

Converting Colors

`RYB(100, 111, 95)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(100, 111, 95) contains.

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Color

R_YB(100, 111, 95)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F6B5F
RGB	111, 107, 95
RGB Percent	44%, 42%, 37%
CMY	0.5647, 0.5796, 0.6275
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.14, 0.56
HSL	46°, 8%, 40%
HSV	46°, 14%, 44%
XYZ	13.8987, 14.7609, 12.9431
YIQ	106.8280, 6.2360, -2.8840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

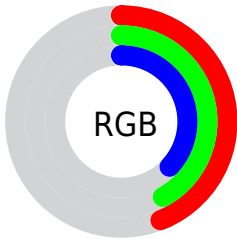
Format	Color
R_{YB}	100, 111, 95
Decimal	7301983
CIE Lab	45.30, -0.83, 7.36
CIE LCh	45, 7.406, 96.401
Yxy	14.7609, 0.3341, 0.3548
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285492063 (0xFF6F6B5F)
YUV	106.8280, -5.8312, 3.6588
Hunter-Lab	38.4199, -2.6611, 6.9200

Details

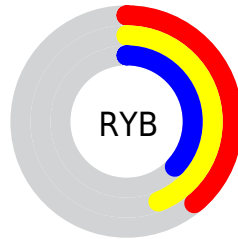
The RYB color **100, 111, 95** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **95, 98, 111**, and the grayscale version is **107, 107, 107**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **152, 163, 145**, and **53, 63, 49** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92, 111, 84**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **107, 111, 106**.

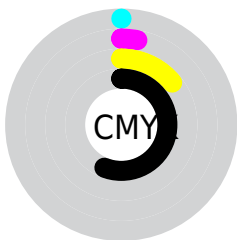
Distribution



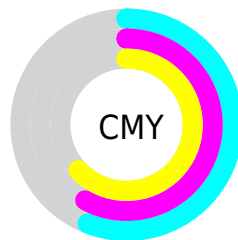
- Red (44%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 100, 111, 95 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 100, 111, 95 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



100, 111, 95



100, 111, 95

255, 255, 255



76, 87, 71



152, 163, 145



53, 63, 49



179, 190, 172



32, 41, 28



206, 218, 199



6, 22, 1



234, 246, 227



0, 0, 0



100, 111, 95



100, 111, 95



92, 111, 84



107, 111, 106



85, 111, 73



111, 112, 117



78, 111, 62



111, 114, 128

■ 69, 111, 51

■ 111, 117, 139

■ 62, 111, 40

■ 111, 118, 151

■ 54, 111, 28

■ 111, 121, 162

■ 46, 111, 17

■ 111, 123, 173

■ 39, 111, 6

■ 111, 125, 184

■ 34, 111, 0

■ 111, 127, 195

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



117, 112, 96



100, 111, 95



97, 109, 102

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



100, 111, 95



92, 102, 114



117, 104, 112

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



100, 111, 95



95, 98, 111

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



110, 105, 117



100, 111, 95



96, 104, 118

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



100, 111, 95



93, 103, 111



102, 106, 119



120, 103, 106

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



100, 111, 95



99, 109, 110



102, 106, 119



115, 104, 114

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



100, 111, 95



141, 145, 140



111, 95, 99



71, 74, 70



201, 201, 201



74, 74, 74

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



100, 111, 95



129, 145, 121



95, 111, 99



51, 56, 50



38, 120, 0



78, 247, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95, 98, 111



121, 126, 145



99, 95, 111



50, 52, 56



0, 23, 120



0, 48, 247

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 100, 111, 95 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 100, 111, 95 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

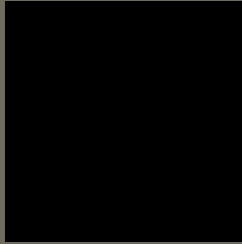
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 100, 111, 95 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 100, 111, 95.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 100, 111, 95.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


[100, 111, 95](#)

Protanopia

[102, 112, 95](#)

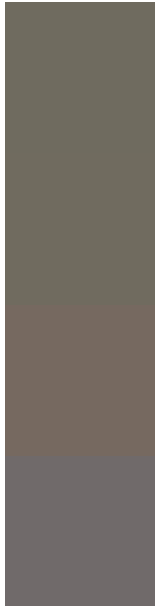
Deuteranopia

[122, 106, 96](#)



Tritanopia
113, 105, 113

Trichromacy



Original Color

100, 111, 95

Protanomaly

102, 112, 95

Deuteranomaly

118, 111, 96

Tritanomaly

112, 106, 106

Monochromacy



Original Color

100, 111, 95

Achromatopsia

107, 107, 107

Achromatomaly

104, 108, 103

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 100, 111, 95 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 107, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 107, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 107, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 107, 95) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 100, 111, 95 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 107, 95) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 107, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 107, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 107, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 107, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 107,  
95) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 100, 111, 95 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 107, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
107, 95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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