

Converting Colors

RGB(99, 174, 174)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(99, 174, 174) contains.

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Color

RGB(99, 174, 174)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	63AEAE
RGB	99, 174, 174
RGB Percent	39%, 68%, 68%
CMY	0.6118, 0.3176, 0.3176
CMYK	0.43, 0.00, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	180°, 32%, 54%
HSV	180°, 43%, 68%
XYZ	27.9216, 35.9807, 45.5178
YIQ	151.5750, -44.7000, -15.9000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

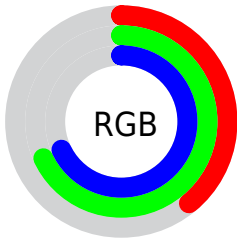
Format	Color
R _Y B	99, 137, 174
Decimal	6532782
CIE Lab	66.51, -23.24, -7.29
CIE LCh	67, 24.362, 197.422
Yxy	35.9807, 0.2552, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284722862 (0xFF63AEAE)
YUV	151.5750, 11.0555, -46.1083
Hunter-Lab	59.9840, -21.8829, -3.0024

Details

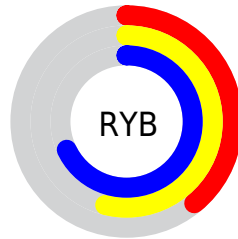
The RGB color **99, 174, 174** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **174, 99, 99**, and the grayscale version is **152, 152, 152**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **154, 230, 229**, and **43, 121, 122** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 174, 174**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **116, 174, 174**.

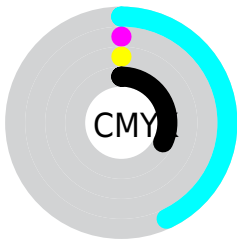
Distribution



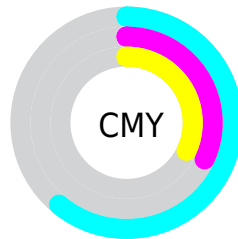
- Red (39%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 99, 174, 174 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 99, 174, 174 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



99, 174, 174



99, 174, 174

255, 255, 255



72, 147, 147



154, 230, 229



43, 121, 122



182, 255, 255



1, 96, 97



211, 255, 255



0, 72, 73



240, 255, 255



0, 49, 51



0, 30, 30



0, 0, 3



0, 0, 0



99, 174, 174



99, 174, 174

■ 82, 174, 174

■ 116, 174, 174

■ 64, 174, 174

■ 134, 174, 174

■ 47, 174, 174

■ 151, 174, 174

■ 29, 174, 174

■ 169, 174, 174

■ 12, 174, 174

■ 186, 174, 174

■ 0, 174, 174

■ 203, 174, 174

■ 221, 174, 174

■ 238, 174, 174

■ 255, 174, 174

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



116, 173, 151



99, 174, 174



101, 172, 193

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99, 174, 174



181, 152, 191



186, 157, 119

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 174, 174



174, 99, 99

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



201, 150, 130



99, 174, 174



200, 147, 172

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99, 174, 174



153, 159, 203



206, 146, 150



165, 164, 120

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 174, 174



113, 169, 202



206, 146, 150



192, 155, 122

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 174, 174



197, 227, 227



99, 174, 99



96, 115, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 174, 174



109, 227, 227



99, 137, 174



78, 87, 87



0, 150, 150



0, 23, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



174, 99, 174



227, 109, 227



174, 137, 99



87, 78, 87



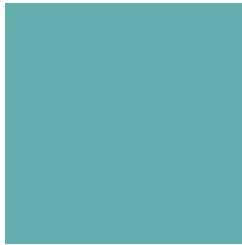
150, 0, 150



23, 0, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 99, 174, 174 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

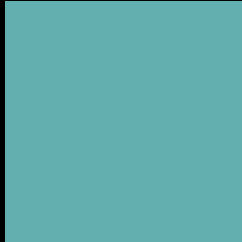
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 99, 174, 174 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

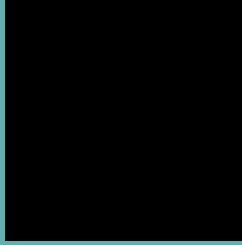
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 99, 174, 174 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 99, 174, 174.

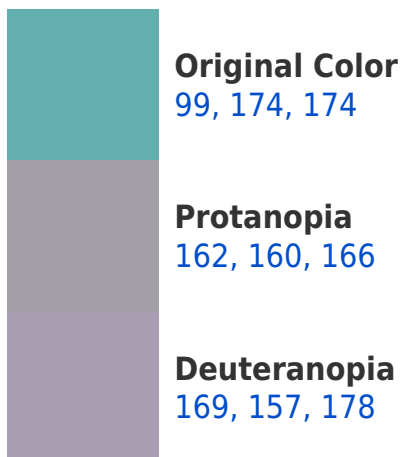


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 99, 174, 174.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
103, 172, 186

Trichromacy



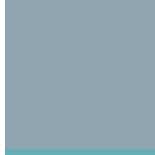
Original Color

99, 174, 174



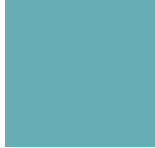
Protanomaly

139, 165, 169



Deuteranomaly

144, 163, 177



Tritanomaly

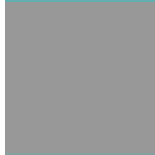
102, 173, 182

Monochromacy



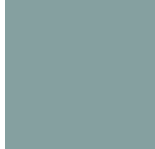
Original Color

99, 174, 174



Achromatopsia

152, 152, 152



Achromatomaly

133, 160, 160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 99, 174, 174 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 174, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 174, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 174, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 174, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 99, 174, 174 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 174, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 174, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 174, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 174, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 174, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 174,  
174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 99, 174, 174 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 174, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 174,  
174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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