

Converting Colors

RGB(98, 182, 160)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(98, 182, 160) contains.

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Color

RGB(98, 182, 160)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	62B6A0
RGB	98, 182, 160
RGB Percent	38%, 71%, 63%
CMY	0.6157, 0.2863, 0.3725
CMYK	0.46, 0.00, 0.12, 0.29
HSL	164°, 37%, 55%
HSV	164°, 46%, 71%
XYZ	28.1101, 38.5906, 39.2249
YIQ	154.3760, -43.0020, -24.6500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

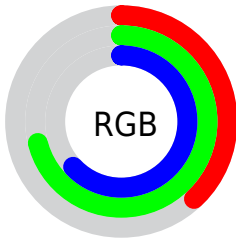
Format	Color
RYB	98, 146, 182
Decimal	6469280
CIELab	68.45, -30.90, 3.30
CIELCh	68, 31.072, 173.901
Yxy	38.5906, 0.2654, 0.3643
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284659360 (0xFF62B6A0)
YUV	154.3760, 2.7726, -49.4418
Hunter-Lab	62.1214, -27.9406, 6.0479

Details

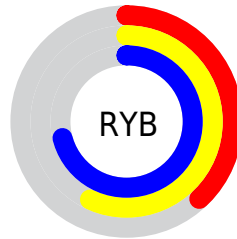
The RGB color **98, 182, 160** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **182, 98, 120**, and the grayscale version is **154, 154, 154**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **153, 238, 215**, and **41, 129, 109** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 182, 155**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **116, 182, 165**.

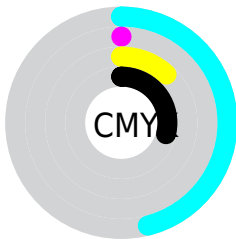
Distribution



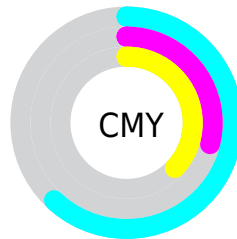
- Red (38%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (29%)




- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 98, 182, 160 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 98, 182, 160 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 98, 182, 160


255, 255, 255


 153, 238, 215


 181, 255, 243

 210, 255, 255

 239, 255, 255

 98, 182, 160

 70, 155, 134

 41, 129, 109


 0, 103, 84


 0, 79, 61


 0, 55, 39

 0, 35, 19

 0, 0, 0

 98, 182, 160

 80, 182, 155

 98, 182, 160

 116, 182, 165

■ 62, 182, 150

■ 134, 182, 170

■ 43, 182, 146

■ 153, 182, 174

■ 25, 182, 141

■ 171, 182, 179

■ 7, 182, 136

■ 189, 182, 184

■ 0, 182, 134

■ 207, 182, 189

■ 225, 182, 193

■ 244, 182, 198

■ 255, 182, 203

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



131, 179, 133



98, 182, 160



75, 182, 189

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



98, 182, 160



163, 162, 218



213, 154, 123

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98, 182, 160



182, 98, 120

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



223, 147, 146



98, 182, 160



197, 152, 200

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



98, 182, 160



121, 171, 222



218, 146, 174



192, 163, 111

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98, 182, 160



76, 180, 205



218, 146, 174



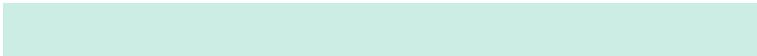
218, 151, 129

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 182, 160



204, 237, 228



120, 182, 98



99, 120, 115



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 182, 160



107, 237, 203



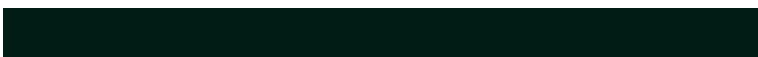
98, 162, 182



83, 92, 89



0, 156, 115



0, 28, 21

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



182, 98, 120



237, 107, 141



182, 118, 98



92, 83, 85



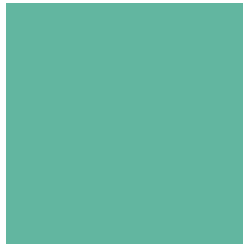
156, 0, 41



28, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 98, 182, 160 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

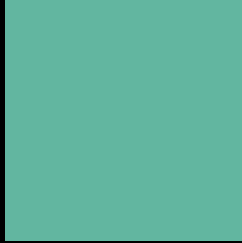
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 98, 182, 160 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 98, 182, 160 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 98, 182, 160.

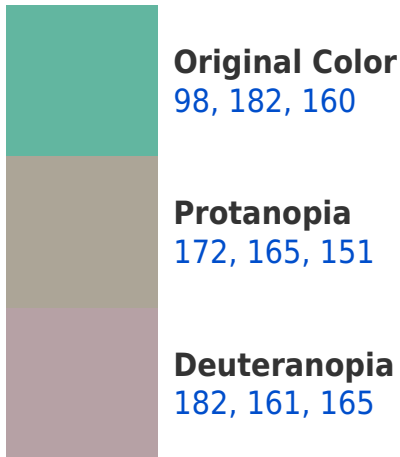


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 98, 182, 160.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
107, 177, 192

Trichromacy



Original Color

98, 182, 160



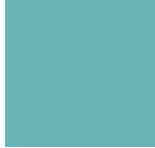
Protanomaly

145, 171, 154



Deuteranomaly

151, 169, 163



Tritanomaly

104, 179, 180

Monochromacy



Original Color

98, 182, 160



Achromatopsia

154, 154, 154



Achromatomaly

134, 164, 156

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 98, 182, 160 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 182, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 182, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 182, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 182, 160) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 98, 182, 160 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 182, 160) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 182, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(98, 182, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 182, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 182, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 182,  
160) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 98, 182, 160 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 182, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 182,  
160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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