

Converting Colors

`RYB(0, 92, 186)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(0, 92, 186) contains.

RYB(0, 92, 186)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(0, 92, 186)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00B6BA
RGB	0, 182, 186
RGB Percent	0%, 71%, 73%
CMY	1.0000, 0.2861, 0.2706
CMYK	1.00, 0.02, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	181°, 100%, 36%
HSV	181°, 100%, 73%
XYZ	25.5996, 37.0185, 52.2504
YIQ	128.0380, -109.7560, -37.3400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

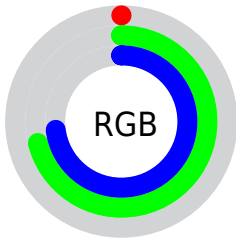
Format	Color
RYB	0, 92, 186
Decimal	46778
CIELab	67.29, -36.11, -12.98
CIELCh	67, 38.373, 199.765
Yxy	37.0185, 0.2229, 0.3223
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278236858 (0xFF00B6BA)
YUV	128.0380, 28.5753, -112.2893
Hunter-Lab	60.8428, -31.3712, -8.3269

Details

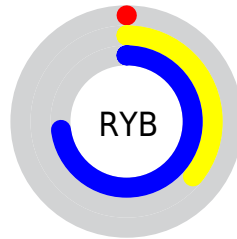
The RYB color **0, 92, 186** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **186, 4, 0**, and the grayscale version is **128, 128, 128**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 170, 242**, and **0, 65, 133** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 92, 186**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 101, 186**.

Distribution



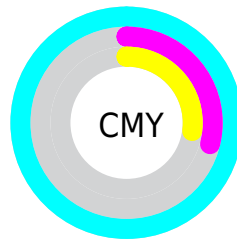
- Red (0%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 0, 92, 186 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 0, 92, 186 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 0, 92, 186	 0, 92, 186
 255, 255, 255	 0, 78, 159
 100, 170, 242	 0, 65, 133
 133, 194, 255	 0, 53, 108
 164, 210, 255	 0, 40, 84
 195, 225, 255	 0, 28, 60
 225, 240, 255	 0, 18, 39
	 0, 1, 18
	 0, 0, 0

 0, 92, 186

■ 19, 101, 186

■ 37, 111, 186

■ 56, 120, 186

■ 74, 129, 186

■ 93, 139, 186

■ 112, 148, 186

■ 130, 158, 186

■ 149, 167, 186

■ 167, 177, 186

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77, 138, 181



0, 92, 186



1, 98, 216

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 92, 186



196, 147, 209



160, 197, 96

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 92, 186



186, 4, 0

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



221, 161, 112



0, 92, 186



223, 138, 177

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 92, 186



150, 158, 229



231, 138, 142



97, 169, 103

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 92, 186



67, 131, 228



231, 138, 142



200, 206, 99

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 92, 186



170, 206, 242



0, 183, 186



78, 100, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 92, 186



0, 120, 242



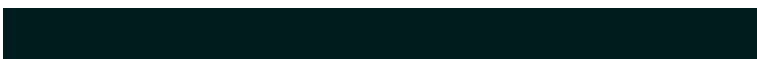
0, 61, 186



83, 88, 92



0, 77, 156



0, 14, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



186, 0, 182



242, 0, 237



174, 186, 0



92, 83, 92



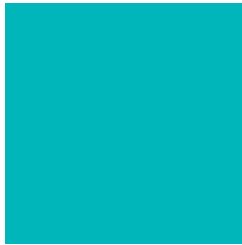
156, 0, 152



28, 0, 27

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 92, 186 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 92, 186 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 0, 92, 186 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 92, 186.

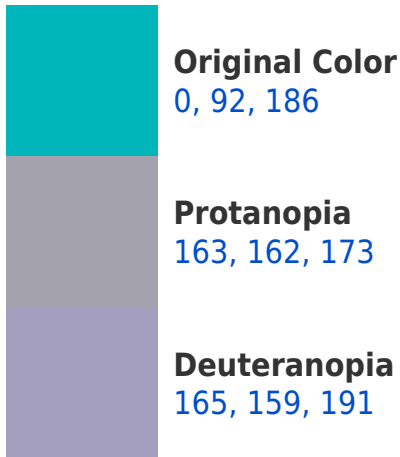


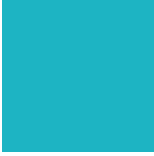
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 92, 186.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
29, 108, 195

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 92, 186



Protanomaly

104, 139, 178



Deuteranomaly

105, 141, 189



Tritanomaly

18, 102, 192

Monochromacy



Original Color

0, 92, 186



Achromatopsia

128, 128, 128



Achromatomaly

81, 115, 149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 0, 92, 186 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 182, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 182, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 182, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 182, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 0, 92, 186 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 182, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 182, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 182, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 182, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 182, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 182,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 0, 92, 186 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 182, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 182,  
186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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