

Converting Colors

`RYB(0, 105, 49)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(0, 105, 49) contains.

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Color

`RYB(0, 105, 49)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	386900
RGB	56, 105, 0
RGB Percent	22%, 41%, 0%
CMY	0.7804, 0.5882, 1.0000
CMYK	0.47, 0.00, 1.00, 0.59
HSL	88°, 100%, 21%
HSV	88°, 100%, 41%
XYZ	6.6825, 10.9439, 1.7602
YIQ	78.3790, 4.5010, -43.0430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

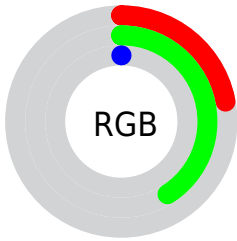
Format	Color
RYB	0, 105, 49
Decimal	3696896
CIELab	39.49, -32.80, 45.09
CIELCh	39, 55.761, 126.029
Yxy	10.9439, 0.3447, 0.5645
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281886976 (0xFF386900)
YUV	78.3790, -38.6408, -19.6264
Hunter-Lab	33.0816, -21.8358, 20.0024

Details

The RYB color **0, 105, 49** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336600**. A complement of this color would be **49, 0, 105**, and the grayscale version is **79, 79, 79**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58, 157, 106**, and **0, 57, 57** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 105, 49**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10, 105, 54**.

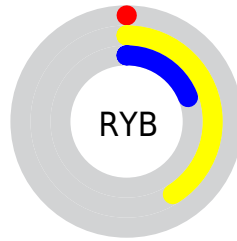
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (41%)

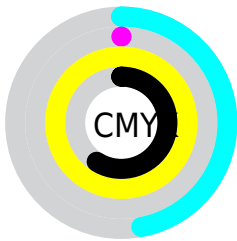
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (19%)

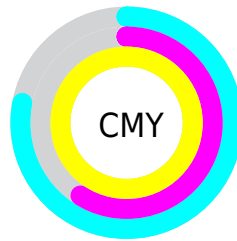


Cyan (47%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (59%)



Cyan (78%)


Magenta (59%)


Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 0, 105, 49 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 0, 105, 49 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 0, 105, 49


 0, 105, 49


 248, 255, 248

 0, 80, 51

 58, 157, 106

 0, 57, 57

 84, 184, 133

 0, 36, 36

 110, 212, 159


 0, 0, 0

 136, 240, 185

 163, 255, 198

 191, 255, 197

 219, 255, 219

 0, 105, 49

- 10, 105, 54
- 21, 105, 60
- 32, 105, 66
- 42, 105, 71
- 53, 105, 77
- 63, 105, 83
- 74, 105, 89
- 84, 105, 94
- 95, 105, 100

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12, 105, 0



0, 105, 49



0, 75, 111

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 105, 49



0, 67, 176



172, 40, 86

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 105, 49



49, 0, 105

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



154, 52, 131



0, 105, 49



0, 63, 184

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 105, 49



0, 63, 146



104, 76, 167



166, 55, 42

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 105, 49



0, 64, 113



104, 76, 167



169, 41, 101

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 105, 49



96, 138, 116



105, 92, 0



44, 69, 56



196, 196, 196



69, 69, 69

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 105, 49



0, 138, 65



0, 105, 102



48, 54, 51



0, 117, 54



0, 245, 114

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 0, 105



64, 0, 138



102, 0, 105



51, 48, 54



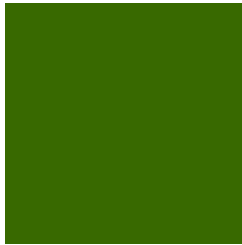
55, 0, 117



114, 0, 245

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 105, 49 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

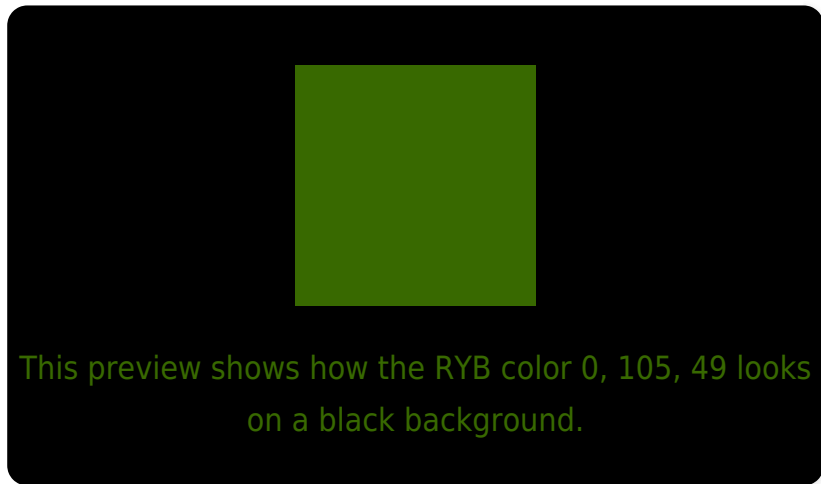
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYP 0, 105, 49 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYP color 0, 105, 49.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYP color 0, 105, 49.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
0, 105, 49

Protanopia
14, 105, 0

Deuteranopia
63, 117, 21



Tritanopia
69, 85, 105

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 105, 49

Protanomaly

0, 97, 10

Deuteranomaly

14, 95, 13

Tritanomaly

64, 98, 101

Monochromacy



Original Color

0, 105, 49

Achromatopsia

78, 78, 78

Achromatomaly

50, 88, 68

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 0, 105, 49 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 105, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 105, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 105, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 105, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 0, 105, 49 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 105, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 105, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 105, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 105, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 105, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 105, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 56, 105, 0 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 105, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 105,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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