

Converting Colors

`RYB(0, 102, 32)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(0, 102, 32) contains.

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Color

`RYB(0, 102, 32)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	466600
RGB	70, 102, 0
RGB Percent	27%, 40%, 0%
CMY	0.7255, 0.6000, 1.0000
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 1.00, 0.60
HSL	79°, 100%, 20%
HSV	79°, 100%, 40%
XYZ	7.2772, 10.8048, 1.7020
YIQ	80.8040, 13.6700, -38.5060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

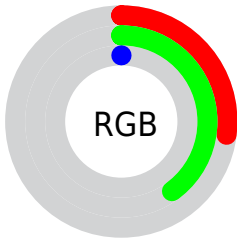
Format	Color
RYB	0, 102, 32
Decimal	4613632
CIELab	39.25, -25.83, 45.25
CIELCh	39, 52.106, 119.720
Yxy	10.8048, 0.3678, 0.5461
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282803712 (0xFF466600)
YUV	80.8040, -39.8364, -9.4751
Hunter-Lab	32.8707, -18.0061, 19.9395

Details

The RYB color **0, 102, 32** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336600**. A complement of this color would be **32, 0, 102**, and the grayscale version is **81, 81, 81**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58, 153, 89**, and **0, 55, 36** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 102, 32**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10, 102, 39**.

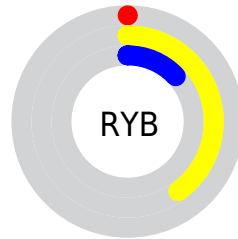
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (40%)

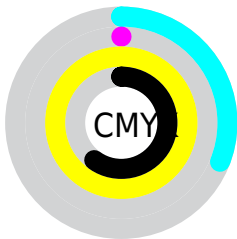
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (13%)

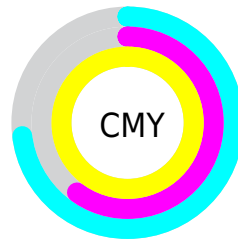


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (73%)


Magenta (60%)


Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 0, 102, 32 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 0, 102, 32 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 0, 102, 32


 0, 102, 32


 247, 255, 247

 0, 78, 33

 58, 153, 89

 0, 55, 36

 83, 180, 114

 0, 34, 34

 109, 208, 140


 0, 0, 0

 136, 236, 167

 163, 255, 184

 190, 255, 190

 219, 255, 219

 0, 102, 32

■ 10, 102, 39

■ 20, 102, 46

■ 31, 102, 53

■ 41, 102, 60

■ 51, 102, 67

■ 61, 102, 74

■ 71, 102, 81

■ 82, 102, 88

■ 92, 102, 95

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27, 112, 0



0, 102, 32



0, 76, 109

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 102, 32



0, 65, 166



165, 46, 95

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 102, 32



32, 0, 102

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



142, 60, 136



0, 102, 32



0, 63, 178

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 102, 32



0, 61, 133



89, 81, 167



164, 54, 53

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 102, 32



0, 66, 111



89, 81, 167



160, 49, 109

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 102, 32



93, 133, 106



102, 45, 0



42, 66, 49



194, 194, 194



66, 66, 66

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 102, 32



0, 133, 42



0, 102, 82



46, 51, 48



0, 115, 36



0, 242, 76

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 0, 102



42, 0, 133



82, 0, 102



48, 46, 51



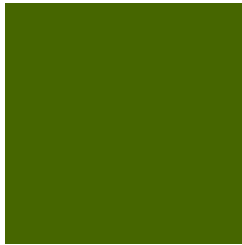
36, 0, 115



76, 0, 242

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 102, 32 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

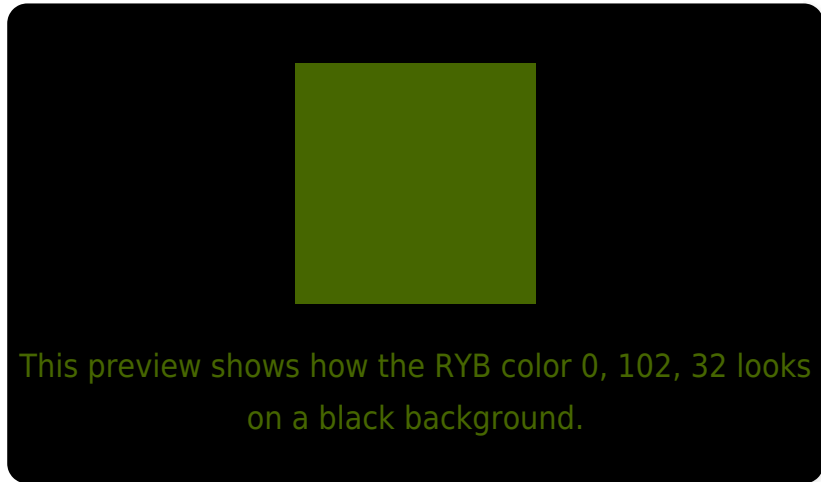
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 0, 102, 32 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 102, 32.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 102, 32.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

0, 102, 32

Protanopia

12, 104, 0

Deuteranopia

58, 116, 19



Tritanopia
80, 89, 102

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 102, 32

Protanomaly

0, 96, 4

Deuteranomaly

18, 99, 12

Tritanomaly

65, 98, 87

Monochromacy



Original Color

0, 102, 32

Achromatopsia

81, 81, 81

Achromatomaly

52, 89, 64

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 0, 102, 32 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(70, 102, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(70, 102, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 102, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(70, 102, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 0, 102, 32 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(70, 102, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(70, 102, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 102, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(70, 102, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 102, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 102, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 70, 102, 32 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(70, 102, 32) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(70, 102,  
32) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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