

Converting Colors

`RYB(0, 171, 171)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(0, 171, 171) contains.

RYB(0, 171, 171)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

`RYB(0, 171, 171)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00AB00
RGB	0, 171, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 67%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3294, 1.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.33
HSL	120°, 100%, 34%
HSV	120°, 100%, 67%
XYZ	14.5629, 29.1258, 4.8543
YIQ	100.3770, -47.0250, -89.4330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

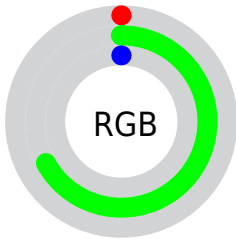
Format	Color
RYB	0, 171, 171
Decimal	43776
CIELab	60.89, -63.88, 61.66
CIELCh	61, 88.783, 136.016
Yxy	29.1258, 0.3000, 0.6000
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278233856 (0xFF00AB00)
YUV	100.3770, -49.4859, -88.0306
Hunter-Lab	53.9683, -46.2779, 32.4449

Details

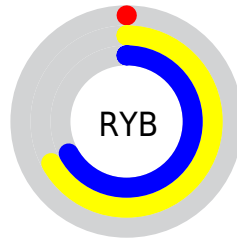
The RYB color **0, 171, 171** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **171, 0, 171**, and the grayscale version is **101, 101, 101**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74, 228, 207**, and **0, 117, 117** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 171, 171**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 171, 171**.

Distribution



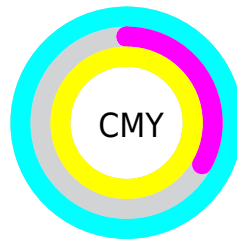
- Red (0%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (33%)



















- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 0, 171, 171 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 0, 171, 171 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 0, 171, 171	 0, 171, 171
255, 255, 255	 0, 144, 144
 74, 228, 207	 0, 117, 117
 102, 255, 230	 0, 91, 91
 129, 255, 226	 0, 66, 66
 157, 255, 224	 0, 42, 42
 186, 255, 223	 0, 6, 6
 214, 255, 220	 0, 0, 0
 244, 255, 244	


 0, 171, 171


 17, 171, 171


 34, 171, 171


 51, 171, 171


 68, 171, 171

 85, 171, 171

 103, 171, 171

 120, 171, 171

 137, 171, 171

 154, 171, 171

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 156, 17



0, 171, 171



0, 112, 178

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 171, 171



0, 101, 255



255, 39, 109

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 171, 171



171, 0, 171

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 49, 187



0, 171, 171



0, 92, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 171, 171



0, 105, 255



200, 102, 255



255, 110, 30

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 171, 171



0, 95, 180



200, 102, 255



255, 29, 135

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 171, 171



155, 222, 222



0, 171, 0



72, 112, 112



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 171, 171



0, 222, 222



0, 114, 171



78, 87, 87



0, 150, 150



0, 23, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



171, 0, 171



222, 0, 222



171, 0, 85



87, 78, 87



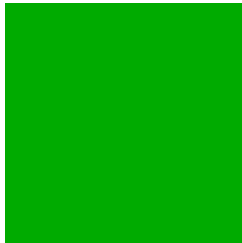
150, 0, 150



23, 0, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 171, 171 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

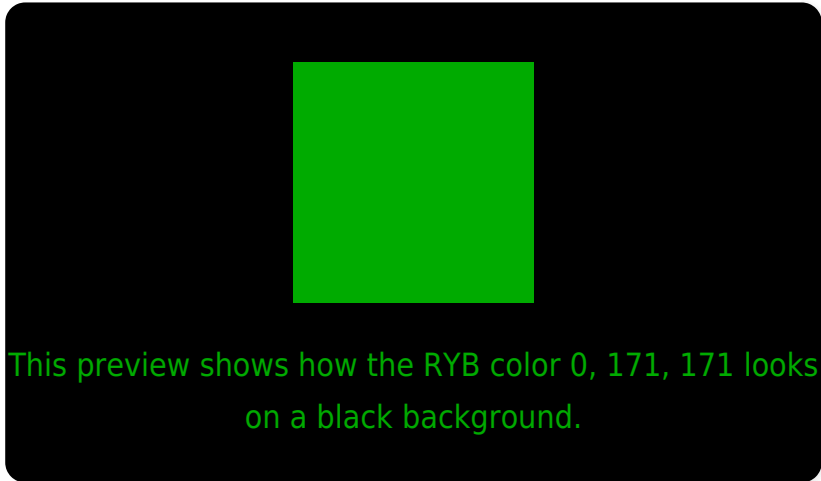
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 0, 171, 171 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 171, 171.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 171, 171.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
0, 171, 171

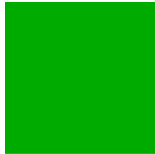
Protanopia
21, 165, 0

Deuteranopia
102, 184, 37



Tritanopia
72, 119, 172

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 171, 171



Protanomaly

0, 155, 50



Deuteranomaly

24, 151, 58



Tritanomaly

46, 122, 163

Monochromacy



Original Color

0, 171, 171



Achromatopsia

100, 100, 100



Achromatomaly

64, 126, 126

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 0, 171, 171 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 171, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 171, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 171, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 171, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 0, 171, 171 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 171, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 171, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 171, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 171, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 171, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 171, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 0, 171, 171 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 171, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 171,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor