

Converting Colors

`RYB(0, 72, 159)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(0, 72, 159) contains.

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Color

`RYB(0, 72, 159)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00849F
RGB	0, 132, 159
RGB Percent	0%, 52%, 62%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4840, 0.3765
CMYK	1.00, 0.17, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	190°, 100%, 31%
HSV	190°, 100%, 62%
XYZ	14.4533, 18.8937, 35.6860
YIQ	95.6100, -87.3390, -19.5870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

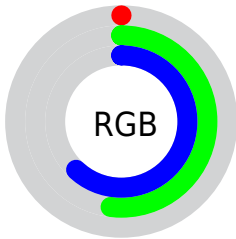
Format	Color
RYB	0, 72, 159
Decimal	33951
CIELab	50.56, -20.03, -23.13
CIELCh	51, 30.597, 229.108
Yxy	18.8937, 0.2094, 0.2737
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278224031 (0xFF00849F)
YUV	95.6100, 31.2513, -83.8500
Hunter-Lab	43.4669, -16.7137, -18.2498

Details

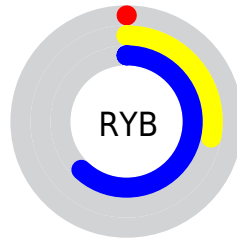
The RYB color **0, 72, 159** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. A complement of this color would be **159, 33, 0**, and the grayscale version is **95, 95, 95**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 143, 214**, and **0, 46, 107** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 72, 159**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16, 81, 159**.

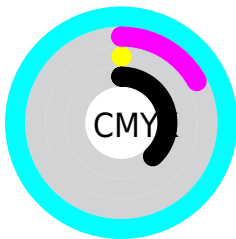
Distribution



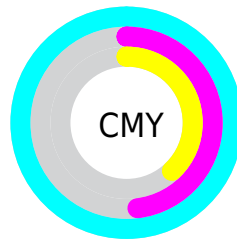
- Red (0%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 0, 72, 159 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 0, 72, 159 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 0, 72, 159

 0, 72, 159


255, 255, 255

 0, 59, 133


 88, 143, 214

 0, 46, 107

 119, 172, 242

 0, 34, 83

 148, 198, 255

 0, 23, 60

 178, 217, 255

 0, 5, 38

 207, 231, 255

 0, 1, 16

 237, 246, 255

 0, 0, 0

 0, 72, 159

 16, 81, 159

■ 32, 89, 159

■ 48, 98, 159

■ 64, 107, 159

■ 80, 116, 159

■ 95, 124, 159

■ 111, 133, 159

■ 127, 142, 159

■ 143, 150, 159

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



3, 69, 137



0, 72, 159



64, 103, 171

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 72, 159



165, 101, 131



70, 124, 73

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 72, 159



159, 33, 0

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



118, 146, 69



0, 72, 159



171, 101, 105

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 72, 159



144, 108, 155



164, 118, 82



85, 130, 124

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 72, 159



95, 114, 172



164, 118, 82



79, 130, 68

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 72, 159



145, 173, 207



0, 137, 159



67, 84, 105



232, 232, 232



105, 105, 105

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 72, 159



0, 94, 207



0, 40, 159



71, 75, 79



0, 65, 143



0, 7, 15

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



159, 0, 132



207, 0, 171



80, 159, 0



79, 71, 78



143, 0, 118



15, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 72, 159 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 72, 159 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

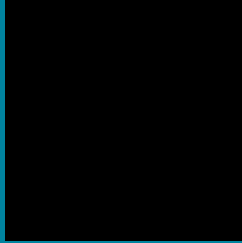
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 0, 72, 159 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 72, 159.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 72, 159.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





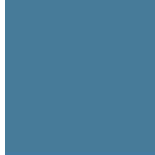
Tritanopia
0, 69, 144

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 72, 159



Protanomaly

71, 103, 153



Deuteranomaly

69, 103, 161



Tritanomaly

0, 70, 149

Monochromacy



Original Color

0, 72, 159



Achromatopsia

95, 95, 95



Achromatomaly

60, 86, 118

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 0, 72, 159 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 132, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 132, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 132, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 132, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 0, 72, 159 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 132, 159) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 132, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 132, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 132, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 132, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 132,  
159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 0, 72, 159 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 132, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 132,  
159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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