

Converting Colors

`RYB(0, 143, 195)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(0, 143, 195) contains.

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Color

RYB(0, 143, 195)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00C347
RGB	0, 195, 71
RGB Percent	0%, 76%, 28%
CMY	1.0000, 0.2353, 0.7219
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.64, 0.24
HSL	142°, 100%, 38%
HSV	142°, 100%, 76%
XYZ	20.6495, 39.4840, 12.4788
YIQ	122.5590, -76.4160, -79.9040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

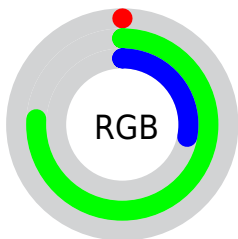
Format	Color
RYB	0, 143, 195
Decimal	49991
CIELab	69.10, -66.23, 49.58
CIELCh	69, 82.732, 143.184
Yxy	39.4840, 0.2844, 0.5438
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278240071 (0xFF00C347)
YUV	122.5590, -25.4186, -107.4842
Hunter-Lab	62.8363, -51.3041, 32.2109

Details

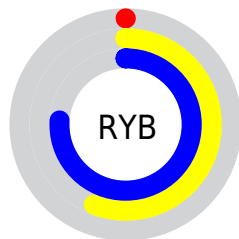
The RYB color **0, 143, 195** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC66**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **195, 0, 124**, and the grayscale version is **123, 123, 123**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 232, 253**, and **0, 129, 140** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 143, 195**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 148, 195**.

Distribution



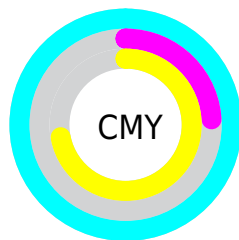
- Red (0%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 0, 143, 195 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 0, 143, 195 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 0, 143, 195

 0, 143, 195


255, 255, 255

 0, 132, 167

 100, 232, 253

 0, 129, 140

 132, 239, 255

 0, 113, 113

 163, 241, 255

 0, 87, 87

 194, 244, 255


 0, 62, 62


 225, 247, 255


 0, 38, 38


 0, 0, 0


 0, 143, 195

 19, 148, 195

 39, 153, 195


 59, 159, 195


 78, 164, 195

 97, 169, 195

 117, 174, 195

 136, 179, 195

 156, 185, 195

 175, 189, 195

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 182, 36



0, 143, 195



0, 115, 201

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 143, 195



0, 107, 255



255, 93, 115

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 143, 195



195, 0, 124

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 87, 189



0, 143, 195



127, 151, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 143, 195



0, 111, 255



241, 119, 255



255, 181, 44

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 143, 195



0, 101, 202



241, 119, 255



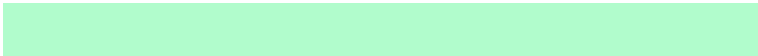
255, 86, 139

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 143, 195



177, 232, 252



0, 195, 68



82, 116, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 143, 195



0, 185, 252



0, 105, 195



87, 94, 97



0, 118, 161



0, 24, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



195, 0, 124



252, 0, 161



195, 0, 29



97, 87, 93



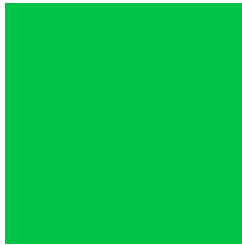
161, 0, 102



33, 0, 21

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 143, 195 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 143, 195 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 0, 143, 195 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 143, 195.

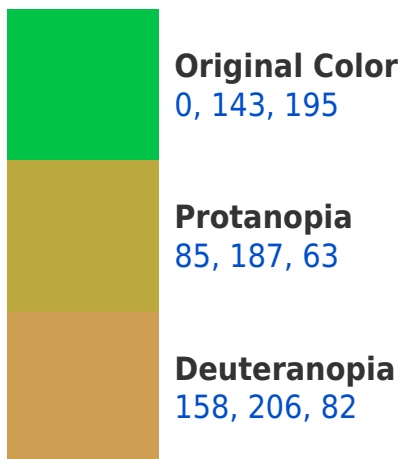


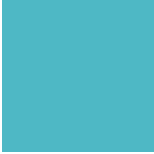
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 143, 195.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
78, 134, 197

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 143, 195



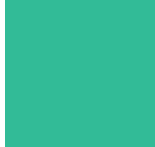
Protanomaly

66, 178, 125



Deuteranomaly

78, 172, 119



Tritanomaly

50, 129, 187

Monochromacy



Original Color

0, 143, 195



Achromatopsia

123, 123, 123



Achromatomaly

78, 130, 149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 0, 143, 195 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 195, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 195, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 195, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 195, 71) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 0, 143, 195 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 195, 71) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 195, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 195, 71)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 195, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 195, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 195, 71)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 0, 143, 195 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 195, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 195,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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