

Converting Colors

R_{YB}(0, 242, 183)

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(0, 242, 183) contains.

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Color

RYB(0, 242, 183)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3BF200
RGB	59, 242, 0
RGB Percent	23%, 95%, 0%
CMY	0.7686, 0.0510, 1.0000
CMYK	0.76, 0.00, 1.00, 0.05
HSL	105°, 100%, 47%
HSV	105°, 100%, 95%
XYZ	33.5558, 64.4341, 10.6685
YIQ	159.6950, -31.3860, -114.0580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

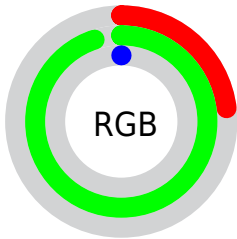
Format	Color
RYB	0, 242, 183
Decimal	3928576
CIELab	84.19, -78.48, 80.54
CIELCh	84, 112.451, 134.256
Yxy	64.4341, 0.3088, 0.5930
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282118656 (0xFF3BF200)
YUV	159.6950, -78.7296, -88.3095
Hunter-Lab	80.2708, -65.8553, 48.3096

Details

The RYB color **0, 242, 183** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33FF00**. The color can be described as dark saturated green. A complement of this color would be **183, 0, 242**, and the grayscale version is **160, 160, 160**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90, 255, 209**, and **0, 184, 184** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 242, 183**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24, 242, 189**.

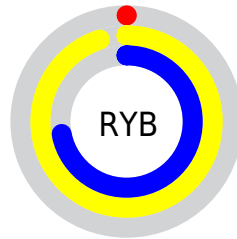
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (95%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (95%)

Blue (72%)

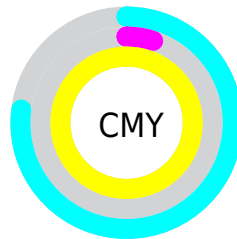


Cyan (76%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 0, 242, 183 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 0, 242, 183 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 0, 242, 183

 0, 242, 183

255, 255, 255

 0, 213, 213

 90, 255, 209

 0, 184, 184

 120, 255, 206

 0, 156, 156

 150, 255, 204

 0, 129, 129

 179, 255, 201

 0, 102, 102

 209, 255, 209

 0, 76, 76

 239, 255, 239

 0, 51, 51

 0, 23, 23

 0, 0, 0

■ 0, 242, 183

■ 24, 242, 189

■ 48, 242, 194

■ 73, 242, 201

■ 97, 242, 207

■ 121, 242, 212

■ 145, 242, 218

■ 169, 242, 224

■ 194, 242, 231

■ 218, 242, 236

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 221, 15



0, 242, 183



0, 159, 252

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 242, 183



0, 123, 255



255, 69, 165

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 242, 183



183, 0, 242

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 87, 255



0, 242, 183



0, 114, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 242, 183



0, 127, 255



255, 154, 255



255, 168, 61

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 242, 183



0, 136, 255



255, 154, 255



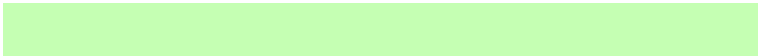
255, 62, 200

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 242, 183



179, 255, 237



82, 242, 0



82, 128, 117



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 242, 183



0, 255, 193



0, 194, 242



108, 120, 117



0, 184, 139



0, 56, 42

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



183, 0, 242



193, 0, 255



242, 0, 181



117, 108, 120



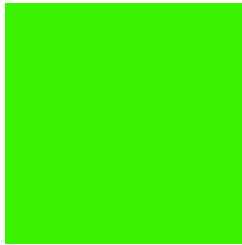
139, 0, 184



42, 0, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 242, 183 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 242, 183 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

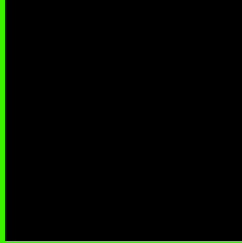
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 0, 242, 183 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 242, 183.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 242, 183.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

0, 242, 183

Protanopia

29, 235, 0

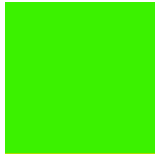
Deuteranopia

181, 255, 95



Tritanopia
115, 174, 243

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 242, 183



Protanomaly

0, 221, 50



Deuteranomaly

60, 215, 91



Tritanomaly

95, 189, 231

Monochromacy



Original Color

0, 242, 183



Achromatopsia

160, 160, 160



Achromatomaly

102, 190, 169

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 0, 242, 183 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 242, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 242, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 242, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 242, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 0, 242, 183 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 242, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 242, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(59, 242, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 242, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 242, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 242, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 0, 242, 183 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 242, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 242,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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