

Converting Colors

RGB(99, 152, 172)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(99, 152, 172) contains.

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Color

RGB(99, 152, 172)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6398AC
RGB	99, 152, 172
RGB Percent	39%, 60%, 67%
CMY	0.6118, 0.4039, 0.3255
CMYK	0.42, 0.12, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	196°, 31%, 53%
HSV	196°, 42%, 67%
XYZ	23.8202, 28.0877, 43.1957
YIQ	138.4330, -38.0080, -5.0160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

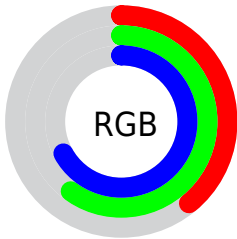
Format	Color
R_{YB}	99, 130, 172
Decimal	6527148
CIE Lab	59.97, -12.21, -15.98
CIE LCh	60, 20.109, 232.615
Yxy	28.0877, 0.2505, 0.2953
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284717228 (0xFF6398AC)
YUV	138.4330, 16.5485, -34.5827
Hunter-Lab	52.9978, -12.5182, -11.2257

Details

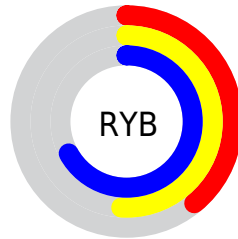
The RGB color `99, 152, 172` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `669999`. A complement of this color would be `172, 119, 99`, and the grayscale version is `138, 138, 138`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `153, 206, 227`, and `46, 101, 120` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `82, 147, 172`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `116, 157, 172`.

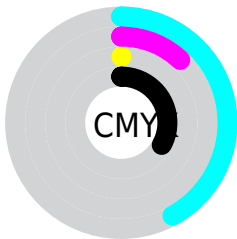
Distribution



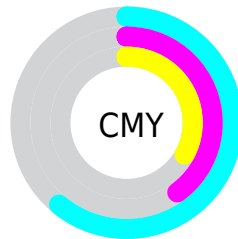
- Red (39%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 99, 152, 172 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 99, 152, 172 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



99, 152, 172



99, 152, 172

255, 255, 255



73, 126, 145



153, 206, 227



46, 101, 120



181, 235, 255



13, 77, 95



209, 255, 255



0, 54, 71



238, 255, 255



0, 33, 49



0, 2, 28



0, 0, 0



99, 152, 172



99, 152, 172



82, 147, 172



116, 157, 172

■ 65, 143, 172

■ 133, 161, 172

■ 47, 138, 172

■ 151, 166, 172

■ 30, 133, 172

■ 168, 171, 172

■ 13, 128, 172

■ 185, 176, 172

■ 0, 125, 172

■ 202, 180, 172

■ 219, 185, 172

■ 237, 190, 172

■ 254, 194, 172

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95, 154, 157



99, 152, 172



118, 147, 179

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99, 152, 172



177, 132, 150



144, 148, 112

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 152, 172



172, 119, 99

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



162, 142, 110



99, 152, 172



181, 132, 132

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99, 152, 172



163, 136, 166



175, 136, 117



123, 152, 123

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 152, 172



134, 144, 179



175, 136, 117



150, 146, 110

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 152, 172



195, 216, 224



99, 172, 118



94, 107, 112



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 152, 172



110, 193, 224



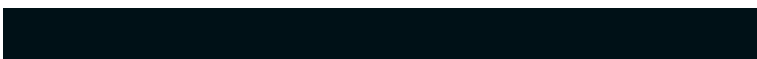
99, 116, 172



78, 84, 87



0, 109, 150



0, 17, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



172, 99, 152



224, 110, 193



172, 155, 99



87, 78, 84



150, 0, 109



23, 0, 17

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 99, 152, 172 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

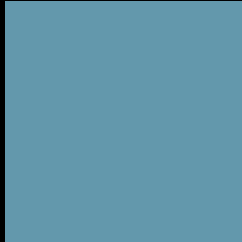
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 99, 152, 172 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

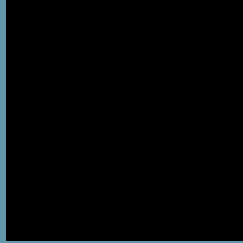
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 99, 152, 172 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 99, 152, 172.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 99, 152, 172.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
99, 152, 172

Protanopia
140, 143, 166

Deuteranopia
143, 141, 174



Tritanopia
97, 153, 165

Trichromacy



Original Color
99, 152, 172

Protanomaly
125, 146, 168

Deuteranomaly
127, 145, 173

Tritanomaly
98, 153, 168

Monochromacy



Original Color
99, 152, 172

Achromatopsia
138, 138, 138

Achromatomaly
124, 143, 150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 99, 152, 172 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 152, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 152, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 152, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 152, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 99, 152, 172 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 152, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 152, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 152, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 152, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 152, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 152,  
172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 99, 152, 172 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 152, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 152,  
172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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