

Converting Colors

`RYB(0, 139, 177)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(0, 139, 177) contains.

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Color

RYB(0, 139, 177)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00B130
RGB	0, 177, 48
RGB Percent	0%, 69%, 19%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3059, 0.8102
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.73, 0.31
HSL	136°, 100%, 35%
HSV	136°, 100%, 69%
XYZ	16.2637, 31.6609, 8.0925
YIQ	109.3710, -64.0830, -77.6430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

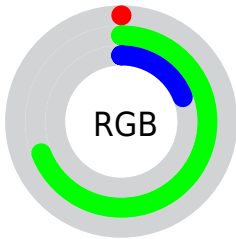
Format	Color
RYB	0, 139, 177
Decimal	45360
CIELab	63.06, -63.20, 52.22
CIELCh	63, 81.983, 140.431
Yxy	31.6609, 0.2903, 0.5652
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278235440 (0xFF00B130)
YUV	109.3710, -30.2559, -95.9184
Hunter-Lab	56.2680, -46.8754, 30.8605

Details

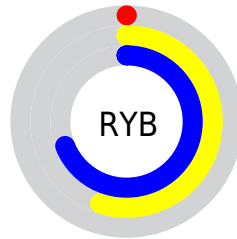
The RYB color **0, 139, 177** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **177, 0, 129**, and the grayscale version is **110, 110, 110**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 228, 234**, and **0, 123, 123** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 139, 177**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18, 143, 177**.

Distribution



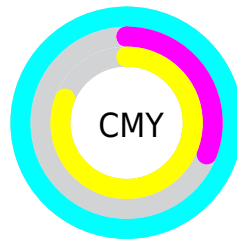
- Red (0%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Black (31%)







- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (81%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 0, 139, 177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 0, 139, 177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 0, 139, 177	 0, 139, 177
255, 255, 255	 0, 135, 149
 96, 228, 234	 0, 123, 123
 127, 253, 255	 0, 96, 96
 156, 255, 253	 0, 71, 71
 184, 255, 251	 0, 48, 48
 213, 255, 250	 0, 19, 19
 242, 255, 248	 0, 0, 0

 0, 139, 177

 18, 143, 177

■ 35, 146, 177

■ 53, 150, 177

■ 71, 154, 177

■ 89, 158, 177

■ 106, 161, 177

■ 124, 166, 177

■ 142, 170, 177

■ 159, 173, 177

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 164, 27



0, 139, 177



0, 108, 183

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 139, 177



0, 101, 255



255, 72, 107

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 139, 177



177, 0, 129

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 70, 179



0, 139, 177



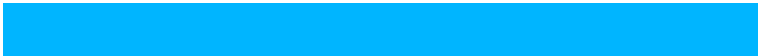
88, 130, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 139, 177



0, 106, 255



215, 107, 247



253, 144, 36

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 139, 177



0, 95, 185



215, 107, 247



255, 65, 130

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 139, 177



161, 216, 230



0, 177, 47



73, 106, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 139, 177



0, 181, 230



0, 100, 177



80, 87, 89



0, 120, 153



0, 20, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



177, 0, 129



230, 0, 167



177, 0, 41



89, 80, 87



153, 0, 111



26, 0, 19

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 139, 177 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

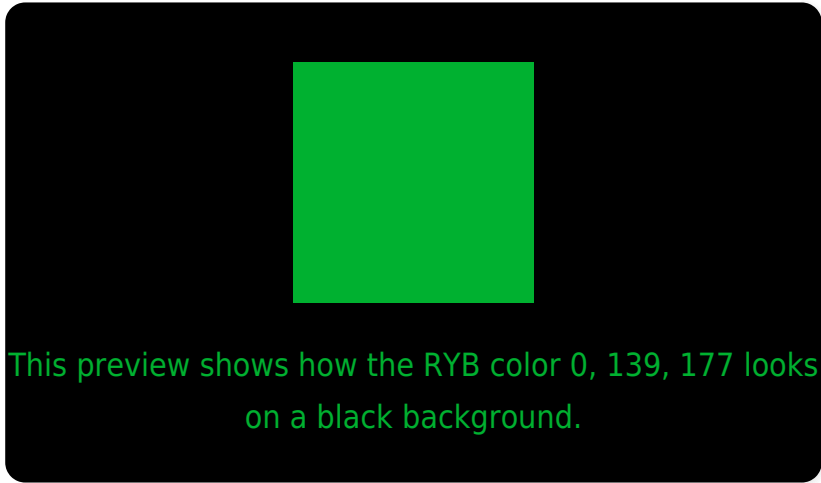
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 0, 139, 177 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 139, 177.

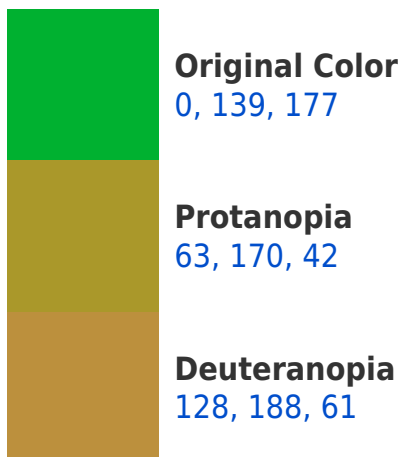


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 139, 177.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
73, 122, 179

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 139, 177



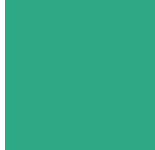
Protanomaly

44, 161, 97



Deuteranomaly

56, 156, 92



Tritanomaly

46, 118, 169

Monochromacy



Original Color

0, 139, 177



Achromatopsia

109, 109, 109



Achromatomaly

69, 120, 134

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 0, 139, 177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 177, 48)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 177, 48)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 177, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 177, 48) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 0, 139, 177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 177, 48) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 177, 48) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 177, 48)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 177, 48); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 177, 48);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 177, 48)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 0, 139, 177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 177, 48) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 177,  
48) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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