

Converting Colors

`RYB(0, 69, 192)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(0, 69, 192) contains.

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Color

`RYB(0, 69, 192)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006CC0
RGB	0, 108, 192
RGB Percent	0%, 42%, 75%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5776, 0.2471
CMYK	1.00, 0.44, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	206°, 100%, 38%
HSV	206°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	14.8462, 14.4693, 51.8795
YIQ	85.2840, -91.3320, 3.2280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

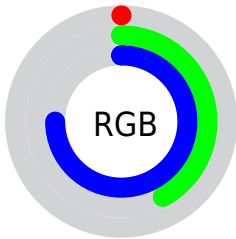
Format	Color
RYB	0, 69, 192
Decimal	27840
CIELab	44.90, 6.78, -51.21
CIELCh	45, 51.659, 277.543
Yxy	14.4693, 0.1828, 0.1782
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278217920 (0xFF006CC0)
YUV	85.2840, 52.6110, -74.7941
Hunter-Lab	38.0385, 3.1001, -54.2369

Details

The RYB color **0, 69, 192** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **192, 149, 0**, and the grayscale version is **85, 85, 85**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 140, 249**, and **0, 43, 138** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 69, 192**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 81, 192**.

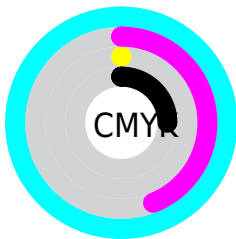
Distribution



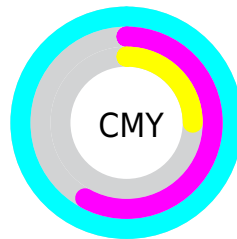
- Red (0%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 0, 69, 192 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 0, 69, 192 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 0, 69, 192

 0, 69, 192

255, 255, 255

 0, 56, 165


 95, 140, 249

 0, 42, 138

 127, 167, 255

 0, 30, 112

 157, 193, 255

 0, 17, 87

 187, 217, 255

 0, 5, 63

 217, 236, 255

 0, 3, 40

 248, 252, 255

 0, 1, 18

 0, 0, 0

 0, 69, 192

■ 19, 81, 192

■ 38, 94, 192

■ 58, 106, 192

■ 77, 118, 192

■ 96, 131, 192

■ 115, 143, 192

■ 134, 155, 192

■ 154, 168, 192

■ 173, 180, 192

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 73, 186



0, 69, 192



121, 90, 175

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 69, 192



177, 77, 56



0, 79, 124

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 69, 192



192, 149, 0

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31, 118, 78



0, 69, 192



133, 153, 20

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 69, 192



183, 63, 97



10, 117, 0



0, 66, 126

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 69, 192



155, 77, 153



10, 117, 0



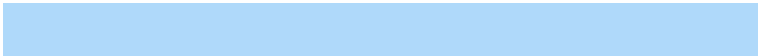
15, 93, 123

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 69, 192



175, 202, 250



0, 134, 192



80, 96, 125



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 69, 192



0, 90, 250



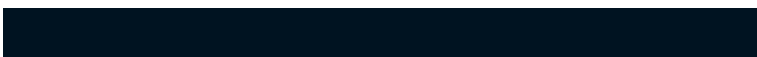
0, 12, 192



87, 91, 97



0, 58, 161



0, 12, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



192, 0, 108



250, 0, 140



14, 192, 0



97, 87, 93



161, 0, 90



33, 0, 19

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 69, 192 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 69, 192 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 0, 69, 192 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 69, 192.

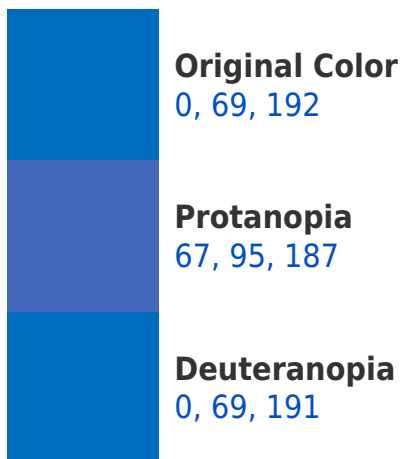


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 69, 192.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
0, 61, 126

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 69, 192

Protanomaly

43, 87, 189

Deuteranomaly

0, 69, 191

Tritanomaly

0, 65, 150

Monochromacy



Original Color

0, 69, 192

Achromatopsia

85, 85, 85

Achromatomaly

54, 79, 124

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 0, 69, 192 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 108, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 108, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 108, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 108, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 0, 69, 192 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 108, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 108, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 108, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 108, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 108, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 108,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 0, 69, 192 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 108, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 108,  
192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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