

Converting Colors

`RYB(0, 199, 29)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(0, 199, 29) contains.

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Color

`RYB(0, 199, 29)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AAC700
RGB	170, 199, 0
RGB Percent	67%, 78%, 0%
CMY	0.3333, 0.2196, 1.0000
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 1.00, 0.22
HSL	69°, 100%, 39%
HSV	69°, 100%, 78%
XYZ	37.0010, 49.3929, 7.5836
YIQ	167.6430, 46.5950, -68.0370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

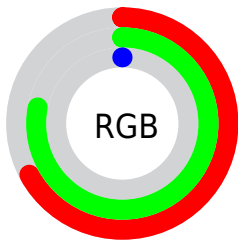
Format	Color
RYB	0, 199, 29
Decimal	11192064
CIELab	75.70, -30.15, 75.81
CIELCh	76, 81.583, 111.690
Yxy	49.3929, 0.3937, 0.5256
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289382144 (0xFFAAC700)
YUV	167.6430, -82.6480, 2.0671
Hunter-Lab	70.2801, -29.0136, 42.7983

Details

The RYB color **0, 199, 29** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC00**. The color can be described as dark washed chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **29, 0, 199**, and the grayscale version is **168, 168, 168**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 255, 109**, and **0, 145, 32** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 199, 29**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20, 199, 46**.

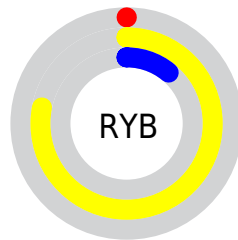
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (78%)

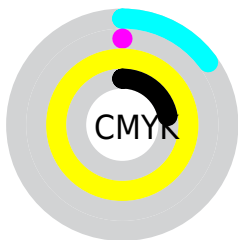
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (78%)

Blue (11%)

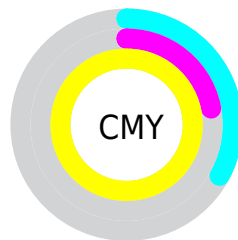


Cyan (15%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 0, 199, 29 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 0, 199, 29 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



0, 199, 29



0, 199, 29

255, 255, 255



0, 172, 31



83, 255, 109



0, 145, 32



112, 255, 112



0, 119, 34



141, 255, 141



0, 95, 39



169, 255, 169



0, 71, 44



199, 255, 199



0, 48, 48



228, 255, 228



0, 28, 28



0, 0, 0



0, 199, 29

■ 20, 199, 46

■ 40, 199, 63

■ 60, 199, 80

■ 80, 199, 97

■ 100, 199, 114

■ 119, 199, 131

■ 139, 199, 148

■ 159, 199, 165

■ 179, 199, 182

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87, 240, 0



0, 199, 29



64, 194, 213

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 199, 29



0, 117, 255



255, 111, 211

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 199, 29



29, 0, 199

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 140, 255



0, 199, 29



0, 113, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 199, 29



0, 115, 240



142, 168, 255



255, 114, 136

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 199, 29



0, 134, 218



142, 168, 255



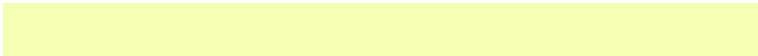
255, 119, 236

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 199, 29



179, 255, 190



199, 31, 0



82, 128, 89



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 199, 29



0, 255, 37



0, 199, 126



90, 99, 91



0, 163, 24



0, 36, 6

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 0, 199



37, 0, 255



126, 0, 199



91, 90, 99



24, 0, 163



5, 0, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 199, 29 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 199, 29 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

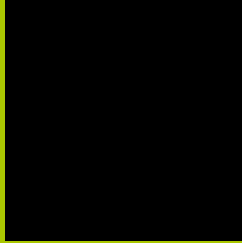
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 0, 199, 29 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 199, 29.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 199, 29.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
0, 199, 29

Protanopia
26, 210, 0

Deuteranopia
116, 235, 34



Tritanopia
186, 185, 200

Trichromacy



Original Color
0, 199, 29

Protanomaly
4, 195, 0

Deuteranomaly
52, 211, 22

Tritanomaly
127, 190, 137

Monochromacy



Original Color
0, 199, 29

Achromatopsia
168, 168, 168

Achromatomaly
107, 179, 117

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 0, 199, 29 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 199, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 199, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 199, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 199, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 0, 199, 29 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 199, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 199, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 199, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 199, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 199, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 199,  
0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 170, 199, 0 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 199, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
199, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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