

Converting Colors

`RYB(100, 0, 235)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(100, 0, 235) contains.

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Color

R_YB(100, 0, 235)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6400EB
RGB	100, 0, 235
RGB Percent	39%, 0%, 92%
CMY	0.6078, 1.0000, 0.0784
CMYK	0.57, 1.00, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	266°, 100%, 46%
HSV	266°, 100%, 92%
XYZ	20.2509, 8.7075, 79.2106
YIQ	56.6900, -15.8350, 94.2850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

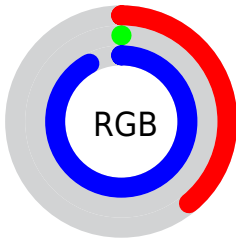
Format	Color
R_{YB}	100, 0, 235
Decimal	6553835
CIE _{Lab}	35.41, 77.02, -91.23
CIE _{LCh}	35, 119.392, 310.172
Yxy	8.7075, 0.1872, 0.0805
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284743915 (0xFF6400EB)
YUV	56.6900, 87.9068, 37.9829
Hunter-Lab	29.5084, 70.8604, -138.4985

Details

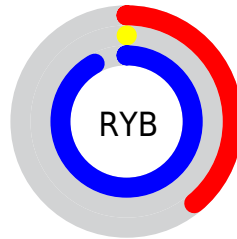
The RYB color **100, 0, 235** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6600FF**. The color can be described as dark washed purple. A complement of this color would be **0, 235, 100**, and the grayscale version is **56, 56, 56**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **165, 77, 255**, and **0, 0, 177** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **100, 0, 235**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **114, 23, 235**.

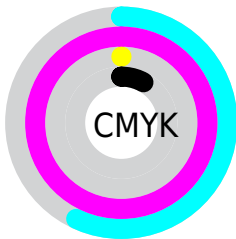
Distribution



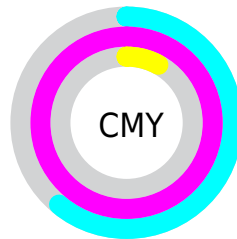
- Red (39%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 100, 0, 235 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 100, 0, 235 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



100, 0, 235



100, 0, 235

255, 255, 255



63, 0, 206



165, 77, 255



0, 0, 177



197, 105, 255



0, 0, 150



228, 133, 255



0, 0, 123



255, 161, 255



0, 4, 97



255, 190, 255



0, 7, 72



255, 219, 255



0, 4, 48



255, 249, 255




0, 1, 26




0, 0, 0

 100, 0, 235


 114, 23, 235

 127, 47, 235

 141, 71, 235

 154, 94, 235

 168, 118, 235

 181, 141, 235

 195, 164, 235

 208, 188, 235

 221, 211, 235

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 68, 255



100, 0, 235



209, 0, 151

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



100, 0, 235



151, 73, 0



0, 57, 115

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



100, 0, 235



0, 235, 100

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 109, 109



100, 0, 235



0, 91, 19

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



100, 0, 235



207, 0, 0



0, 105, 105



0, 74, 209

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



100, 0, 235



231, 0, 88



0, 105, 105



0, 64, 111

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



100, 0, 235



211, 179, 255



0, 87, 235



101, 82, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



100, 0, 235



109, 0, 255



215, 0, 235



111, 106, 117



77, 0, 181



23, 0, 54

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



235, 0, 135



255, 0, 146



0, 235, 215



117, 106, 112



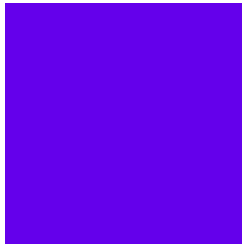
181, 0, 104



54, 0, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 100, 0, 235 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

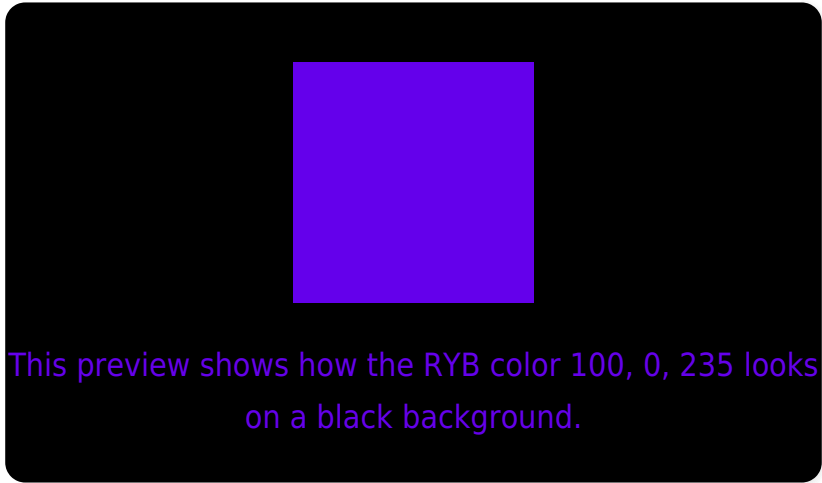
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

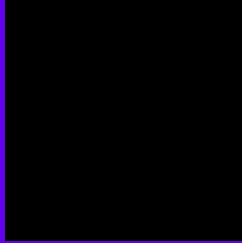
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 100, 0, 235 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 100, 0, 235.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 100, 0, 235.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
100, 0, 235

Protanopia
0, 56, 172

Deuteranopia
0, 55, 146



Tritanopia

46, 70, 99

Trichromacy



Original Color

100, 0, 235



Protanomaly

36, 51, 195



Deuteranomaly

36, 53, 178



Tritanomaly

66, 58, 148

Monochromacy



Original Color

100, 0, 235



Achromatopsia

57, 57, 57



Achromatomaly

73, 36, 122

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 100, 0, 235 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 0, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 0, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 0, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 0, 235) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 100, 0, 235 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 0, 235) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 0, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 0, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 0, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 0, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 0,  
235) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 100, 0, 235 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 0, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100, 0,  
235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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