

Converting Colors

RGB(98, 248, 186)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(98, 248, 186) contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| RGB(98, 248, 186) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 11 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 23 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 26 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 29 |

Color

RGB(98, 248, 186)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | 62F8BA |
| RGB | 98, 248, 186 |
| RGB Percent | 38%, 97%, 73% |
| CMY | 0.6157, 0.0275, 0.2706 |
| CMYK | 0.60, 0.00, 0.25, 0.03 |
| HSL | 155°, 91%, 68% |
| HSV | 155°, 60%, 97% |
| XYZ | 47.4673, 73.2766, 58.0964 |
| YIQ | 196.0820, -69.4980, -51.0820 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

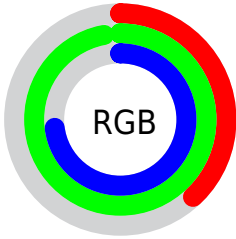
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 98, 193, 248 |
| Decimal | 6486202 |
| CIE Lab | 88.58, -54.08, 18.09 |
| CIE LCh | 89, 57.026, 161.501 |
| Yxy | 73.2766, 0.2654, 0.4097 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4284676282 (0xFF62F8BA) |
| YUV | 196.0820, -4.9704, -86.0179 |
| Hunter-Lab | 85.6018, -50.8225, 19.6822 |

Details

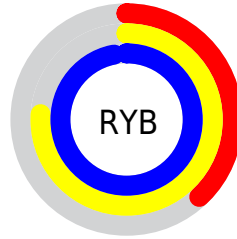
The RGB color **98, 248, 186** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **248, 98, 160**, and the grayscale version is **196, 196, 196**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **161, 255, 242**, and **1, 191, 133** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73, 248, 176**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **123, 248, 196**.

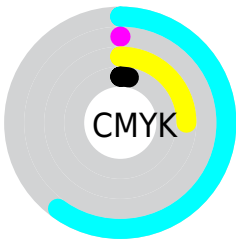
Distribution



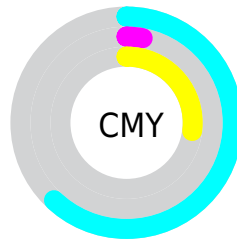
- Red (38%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (3%)



















- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 98, 248, 186 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 98, 248, 186 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

| | |
|---|--|
|  98, 248, 186 |  98, 248, 186 |
|  255, 255, 255 |  63, 219, 159 |
|  161, 255, 242 |  1, 191, 133 |
|  191, 255, 255 |  0, 163, 107 |
|  222, 255, 255 |  0, 136, 83 |
|  252, 255, 255 |  0, 109, 59 |
| |  0, 84, 37 |
| |  0, 59, 16 |
| |  0, 36, 0 |
| |  0, 0, 0 |

 98, 248, 186

 98, 248, 186

 73, 248, 176

 123, 248, 196

 48, 248, 165

 148, 248, 207

 24, 248, 155

 172, 248, 217

 0, 248, 145

 197, 248, 227

 222, 248, 237

 247, 248, 248

 255, 248, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



176, 240, 138



98, 248, 186



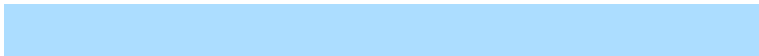
0, 251, 242

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



98, 248, 186



172, 221, 255



255, 188, 153

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98, 248, 186



248, 98, 160

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 178, 203



98, 248, 186



254, 200, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



98, 248, 186



0, 237, 255



255, 182, 255



255, 207, 119

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98, 248, 186



0, 249, 255



255, 182, 255



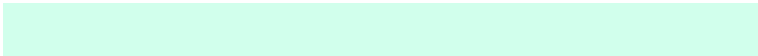
255, 183, 168

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 248, 186



209, 255, 236



161, 248, 98



99, 128, 116



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 248, 186



69, 255, 178



98, 236, 248



112, 125, 120



0, 189, 111



0, 61, 36

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



248, 98, 160



255, 69, 146



248, 111, 98



125, 112, 118



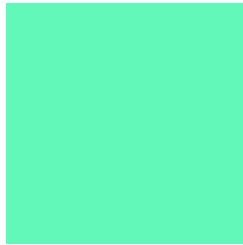
189, 0, 78



61, 0, 25

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 98, 248, 186 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

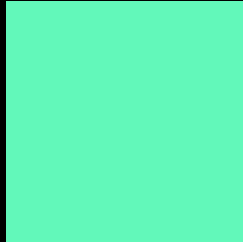
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 98, 248, 186 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

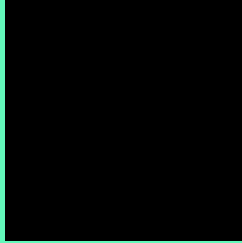
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 98, 248, 186 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 98, 248, 186.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 98, 248, 186.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
134, 237, 255

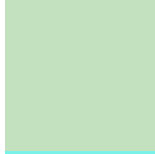
Trichromacy



Original Color
98, 248, 186



Protanomaly
185, 230, 178



Deuteranomaly
196, 225, 191



Tritanomaly
121, 241, 230

Monochromacy



Original Color
98, 248, 186



Achromatopsia
196, 196, 196



Achromatomaly
160, 215, 192

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 98, 248, 186 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 248, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 248, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 248, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 248, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 98, 248, 186 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

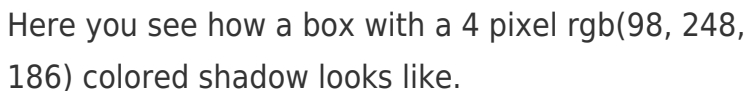
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 248, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 248, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(98, 248, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 248, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 248, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 248,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 98, 248, 186 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 248, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 248,  
186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor