

Converting Colors

`RYB(0, 189, 189)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(0, 189, 189) contains.

RYB(0, 189, 189)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RYB(0, 189, 189)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00BD00
RGB	0, 189, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 74%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.2588, 1.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.26
HSL	120°, 100%, 37%
HSV	120°, 100%, 74%
XYZ	18.1976, 36.3952, 6.0659
YIQ	110.9430, -51.9750, -98.8470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

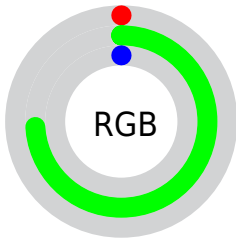
Format	Color
RYB	0, 189, 189
Decimal	48384
CIELab	66.82, -68.81, 66.41
CIELCh	67, 95.628, 136.016
Yxy	36.3952, 0.3000, 0.6000
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278238464 (0xFF00BD00)
YUV	110.9430, -54.6949, -97.2970
Hunter-Lab	60.3284, -51.7316, 36.2684

Details

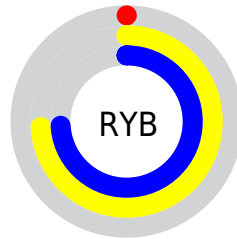
The RYB color **0, 189, 189** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC00**. A complement of this color would be **189, 0, 189**, and the grayscale version is **112, 112, 112**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 247, 224**, and **0, 134, 134** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 189, 189**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 189, 189**.

Distribution



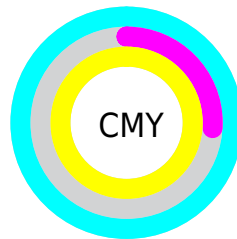
- Red (0%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (26%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 0, 189, 189 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 0, 189, 189 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 0, 189, 189

 0, 189, 189


255, 255, 255

 0, 161, 161


 78, 247, 224

 0, 134, 134

 107, 255, 229

 0, 107, 107

 135, 255, 225

 0, 81, 81

 163, 255, 222

 0, 58, 58

 192, 255, 220


 0, 32, 32


 221, 255, 221


 0, 0, 0


 250, 255, 250


 0, 189, 189


 19, 189, 189


 38, 189, 189


 57, 189, 189


 76, 189, 189

 95, 189, 189

 113, 189, 189

 132, 189, 189

 151, 189, 189

 170, 189, 189

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 173, 19



0, 189, 189



0, 123, 197

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 189, 189



0, 107, 255



255, 44, 121

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 189, 189



189, 0, 189

Split Complementary

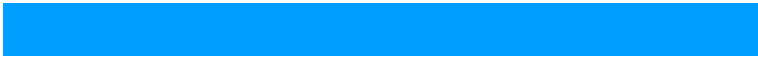
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 55, 207



0, 189, 189



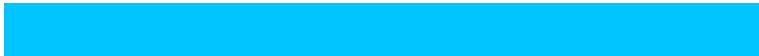
0, 98, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 189, 189



0, 111, 255



221, 113, 255



255, 126, 34

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 189, 189



0, 105, 199



221, 113, 255



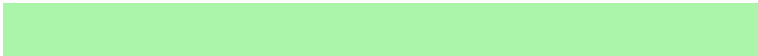
255, 33, 149

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 189, 189



171, 245, 245



0, 189, 0



78, 122, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 189, 189



0, 245, 245



0, 126, 189



85, 94, 94



0, 158, 158



0, 31, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



189, 0, 189



245, 0, 245



189, 0, 95



94, 85, 94



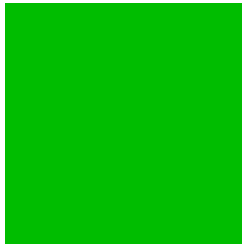
158, 0, 158



31, 0, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 189, 189 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

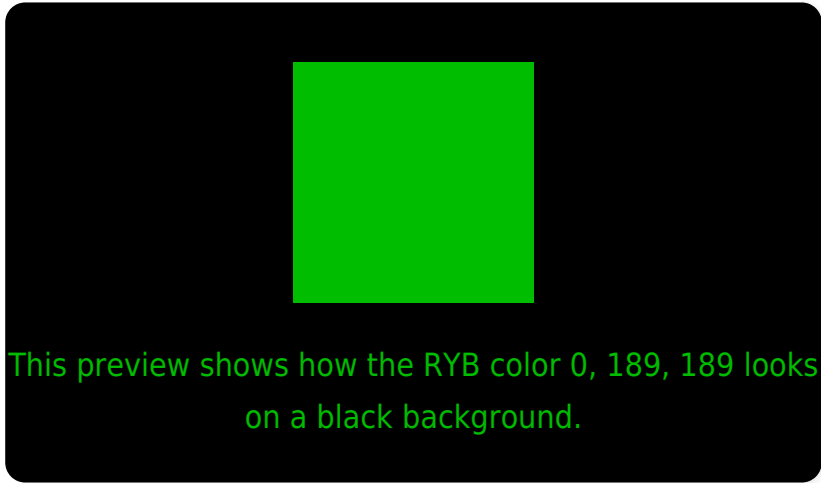
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

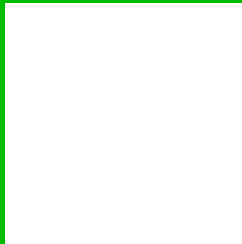
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 0, 189, 189 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 0, 189, 189.

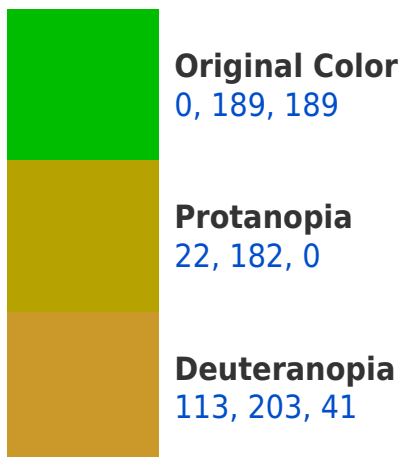


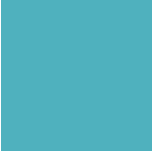
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 0, 189, 189.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

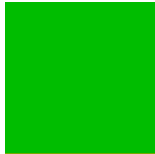
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
79, 131, 190

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 189, 189



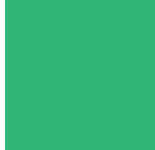
Protanomaly

0, 172, 56



Deuteranomaly

26, 166, 63



Tritanomaly

50, 135, 181

Monochromacy



Original Color

0, 189, 189



Achromatopsia

111, 111, 111



Achromatomaly

71, 139, 139

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 0, 189, 189 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 189, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 189, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 189, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 189, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 0, 189, 189 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 189, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 189, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 189, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 189, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 189, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 189, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 0, 189, 189 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 189, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 189,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor