

Converting Colors

RGB(99, 97, 107)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(99, 97, 107) contains.

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Color

RGB(99, 97, 107)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	63616B
RGB	99, 97, 107
RGB Percent	39%, 38%, 42%
CMY	0.6118, 0.6196, 0.5804
CMYK	0.07, 0.09, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	252°, 5%, 40%
HSV	252°, 9%, 42%
XYZ	12.0741, 12.2636, 15.6406
YIQ	98.7380, -2.0180, 3.5340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

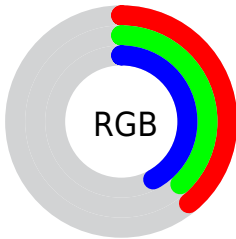
Format	Color
R _Y B	99, 97, 107
Decimal	6513003
CIE Lab	41.63, 2.93, -5.38
CIE LCh	42, 6.127, 298.617
Yxy	12.2636, 0.3020, 0.3068
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284703083 (0xFF63616B)
YUV	98.7380, 4.0732, 0.2298
Hunter-Lab	35.0194, 0.2600, -1.9670

Details

The RGB color **99, 97, 107** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **105, 107, 97**, and the grayscale version is **99, 99, 99**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **150, 148, 158**, and **52, 51, 60** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 86, 107**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **108, 108, 107**.

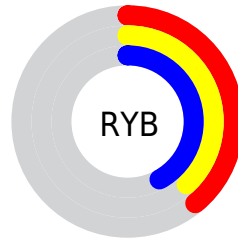
Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (38%)

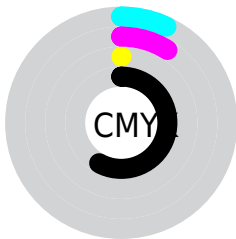
Blue (42%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (42%)

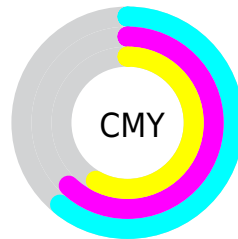


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (61%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 99, 97, 107 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 99, 97, 107 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



99, 97, 107



99, 97, 107

255, 255, 255



75, 73, 83



150, 148, 158



52, 51, 60



176, 174, 185



31, 30, 38



204, 202, 213



7, 4, 17



232, 230, 241



0, 0, 0



99, 97, 107



99, 97, 107



90, 86, 107



108, 108, 107



82, 76, 107



116, 118, 107



73, 65, 107



125, 129, 107

■ 65, 54, 107

■ 133, 140, 107

■ 56, 43, 107

■ 142, 151, 107

■ 48, 33, 107

■ 150, 161, 107

■ 39, 22, 107

■ 159, 172, 107

■ 31, 11, 107

■ 167, 183, 107

■ 22, 1, 107

■ 176, 193, 107

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93, 99, 108



99, 97, 107



105, 96, 104

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99, 97, 107



107, 96, 90



87, 101, 98

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 97, 107



105, 107, 97

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



91, 101, 93



99, 97, 107



103, 98, 88

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99, 97, 107



109, 95, 94



97, 99, 89



86, 101, 103

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 97, 107



107, 95, 100



97, 99, 89



88, 101, 96

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 97, 107



137, 136, 140



97, 105, 107



69, 69, 71



199, 199, 199



71, 71, 71

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 97, 107



128, 125, 140



104, 97, 107



49, 48, 54



23, 0, 117



49, 0, 245

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



107, 97, 105



140, 125, 137



100, 107, 97



54, 48, 52



117, 0, 94



245, 0, 196

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 99, 97, 107 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

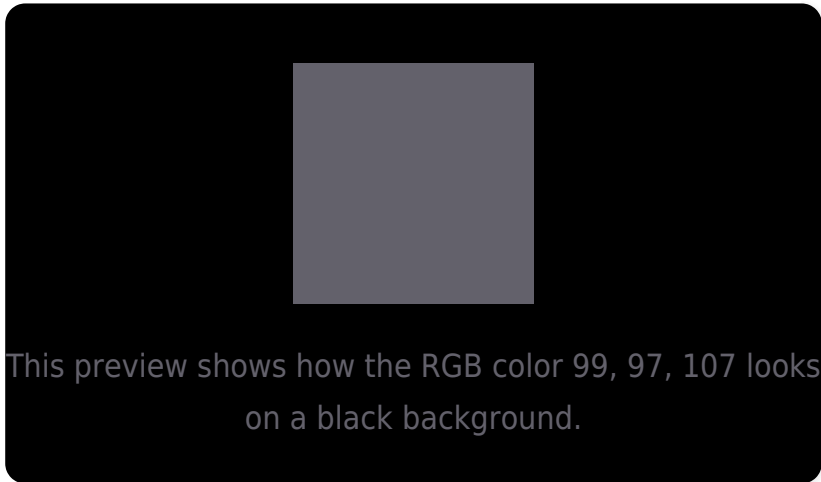
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

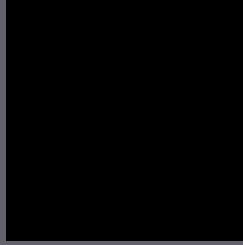
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

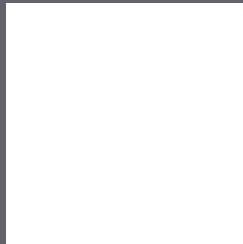
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 99, 97, 107 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 99, 97, 107.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 99, 97, 107.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

[99, 97, 107](#)

Protanopia

[97, 98, 107](#)

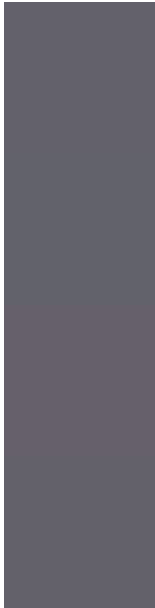
Deuteranopia

[104, 95, 107](#)



Tritanopia
99, 97, 105

Trichromacy



Original Color

99, 97, 107

Protanomaly

98, 98, 107

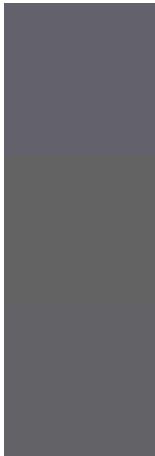
Deuteranomaly

102, 96, 107

Tritanomaly

99, 97, 106

Monochromacy



Original Color

99, 97, 107

Achromatopsia

99, 99, 99

Achromatomaly

99, 98, 102

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 99, 97, 107 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(99, 97, 107) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 97, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 97, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 97, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 99, 97, 107 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 97, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 97, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 97, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 97, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 97, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 97,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 99, 97, 107 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 97, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 97,  
107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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