

# Converting Colors

RGB(99, 189, 228)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(99, 189, 228) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(99, 189, 228)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	63BDE4
RGB	99, 189, 228
RGB Percent	39%, 74%, 89%
CMY	0.6118, 0.2588, 0.1059
CMYK	0.57, 0.17, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	198°, 70%, 64%
HSV	198°, 57%, 89%
XYZ	37.3468, 44.6493, 80.0486
YIQ	166.5360, -66.1590, -6.9510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

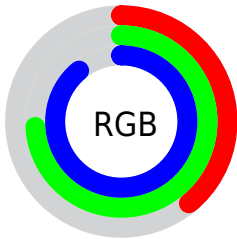
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	99, 152, 228
Decimal	6536676
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	72.66, -15.94, -27.64
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	73, 31.909, 240.036
Yxy	44.6493, 0.2305, 0.2755
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284726756 (0xFF63BDE4)
YUV	166.5360, 30.3018, -59.2291
Hunter-Lab	66.8201, -17.1688, -24.2536

# Details

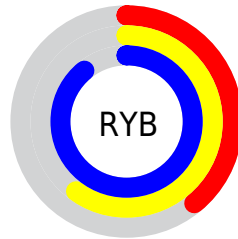
The RGB color **99, 189, 228** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **228, 138, 99**, and the grayscale version is **166, 166, 166**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **158, 245, 255**, and **27, 136, 172** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76, 182, 228**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122, 196, 228**.

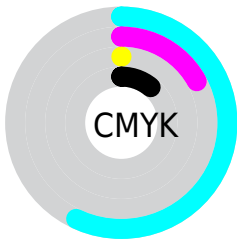
# Distribution



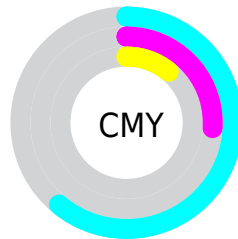
- Red (39%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



















- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 99, 189, 228 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 99, 189, 228 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 99, 189, 228	 99, 189, 228
 255, 255, 255	 67, 162, 200
 158, 245, 255	 27, 136, 172
 188, 255, 255	 0, 110, 146
 218, 255, 255	 0, 86, 120
 248, 255, 255	 0, 63, 95
	 0, 41, 71
	 0, 19, 49
	 0, 1, 27
	 0, 0, 0

■ 99, 189, 228

■ 99, 189, 228

■ 76, 182, 228

■ 122, 196, 228

■ 53, 175, 228

■ 145, 203, 228

■ 31, 168, 228

■ 167, 210, 228

■ 8, 161, 228

■ 190, 217, 228

■ 0, 159, 228

■ 213, 223, 228

■ 236, 230, 228

■ 255, 237, 228

■ 255, 244, 228

■ 255, 251, 228

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82, 194, 206



99, 189, 228



140, 181, 236

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99, 189, 228



234, 156, 179



168, 185, 127

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 189, 228



228, 138, 99

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



199, 176, 120



99, 189, 228



236, 159, 150

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99, 189, 228



215, 161, 208



223, 166, 129



134, 191, 148

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 189, 228



169, 174, 233



223, 166, 129



179, 183, 123

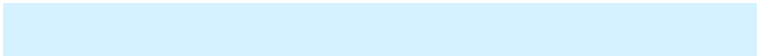


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 189, 228



212, 242, 255



99, 228, 138



102, 120, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 189, 228



82, 203, 255



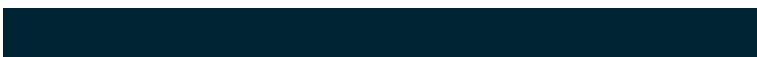
99, 125, 228



103, 111, 115



0, 125, 179



0, 36, 51



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



228, 99, 189



255, 82, 203



228, 202, 99



115, 103, 111



179, 0, 125

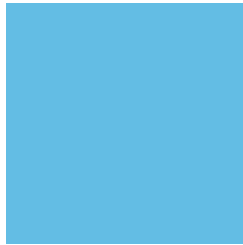


51, 0, 36



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 99, 189, 228 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

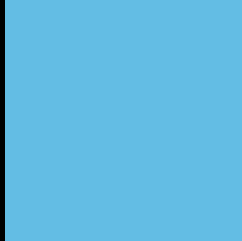
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 99, 189, 228 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 99, 189, 228 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 99, 189, 228.

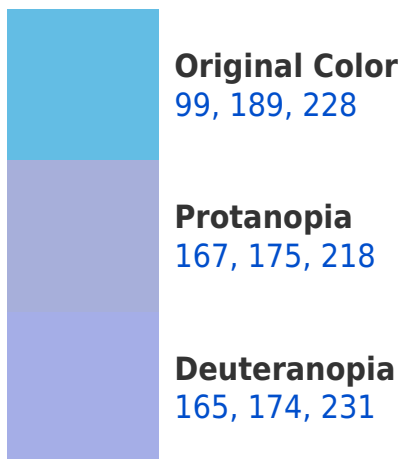


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 99, 189, 228.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

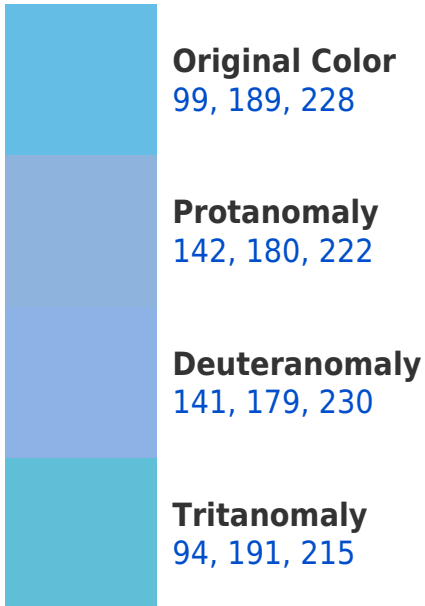
## Dichromacy



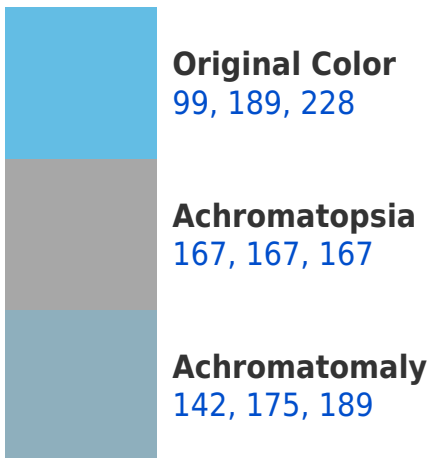


**Tritanopia**  
91, 192, 208

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 99, 189, 228 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 189, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 189, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 189, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 189, 228) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 99, 189, 228 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 189, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 189, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 189, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 189, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 189, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 189,  
228) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 99, 189, 228 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 189, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 189,  
228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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