

Converting Colors

RGB(99, 6, 249)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(99, 6, 249) contains.

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Color

RGB(99, 6, 249)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6306F9
RGB	99, 6, 249
RGB Percent	39%, 2%, 98%
CMY	0.6118, 0.9765, 0.0235
CMYK	0.60, 0.98, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	263°, 95%, 50%
HSV	263°, 98%, 98%
XYZ	22.3096, 9.6225, 90.3040
YIQ	61.5090, -22.5750, 95.2890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

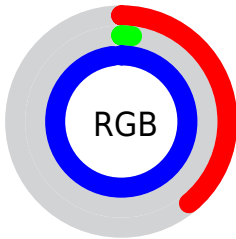
Format	Color
R_{YB}	99, 6, 249
Decimal	6489849
CIE _{Lab}	37.16, 79.31, -96.26
CIE _{LCh}	37, 124.722, 309.485
Yxy	9.6225, 0.1825, 0.0787
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284679929 (0xFF6306F9)
YUV	61.5090, 92.4331, 32.8796
Hunter-Lab	31.0201, 74.0918, -150.8879

Details

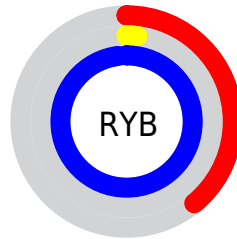
The RGB color **99, 6, 249** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6600FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated purple. A complement of this color would be **156, 249, 6**, and the grayscale version is **61, 61, 61**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **166, 80, 255**, and **0, 0, 191** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 0, 249**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **114, 31, 249**.

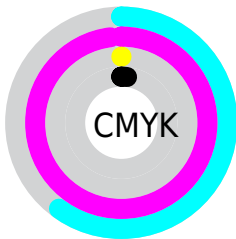
Distribution



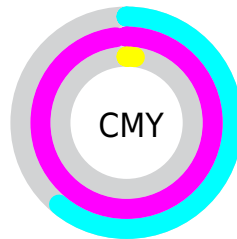
- Red (39%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)






















- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 99, 6, 249 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 99, 6, 249 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 99, 6, 249	 99, 6, 249
 255, 255, 255	 59, 0, 220
 166, 80, 255	 0, 0, 191
 198, 108, 255	 0, 0, 163
 230, 137, 255	 0, 0, 135
 255, 165, 255	 0, 1, 109
 255, 194, 255	 0, 11, 83
 255, 223, 255	 0, 6, 59
 255, 253, 255	 0, 2, 36
	 0, 0, 12

■ 99, 6, 249

■ 99, 6, 249

■ 95, 0, 249

■ 114, 31, 249

■ 130, 56, 249

■ 145, 81, 249

■ 160, 106, 249

■ 176, 131, 249

■ 191, 155, 249

■ 207, 180, 249

■ 222, 205, 249

■ 237, 230, 249

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 98, 255



99, 6, 249



218, 0, 161

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99, 6, 249



160, 49, 0



0, 118, 119

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 6, 249



156, 249, 6

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 115, 0



99, 6, 249



78, 95, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99, 6, 249



218, 0, 0



0, 110, 0



0, 121, 218

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 6, 249



242, 0, 95



0, 110, 0



0, 117, 84

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 6, 249



209, 181, 255



6, 160, 249



100, 83, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 6, 249



98, 0, 255



217, 6, 249



117, 112, 125



72, 0, 189



23, 0, 61

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



249, 6, 156



255, 0, 157



38, 249, 6



125, 112, 120



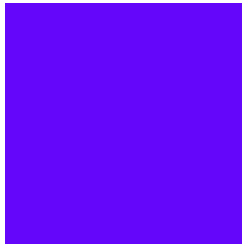
189, 0, 116



61, 0, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 99, 6, 249 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

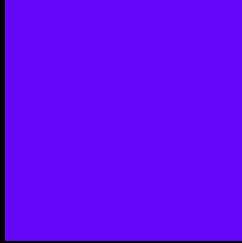
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 99, 6, 249 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

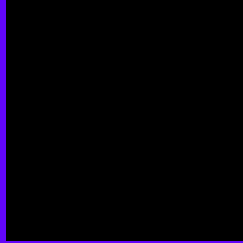
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 99, 6, 249 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 99, 6, 249.

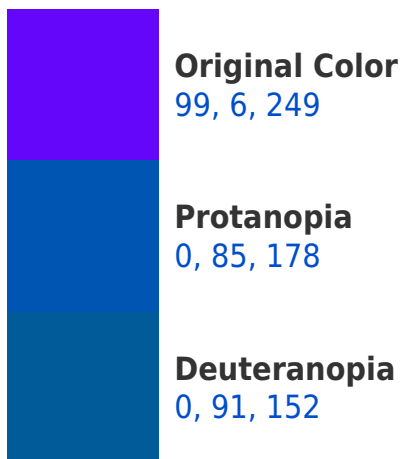


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 99, 6, 249.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
26, 97, 105

Trichromacy



Original Color

99, 6, 249



Protanomaly

36, 56, 204



Deuteranomaly

36, 60, 187



Tritanomaly

53, 64, 157

Monochromacy



Original Color

99, 6, 249



Achromatopsia

62, 62, 62



Achromatomaly

75, 42, 130

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 99, 6, 249 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 6, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 6, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 6, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 6, 249) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 99, 6, 249 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 6, 249) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 6, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 6, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 6, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 6, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 6, 249)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 99, 6, 249 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 6, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 6,  
249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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