

Converting Colors

`RYB(0, 144, 209)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(0, 144, 209) contains.

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Color

RYB(0, 144, 209)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00D15E
RGB	0, 209, 94
RGB Percent	0%, 82%, 37%
CMY	1.0000, 0.1804, 0.6300
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.55, 0.18
HSL	147°, 100%, 41%
HSV	147°, 100%, 82%
XYZ	24.8362, 46.4152, 18.3199
YIQ	133.3990, -87.6490, -80.0730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

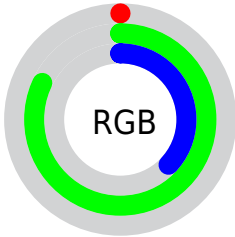
Format	Color
RYB	0, 144, 209
Decimal	53598
CIELab	73.81, -67.47, 44.44
CIELCh	74, 80.792, 146.630
Yxy	46.4152, 0.2773, 0.5182
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278243678 (0xFF00D15E)
YUV	133.3990, -19.4237, -116.9909
Hunter-Lab	68.1287, -54.1535, 31.7469

Details

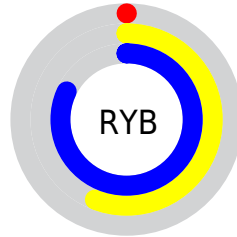
The RYB color **0, 144, 209** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC66**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **209, 0, 115**, and the grayscale version is **134, 134, 134**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **103, 221, 255**, and **0, 120, 153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 144, 209**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21, 150, 209**.

Distribution



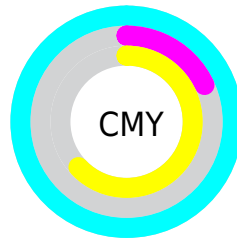
- Red (0%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 0, 144, 209 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 0, 144, 209 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 0, 144, 209

 0, 144, 209

255, 255, 255

 0, 131, 181

 103, 221, 255

 0, 119, 153

 136, 226, 255

 0, 114, 126

 168, 230, 255

 0, 99, 99

 199, 235, 255

 0, 73, 73


 230, 243, 255


 0, 50, 50


 0, 22, 22


 0, 0, 0

 0, 144, 209

 21, 150, 209


 42, 157, 209


 63, 164, 209

 84, 170, 209

 105, 177, 209

 125, 183, 209

 146, 189, 209

 167, 196, 209

 188, 202, 209

Harmonies

Analogous

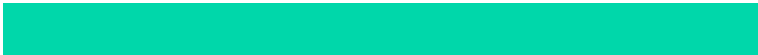
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15, 197, 60



0, 144, 209



0, 120, 215

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 144, 209



0, 110, 255



255, 113, 120

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 144, 209



209, 0, 115

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 104, 193



0, 144, 209



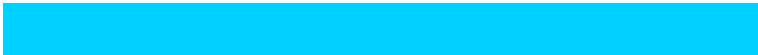
162, 165, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 144, 209



0, 115, 255



255, 130, 255



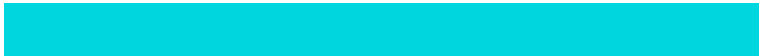
255, 222, 53

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 144, 209



0, 109, 222



255, 130, 255



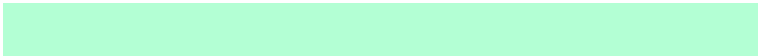
255, 106, 143

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 144, 209



179, 232, 255



0, 209, 94



82, 114, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 144, 209



0, 176, 255



0, 107, 209



94, 102, 105



0, 116, 168



0, 28, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



209, 0, 115



255, 0, 140



209, 0, 10



105, 94, 100



168, 0, 92



41, 0, 22

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 144, 209 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 144, 209 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 0, 144, 209 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 144, 209.

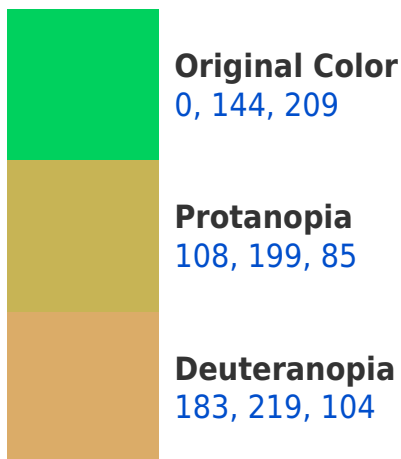


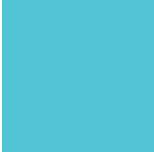
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 144, 209.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
82, 143, 212

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 144, 209



Protanomaly

88, 191, 152



Deuteranomaly

100, 185, 146



Tritanomaly

52, 135, 201

Monochromacy



Original Color

0, 144, 209



Achromatopsia

133, 133, 133



Achromatomaly

85, 138, 161

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 0, 144, 209 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 209, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 209, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 209, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 209, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 0, 144, 209 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 209, 94) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 209, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 209, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 209, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 209, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 209, 94)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 0, 144, 209 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 209, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 209,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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