

Converting Colors

`RYB(0, 97, 236)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(0, 97, 236) contains.

RYB(0, 97, 236)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

`RYB(0, 97, 236)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00A5EC
RGB	0, 165, 236
RGB Percent	0%, 65%, 93%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3542, 0.0745
CMYK	1.00, 0.30, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	198°, 100%, 46%
HSV	198°, 100%, 93%
XYZ	28.5397, 32.8549, 84.1943
YIQ	123.7590, -121.1310, -12.8990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

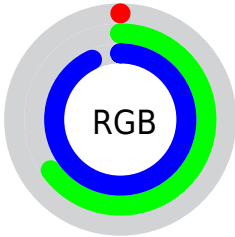
Format	Color
RYB	0, 97, 236
Decimal	42476
CIELab	64.04, -10.20, -45.57
CIELCh	64, 46.693, 257.385
Yxy	32.8549, 0.1960, 0.2257
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278232556 (0xFF00A5EC)
YUV	123.7590, 55.3348, -108.5366
Hunter-Lab	57.3192, -11.4320, -46.9657

Details

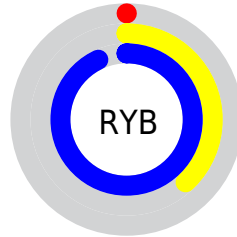
The RYB color **0, 97, 236** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **236, 102, 0**, and the grayscale version is **123, 123, 123**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **108, 172, 255**, and **0, 69, 180** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 97, 236**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24, 111, 236**.

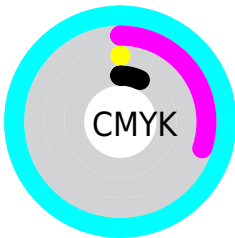
Distribution



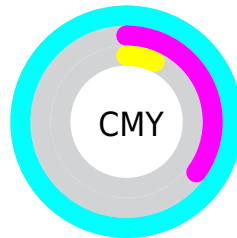
- Red (0%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 0, 97, 236 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 0, 97, 236 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 0, 97, 236


 0, 97, 236

255, 255, 255

 0, 83, 208

 108, 172, 255

 0, 69, 180


 141, 196, 255

 0, 56, 153


 173, 214, 255

 0, 43, 126

 205, 230, 255

 0, 31, 101

 236, 246, 255

 0, 19, 76

 0, 5, 53

 0, 2, 31

 0, 0, 2

■ 0, 97, 236

■ 24, 111, 236

■ 47, 125, 236

■ 71, 139, 236

■ 94, 152, 236

■ 118, 166, 236

■ 142, 180, 236

■ 165, 194, 236

■ 189, 208, 236

■ 212, 222, 236

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 96, 215



0, 97, 236



130, 148, 235

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0, 97, 236



234, 121, 133



97, 170, 158

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0, 97, 236



236, 102, 0

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73, 160, 77



0, 97, 236



223, 146, 96

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0, 97, 236



224, 122, 175



151, 195, 72



33, 115, 175

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0, 97, 236



172, 140, 222



151, 195, 72



87, 167, 128

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0, 97, 236



179, 210, 255



0, 181, 236



82, 101, 128



0, 0, 0



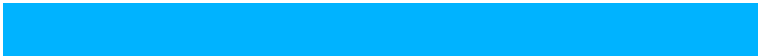
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0, 97, 236



0, 105, 255



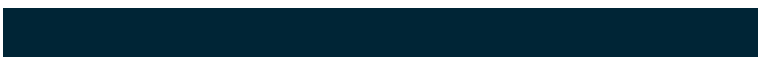
0, 39, 236



106, 111, 117



0, 74, 181



0, 22, 54

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



236, 0, 165



255, 0, 178



59, 236, 0



117, 106, 114



181, 0, 126



54, 0, 37

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 97, 236 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 0, 97, 236 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

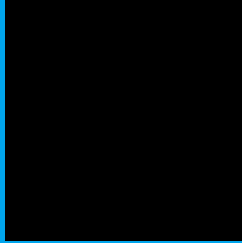
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

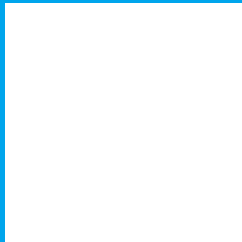
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 0, 97, 236 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 97, 236.

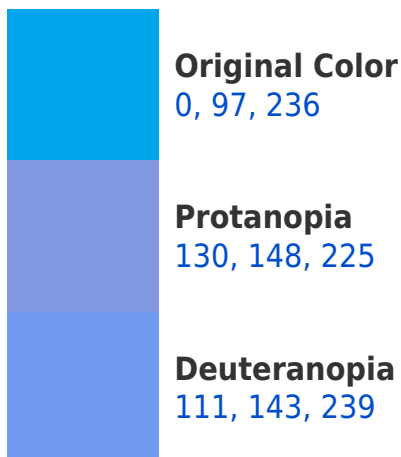


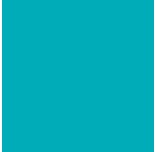
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 0, 97, 236.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

0, 89, 184

Trichromacy



Original Color

0, 97, 236



Protanomaly

83, 132, 229



Deuteranomaly

71, 128, 238



Tritanomaly

0, 92, 203

Monochromacy



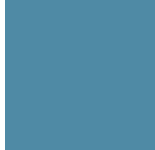
Original Color

0, 97, 236



Achromatopsia

124, 124, 124



Achromatomaly

79, 114, 165

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 0, 97, 236 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 165, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 165, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 165, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 165, 236) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 0, 97, 236 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 165, 236) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 165, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 165, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 165, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 165, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 165,  
236) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 0, 97, 236 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 165, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 165,  
236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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