

# Converting Colors

`RYB(0, 91, 245)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(0, 91, 245) contains.

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# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(0, 91, 245)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0091F5
RGB	0, 145, 245
RGB Percent	0%, 57%, 96%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4323, 0.0392
CMYK	1.00, 0.41, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	205°, 100%, 48%
HSV	205°, 100%, 96%
XYZ	26.5721, 26.7740, 90.1536
YIQ	113.0450, -118.5200, 0.3600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

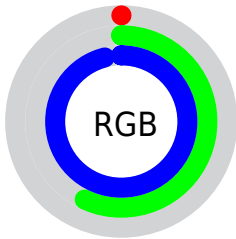
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	0, 91, 245
Decimal	37365
CIE Lab	58.76, 4.68, -58.90
CIE LCh	59, 59.085, 274.541
Yxy	26.7740, 0.1852, 0.1866
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278227445 (0xFF0091F5)
YUV	113.0450, 65.0538, -99.1405
Hunter-Lab	51.7436, 1.1147, -67.0813

# Details

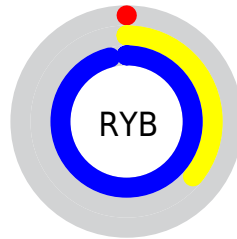
The RYB color **0, 91, 245** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as middle saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **245, 169, 0**, and the grayscale version is **112, 112, 112**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **109, 164, 255**, and **0, 63, 188** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 91, 245**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24, 106, 245**.

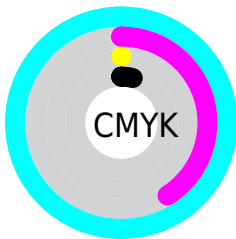
# Distribution



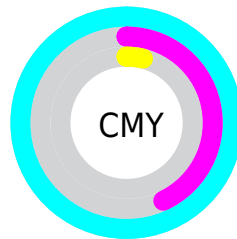
- Red (0%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)




















- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (4%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RYB color 0, 91, 245 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 0, 91, 245 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 0, 91, 245	 0, 91, 245
 255, 255, 255	 0, 77, 216
 109, 164, 255	 0, 63, 188
 143, 191, 255	 0, 50, 161
 175, 215, 255	 0, 37, 134
 207, 231, 255	 0, 24, 108
 239, 247, 255	 0, 10, 83
	 0, 5, 59
	 0, 2, 36
	 0, 0, 12

 0, 91, 245

 24, 106, 245


 49, 122, 245

 74, 137, 245

 98, 153, 245

 123, 168, 245

 147, 183, 245

 171, 199, 245

 196, 214, 245

 221, 230, 245

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 94, 235



0, 91, 245



153, 124, 227

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 91, 245



229, 103, 85



0, 103, 163

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 91, 245



245, 169, 0

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48, 155, 96



0, 91, 245



203, 197, 44

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 91, 245



234, 91, 136



46, 161, 23



0, 88, 166

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 91, 245



195, 109, 202



46, 161, 23



55, 142, 161

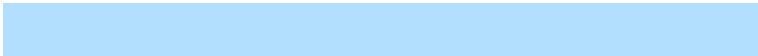


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 91, 245



179, 207, 255



0, 175, 245



82, 99, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

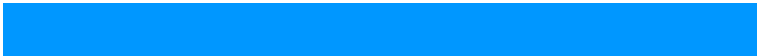


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 91, 245



0, 95, 255



0, 22, 245



110, 114, 122



0, 69, 186



0, 22, 59



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



245, 0, 145



255, 0, 151



28, 245, 0



122, 110, 117



186, 0, 110



59, 0, 35



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 91, 245 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

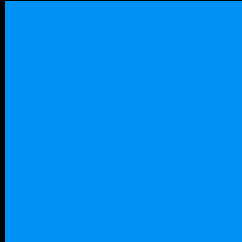
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 91, 245 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## R Y B 0, 91, 245 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 91, 245.

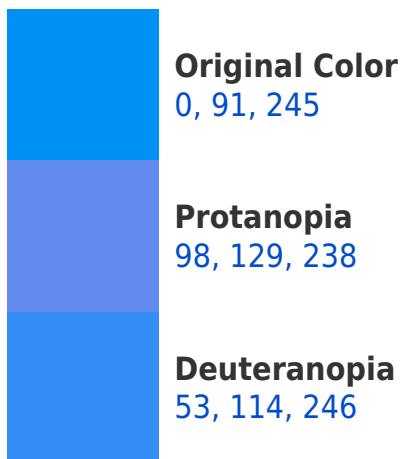


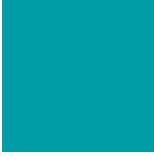
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 91, 245.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
0, 81, 167

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
0, 91, 245

**Protanomaly**  
62, 116, 241

**Deuteranomaly**  
34, 106, 246

**Tritanomaly**  
0, 85, 195

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
0, 91, 245

**Achromatopsia**  
113, 113, 113

**Achromatomaly**  
72, 105, 161

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 0, 91, 245 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 145, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 145, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 145, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 145, 245) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 0, 91, 245 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 145, 245) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 145, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 145, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 145, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 145, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 145,  
245) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 0, 91, 245 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 145, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 145,  
245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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