

Converting Colors

RGB(99, 63, 124)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(99, 63, 124) contains.

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Color

RGB(99, 63, 124)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	633F7C
RGB	99, 63, 124
RGB Percent	39%, 25%, 49%
CMY	0.6118, 0.7529, 0.5137
CMYK	0.20, 0.49, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	275°, 33%, 37%
HSV	275°, 49%, 49%
XYZ	10.5612, 7.6629, 19.9912
YIQ	80.7180, 1.8750, 26.6030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

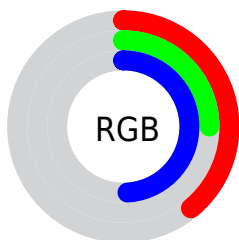
Format	Color
RYB	99, 63, 124
Decimal	6504316
CIELab	33.27, 28.00, -28.72
CIELCh	33, 40.116, 314.274
Yxy	7.6629, 0.2764, 0.2005
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284694396 (0xFF633F7C)
YUV	80.7180, 21.3380, 16.0333
Hunter-Lab	27.6819, 19.6577, -23.4405

Details

The RGB color **99, 63, 124** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **88, 124, 63**, and the grayscale version is **81, 81, 81**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **151, 112, 177**, and **50, 18, 75** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94, 51, 124**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **104, 75, 124**.

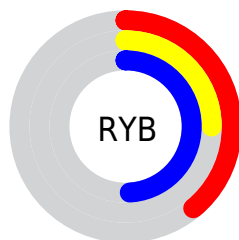
Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (25%)

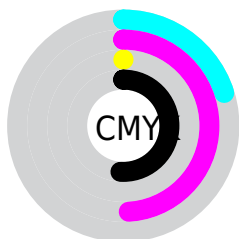
Blue (49%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (49%)

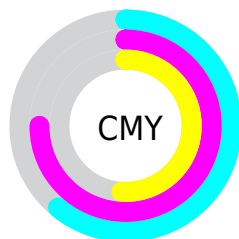


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (61%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 99, 63, 124 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 99, 63, 124 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



99, 63, 124



99, 63, 124

255, 255, 255



74, 40, 99



151, 112, 177



50, 18, 75



178, 137, 205



29, 0, 52



206, 164, 233



0, 2, 30



235, 191, 255



0, 0, 0



255, 219, 255



255, 248, 255



99, 63, 124





99, 63, 124



94, 51, 124



104, 75, 124

 89, 38, 124 109, 88, 124 84, 26, 124 114, 100, 124 79, 13, 124 119, 113, 124 74, 1, 124 124, 125, 124 73, 0, 124 129, 137, 124 135, 150, 124 140, 162, 124 145, 175, 124

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43, 77, 140



99, 63, 124



127, 50, 96

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99, 63, 124



108, 71, 11



0, 93, 93

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 63, 124



88, 124, 63

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 92, 60



99, 63, 124



80, 81, 6

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99, 63, 124



128, 57, 35



43, 88, 29



0, 92, 122

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 63, 124



135, 47, 75



43, 88, 29



0, 93, 82

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 63, 124



151, 137, 161



63, 88, 124



76, 67, 82



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 63, 124



122, 66, 161



124, 63, 119



59, 55, 61



74, 0, 125



149, 0, 252

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



124, 63, 88



161, 66, 105



63, 124, 68



61, 55, 58



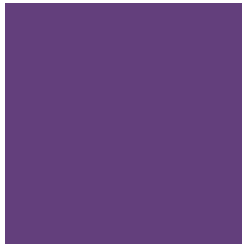
125, 0, 51



252, 0, 103

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 99, 63, 124 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 99, 63, 124 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

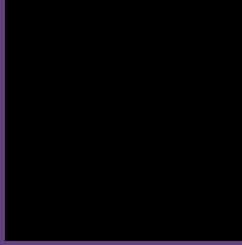
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 99, 63, 124 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 99, 63, 124.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 99, 63, 124.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

99, 63, 124

Protanopia

52, 77, 137

Deuteranopia





57, 78, 121






Tritanopia

92, 74, 79

Trichromacy

	Original Color 99, 63, 124
	Protanomaly 69, 72, 132
	Deuteranomaly 72, 73, 122
	Tritanomaly 95, 70, 95

Monochromacy

	Original Color 99, 63, 124
	Achromatopsia 81, 81, 81
	Achromatomaly 88, 74, 97

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 99, 63, 124 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(99, 63, 124) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 63, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 63, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 63, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 99, 63, 124 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 63, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 63, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 63, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 63, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 63, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 63,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 99, 63, 124 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 63, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 63,  
124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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