

Converting Colors

RGB(99, 111, 104)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(99, 111, 104) contains.

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Color

RGB(99, 111, 104)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	636F68
RGB	99, 111, 104
RGB Percent	39%, 44%, 41%
CMY	0.6118, 0.5647, 0.5922
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.06, 0.56
HSL	145°, 6%, 41%
HSV	145°, 11%, 44%
XYZ	13.3287, 15.0210, 15.2935
YIQ	106.6140, -4.9050, -4.7210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

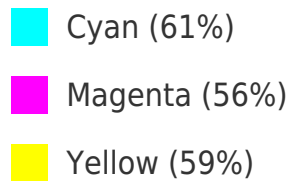
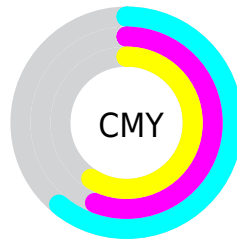
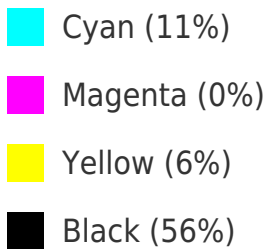
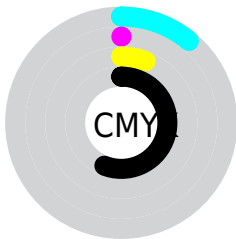
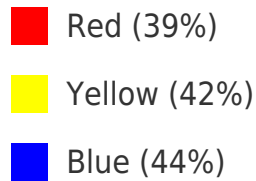
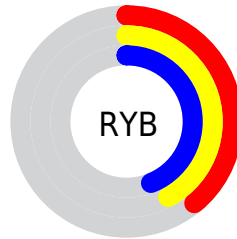
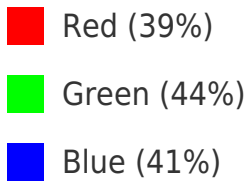
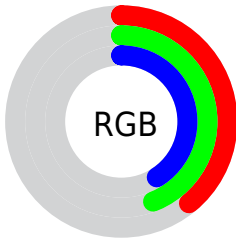
Format	Color
RYB	99, 107, 111
Decimal	6516584
CIELab	45.66, -6.02, 2.35
CIELCh	46, 6.463, 158.657
Yxy	15.0210, 0.3054, 0.3442
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284706664 (0xFF636F68)
YUV	106.6140, -1.2887, -6.6775
Hunter-Lab	38.7569, -6.4375, 3.7339

Details

The RGB color **99, 111, 104** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **111, 99, 106**, and the grayscale version is **107, 107, 107**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **150, 163, 155**, and **52, 63, 57** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 111, 98**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **110, 111, 110**.

Distribution



Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 99, 111, 104 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 99, 111, 104 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



99, 111, 104



99, 111, 104

255, 255, 255



75, 87, 80



150, 163, 155



52, 63, 57



176, 190, 182



31, 41, 36



204, 217, 209



8, 21, 14



232, 246, 238



0, 0, 0



99, 111, 104



99, 111, 104



88, 111, 98



110, 111, 110



77, 111, 91



121, 111, 117




66, 111, 85




132, 111, 123

 55, 111, 78


 143, 111, 130


 44, 111, 72


 155, 111, 136


 32, 111, 65


 166, 111, 143

 21, 111, 59

 177, 111, 149

 10, 111, 52

 188, 111, 156

 0, 111, 46

 199, 111, 162

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



105, 110, 100



99, 111, 104



95, 111, 109

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99, 111, 104



104, 108, 119



119, 105, 102

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 111, 104



111, 99, 106

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



120, 104, 107



99, 111, 104



111, 106, 117

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99, 111, 104



98, 110, 118



117, 105, 112



116, 106, 98

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 111, 104



95, 111, 113



117, 105, 112



120, 105, 103

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 111, 104



141, 145, 143



106, 111, 99



71, 74, 72



201, 201, 201



74, 74, 74

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 111, 104



126, 145, 134



99, 111, 110



50, 56, 53



0, 120, 50



0, 247, 103

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



111, 99, 106



145, 126, 137



111, 99, 100



56, 50, 54



120, 0, 70



247, 0, 144

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 99, 111, 104 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 99, 111, 104 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

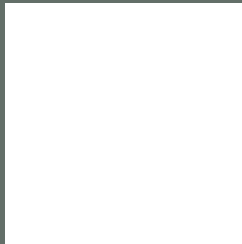
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 99, 111, 104 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 99, 111, 104.

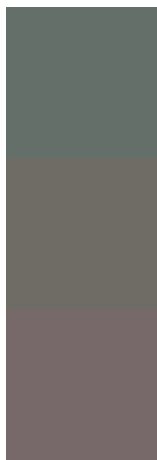


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 99, 111, 104.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

99, 111, 104

Protanopia

111, 108, 102

Deuteranopia

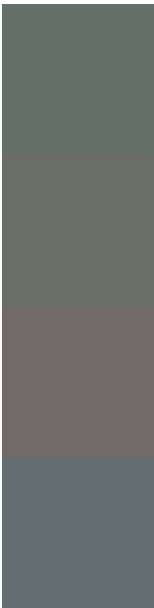
119, 104, 105



Tritanopia

101, 109, 118

Trichromacy



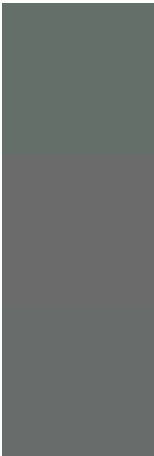
Original Color
99, 111, 104

Protanomaly
107, 109, 103

Deuteranomaly
112, 107, 105

Tritanomaly
100, 110, 113

Monochromacy



Original Color
99, 111, 104

Achromatopsia
107, 107, 107

Achromatomaly
104, 108, 106

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 99, 111, 104 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(99, 111, 104) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 111, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 111, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 111, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 99, 111, 104 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 111, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 111, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 111, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 111, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 111, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 111,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 99, 111, 104 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 111, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 111,  
104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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