

Converting Colors

`RYB(0, 76, 255)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(0, 76, 255) contains.

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Color

R_YB(0, 76, 255)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006CFF
RGB	0, 108, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 42%, 100%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5754, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.58, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	215°, 100%, 50%
HSV	215°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	23.4409, 18.0018, 96.8470
YIQ	92.4660, -111.5550, 22.8210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _{YB}	0, 76, 255
Decimal	27903
CIE _{Lab}	49.50, 31.24, -79.41
CIE _{LCh}	49, 85.335, 291.471
Yxy	18.0018, 0.1695, 0.1302
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278217983 (0xFF006CFF)
YUV	92.4660, 80.1293, -81.0927
Hunter-Lab	42.4285, 24.3678, -105.6349

Details

The RYB color **0, 76, 255** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **187, 255, 0**, and the grayscale version is **92, 92, 92**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **114, 148, 255**, and **0, 47, 197** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 76, 255**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25, 94, 255**.

Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 0, 76, 255 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 0, 76, 255 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 0, 76, 255

255, 255, 255

 114, 148, 255

 148, 176, 255

 181, 203, 255

 213, 230, 255

 245, 250, 255


 0, 76, 255


 0, 62, 226

 0, 47, 197

 0, 34, 169

 0, 21, 142

 0, 0, 115

 0, 11, 89

 0, 6, 65

 0, 3, 42

 0, 1, 20

■ 0, 76, 255

■ 25, 94, 255

■ 51, 112, 255

■ 77, 130, 255

■ 102, 148, 255

■ 128, 166, 255

■ 153, 183, 255

■ 179, 202, 255

■ 204, 219, 255

■ 230, 237, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 88, 255



0, 76, 255



181, 63, 209

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 76, 255



210, 103, 0



0, 89, 146

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 76, 255



187, 255, 0

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 141, 141



0, 76, 255



79, 161, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 76, 255



238, 0, 70



0, 129, 35



0, 79, 169

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 76, 255



220, 0, 165



0, 129, 35



0, 99, 145

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 76, 255



179, 202, 255



0, 163, 255



82, 95, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 76, 255



17, 0, 255



115, 119, 128



0, 57, 191



0, 19, 64

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



255, 0, 108



0, 255, 17



128, 115, 120



191, 0, 81



64, 0, 27

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 76, 255 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

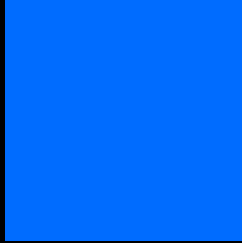
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 76, 255 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

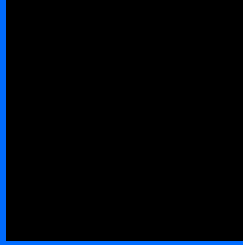
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

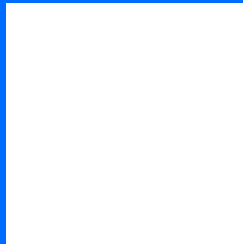
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 0, 76, 255 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 76, 255.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 76, 255.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

0, 76, 255

Protanopia

0, 77, 239

Deuteranopia

0, 76, 205



Tritanopia
0, 67, 138

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 76, 255

Protanomaly

0, 76, 245

Deuteranomaly

0, 76, 223

Tritanomaly

0, 73, 181

Monochromacy



Original Color

0, 76, 255

Achromatopsia

93, 93, 93

Achromatomaly

59, 87, 152

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 0, 76, 255 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 108, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 108, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 108, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 108, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 0, 76, 255 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 108, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 108, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 108, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 108, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 108, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 108,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 0, 76, 255 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 108, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 108,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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