

Converting Colors

RGB(99, 120, 95)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(99, 120, 95) contains.

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Color

RGB(99, 120, 95)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	63785F
RGB	99, 120, 95
RGB Percent	39%, 47%, 37%
CMY	0.6118, 0.5294, 0.6275
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.21, 0.53
HSL	110°, 12%, 42%
HSV	110°, 21%, 47%
XYZ	13.9276, 16.9118, 13.3567
YIQ	110.8710, -4.4910, -12.2270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

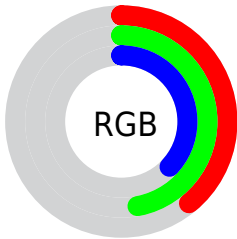
Format	Color
R_{YB}	95, 120, 116
Decimal	6518879
CIE Lab	48.15, -12.90, 11.23
CIE LCh	48, 17.101, 138.970
Yxy	16.9118, 0.3151, 0.3827
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284708959 (0xFF63785F)
YUV	110.8710, -7.8244, -10.4109
Hunter-Lab	41.1240, -11.5137, 9.5299

Details

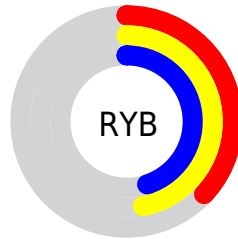
The RGB color **99, 120, 95** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **116, 95, 120**, and the grayscale version is **111, 111, 111**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **150, 172, 146**, and **52, 71, 49** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89, 120, 83**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **109, 120, 107**.

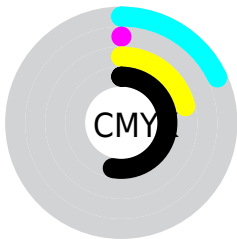
Distribution



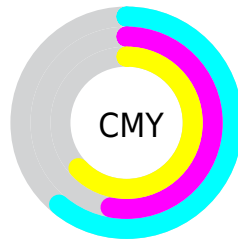
- Red (39%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 99, 120, 95 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 99, 120, 95 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



99, 120, 95



99, 120, 95

255, 255, 255



75, 95, 71



150, 172, 146



52, 71, 49



177, 200, 172



30, 49, 28



204, 228, 199



9, 28, 2



233, 255, 227



0, 0, 0



99, 120, 95



99, 120, 95



89, 120, 83



109, 120, 107



79, 120, 71



119, 120, 119



69, 120, 59



129, 120, 131

■ 59, 120, 47

■ 139, 120, 143

■ 49, 120, 35

■ 149, 120, 155

■ 39, 120, 23

■ 159, 120, 167

■ 28, 120, 11

■ 170, 120, 179

■ 19, 120, 0

■ 180, 120, 191

■ 190, 120, 203

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



115, 116, 87



99, 120, 95



84, 122, 108

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99, 120, 95



90, 117, 142



144, 104, 106

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 120, 95



116, 95, 120

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



140, 104, 120



99, 120, 95



110, 112, 141

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99, 120, 95



76, 121, 136



128, 108, 133



140, 107, 93

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 120, 95



76, 123, 118



128, 108, 133



144, 104, 110

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 120, 95



148, 156, 146



120, 116, 95



74, 79, 74



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 120, 95



123, 156, 117



95, 120, 103



56, 61, 55



20, 125, 0



40, 252, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



116, 95, 120



149, 117, 156



120, 95, 112



60, 55, 61



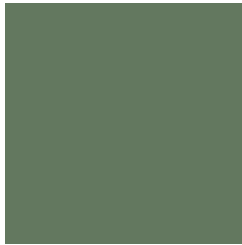
105, 0, 125



212, 0, 252

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 99, 120, 95 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

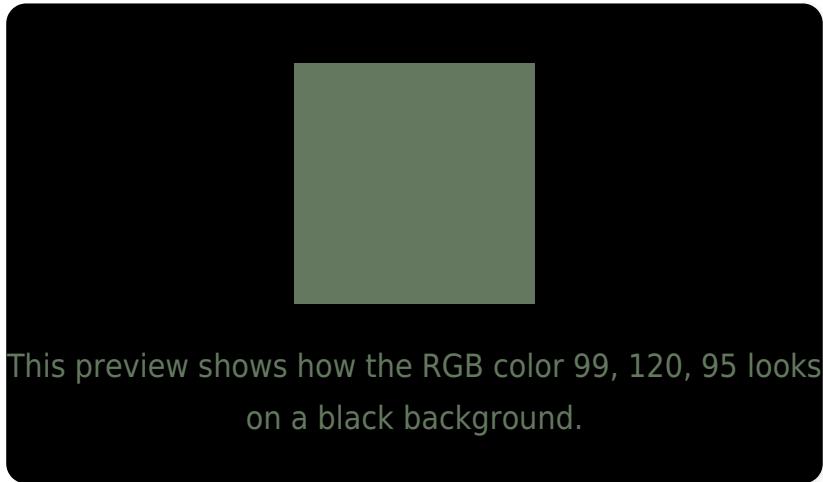
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

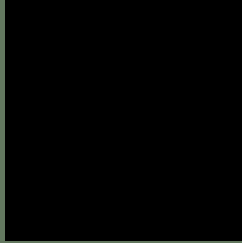
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 99, 120, 95 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 99, 120, 95.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 99, 120, 95.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

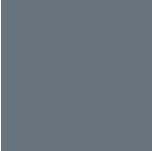
99, 120, 95

Protanopia

121, 114, 92

Deuteranopia

131, 110, 97



Tritanopia
104, 116, 125

Trichromacy



Original Color

99, 120, 95

Protanomaly

113, 116, 93

Deuteranomaly

119, 114, 96

Tritanomaly

102, 117, 114

Monochromacy



Original Color

99, 120, 95

Achromatopsia

111, 111, 111

Achromatomaly

107, 114, 105

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 99, 120, 95 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 120, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 120, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 120, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 120, 95) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 99, 120, 95 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 120, 95) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 120, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 120, 95)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 120, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 120, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 120,  
95) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 99, 120, 95 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 120, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 120,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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