

Converting Colors

`RYB(0, 47, 209)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(0, 47, 209) contains.

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Color

R_YB(0, 47, 209)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003DD1
RGB	0, 61, 209
RGB Percent	0%, 24%, 82%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7622, 0.1804
CMYK	1.00, 0.71, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	223°, 100%, 41%
HSV	223°, 100%, 82%
XYZ	13.1580, 7.9022, 61.1534
YIQ	59.6330, -83.8640, 33.0960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

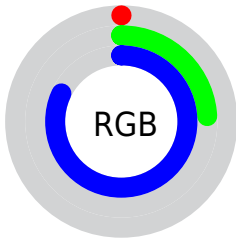
Format	Color
RYB	0, 47, 209
Decimal	15825
CIELab	33.78, 44.09, -79.19
CIELCh	34, 90.636, 299.110
Yxy	7.9022, 0.1600, 0.0961
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278205905 (0xFF003DD1)
YUV	59.6330, 73.6379, -52.2981
Hunter-Lab	28.1108, 34.3575, -109.3042

Details

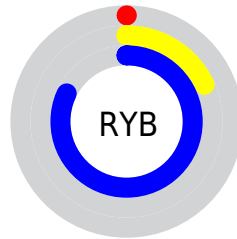
The RYB color **0, 47, 209** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0033CC**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **86, 209, 0**, and the grayscale version is **59, 59, 59**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **104, 109, 255**, and **0, 17, 153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 47, 209**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21, 63, 209**.

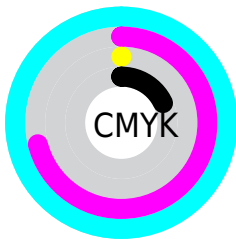
Distribution



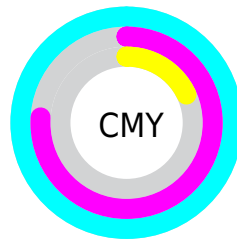
- Red (0%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)




















- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 0, 47, 209 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 0, 47, 209 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 0, 47, 209	 0, 47, 209
 255, 255, 255	 0, 32, 181
 104, 108, 255	 0, 17, 153
 136, 134, 255	 0, 0, 126
 168, 160, 255	 0, 3, 100
 199, 187, 255	 0, 8, 75
 230, 215, 255	 0, 4, 51
 255, 243, 255	 0, 2, 29
	 0, 0, 0

 0, 47, 209

■ 21, 63, 209

■ 42, 79, 209

■ 63, 96, 209

■ 84, 112, 209

■ 105, 128, 209

■ 125, 144, 209

■ 146, 160, 209

■ 167, 176, 209

■ 188, 193, 209

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 66, 228



0, 47, 209



157, 0, 155

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 47, 209



153, 45, 0



0, 60, 104

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 47, 209



86, 209, 0

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 101, 101



0, 47, 209



30, 100, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 47, 209



187, 0, 16



0, 94, 92



0, 62, 149

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 47, 209



186, 0, 109



0, 94, 92



0, 69, 103

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 47, 209



179, 196, 255



0, 123, 209



82, 92, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 47, 209



0, 57, 255



42, 0, 209



94, 96, 105



0, 38, 168



0, 9, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



209, 0, 61



255, 0, 74



0, 209, 42



105, 94, 97



168, 0, 49



41, 0, 12

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 47, 209 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

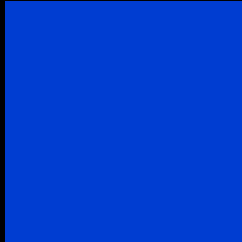
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 47, 209 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 0, 47, 209 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 47, 209.

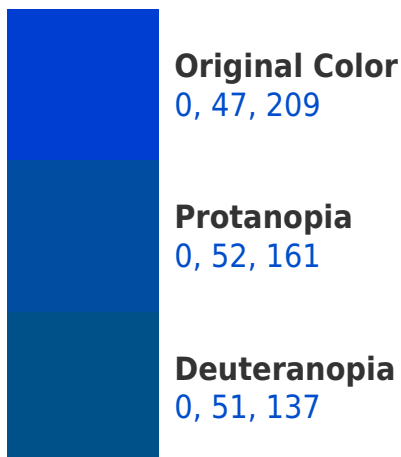



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 47, 209.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
0, 45, 93

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 47, 209

Protanomaly

0, 51, 178

Deuteranomaly

0, 51, 163

Tritanomaly

0, 49, 135

Monochromacy



Original Color

0, 47, 209

Achromatopsia

59, 59, 59

Achromatomaly

38, 55, 114

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 0, 47, 209 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 61, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 61, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 61, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 61, 209) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 0, 47, 209 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 61, 209) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 61, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 61, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 61, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 61, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 61, 209)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 0, 61, 209 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 61, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 61,  
209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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