11, 175, 19

■ 186, 175, 185

■ 0, 175, 9

■ 203, 175, 202

■ 221, 175, 218

■ 238, 175, 235

■ 255, 175, 251

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



151, 166, 72



98, 175, 102



0, 180, 145

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



98, 175, 102



29, 166, 245



241, 122, 127

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98, 175, 102



175, 98, 171

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



234, 121, 171



98, 175, 102



143, 151, 240

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



98, 175, 102



0, 176, 227



202, 133, 213



225, 135, 89

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98, 175, 102



0, 181, 176



202, 133, 213



241, 120, 141

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 175, 102



197, 227, 199



171, 175, 98



96, 115, 97



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 175, 102



107, 227, 113



98, 175, 140



78, 87, 78



0, 150, 8



0, 23, 1

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



175, 98, 171



227, 107, 221



175, 98, 133



87, 78, 86



150, 0, 143



23, 0, 22

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 98, 175, 102 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 98, 175, 102 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

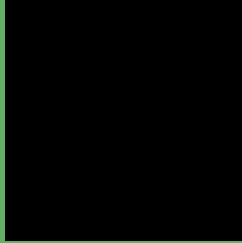
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 98, 175, 102 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 98, 175, 102.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 98, 175, 102.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
98, 175, 102

Protanopia
172, 157, 95

Deuteranopia
188, 150, 108



Tritanopia
114, 166, 179

Trichromacy



Original Color
98, 175, 102



Protanomaly
145, 164, 98



Deuteranomaly
155, 159, 106



Tritanomaly
108, 169, 151

Monochromacy



Original Color
98, 175, 102



Achromatopsia
144, 144, 144



Achromatomaly
127, 155, 129

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 98, 175, 102 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 175, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 175, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 175, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 175, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 98, 175, 102 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 175, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 175, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 175, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 175, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 175, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 175,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 98, 175, 102 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 175, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 175,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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