

Converting Colors

`RYB(0, 50, 150)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(0, 50, 150) contains.

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Color

`RYB(0, 50, 150)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	004B96
RGB	0, 75, 150
RGB Percent	0%, 29%, 59%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7059, 0.4118
CMYK	1.00, 0.50, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	210°, 100%, 29%
HSV	210°, 100%, 59%
XYZ	8.0211, 7.2342, 29.8277
YIQ	61.1250, -68.7750, 7.4250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

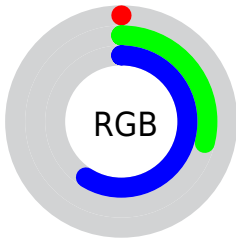
Format	Color
RYB	0, 50, 150
Decimal	19350
CIELab	32.33, 10.98, -46.56
CIELCh	32, 47.834, 283.268
Yxy	7.2342, 0.1779, 0.1605
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278209430 (0xFF004B96)
YUV	61.1250, 43.8154, -53.6066
Hunter-Lab	26.8964, 6.1639, -46.9243

Details

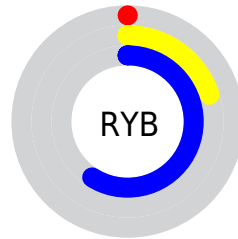
The RYB color **0, 50, 150** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **150, 150, 0**, and the grayscale version is **61, 61, 61**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 113, 205**, and **0, 25, 98** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 50, 150**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15, 60, 150**.

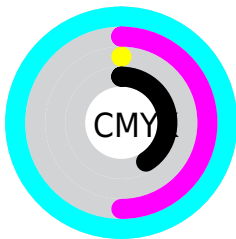
Distribution



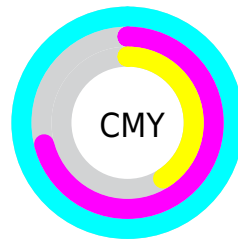
- Red (0%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 0, 50, 150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 0, 50, 150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 0, 50, 150

 0, 50, 150

255, 255, 255

 0, 37, 124

 83, 113, 205


 0, 25, 98

 113, 141, 233

 0, 7, 74

 142, 168, 255

 0, 4, 51

 171, 194, 255

 0, 2, 29

 200, 220, 255

 0, 0, 0

 229, 242, 255

 0, 50, 150

 15, 60, 150

■ 30, 70, 150

■ 45, 80, 150

■ 60, 90, 150

■ 75, 100, 150

■ 90, 110, 150

■ 105, 120, 150

■ 120, 130, 150

■ 135, 140, 150

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 54, 148



0, 50, 150



98, 58, 131

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 50, 150



133, 56, 25



0, 58, 92

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 50, 150



150, 150, 0

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13, 88, 69



0, 50, 150



73, 110, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 50, 150



142, 34, 61



0, 80, 3



0, 47, 93

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 50, 150



124, 44, 111



0, 80, 3



0, 63, 91

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 50, 150



136, 155, 194



0, 100, 150



62, 73, 97



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 50, 150



0, 65, 194



0, 0, 150



67, 69, 74



0, 46, 138



0, 3, 10

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



150, 0, 75



194, 0, 97



0, 150, 0



74, 67, 70



138, 0, 69



10, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 50, 150 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

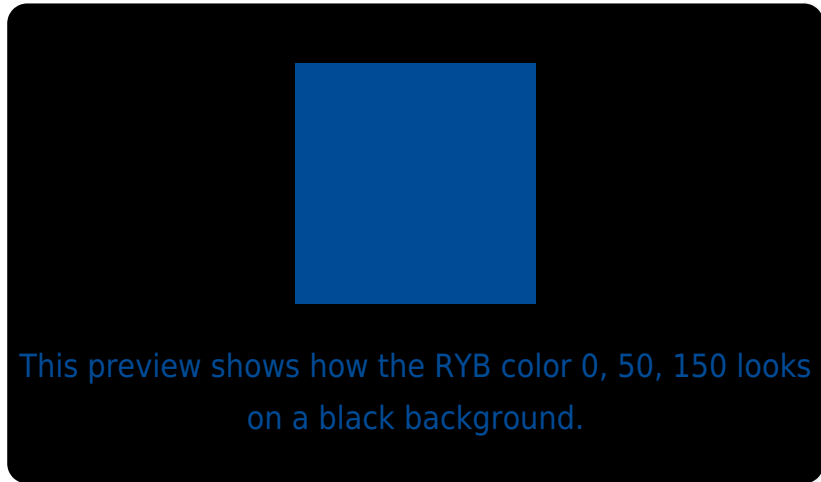
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 0, 50, 150 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 50, 150.

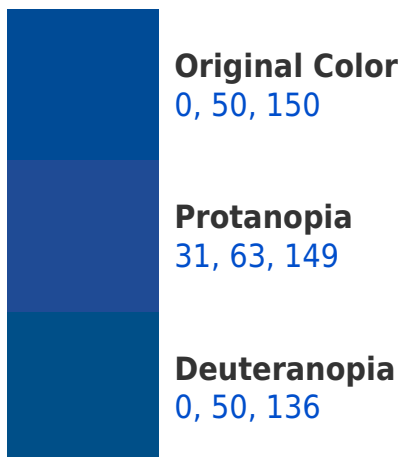



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 50, 150.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
0, 44, 90

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 50, 150

Protanomaly

20, 58, 149

Deuteranomaly

0, 50, 141

Tritanomaly

0, 47, 112

Monochromacy



Original Color

0, 50, 150

Achromatopsia

61, 61, 61

Achromatomaly

39, 57, 93

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 0, 50, 150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 75, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 75, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 75, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 75, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 0, 50, 150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 75, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 75, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 75, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 75, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 75, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 75, 150)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 0, 50, 150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 75, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 75,  
150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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