

Converting Colors

`RYB(100, 119, 100)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(100, 119, 100) contains.

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Color

R_YB(100, 119, 100)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	777764
RGB	119, 119, 100
RGB Percent	47%, 47%, 39%
CMY	0.5333, 0.5333, 0.6078
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.16, 0.53
HSL	60°, 9%, 43%
HSV	60°, 16%, 47%
XYZ	16.5048, 18.0357, 14.6679
YIQ	116.8340, 6.0990, -5.9090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

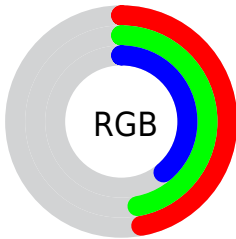
Format	Color
R_{YB}	100, 119, 100
Decimal	7829348
CIE Lab	49.54, -3.55, 10.47
CIE LCh	50, 11.057, 108.708
Yxy	18.0357, 0.3354, 0.3665
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286019428 (0xFF777764)
YUV	116.8340, -8.2992, 1.8996
Hunter-Lab	42.4684, -4.9480, 9.2501

Details

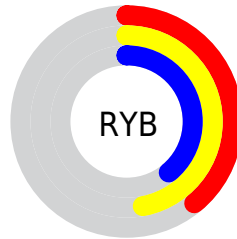
The RYB color **100, 119, 100** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **100, 100, 119**, and the grayscale version is **117, 117, 117**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **151, 171, 151**, and **53, 71, 54** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 119, 88**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **112, 119, 112**.

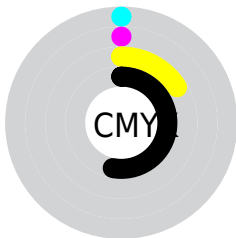
Distribution



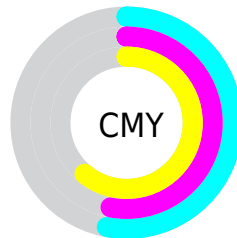
- Red (47%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 100, 119, 100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 100, 119, 100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



100, 119, 100



100, 119, 100

255, 255, 255



76, 94, 76



151, 171, 151



53, 71, 54



179, 199, 178



32, 48, 32



206, 227, 205



9, 28, 9



233, 255, 233



0, 0, 0



100, 119, 100



100, 119, 100



88, 119, 88



112, 119, 112



76, 119, 76



119, 119, 124



64, 119, 64



119, 119, 136

■ 52, 119, 52

■ 119, 119, 148

■ 41, 119, 41

■ 119, 119, 160

■ 29, 119, 29

■ 119, 119, 171

■ 17, 119, 17

■ 119, 119, 183

■ 5, 119, 5

■ 119, 119, 195

■ 0, 119, 0

■ 119, 119, 207

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



124, 129, 100



100, 119, 100



105, 122, 119

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



100, 119, 100



95, 110, 131



135, 112, 122

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



100, 119, 100



100, 100, 119

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



127, 114, 130



100, 119, 100



103, 114, 136

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



100, 119, 100



94, 109, 123



115, 117, 135



138, 111, 112

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



100, 119, 100



102, 117, 123



115, 117, 135



132, 112, 125

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



100, 119, 100



148, 156, 148



119, 100, 100



74, 79, 74



207, 207, 207



79, 79, 79

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



100, 119, 100



126, 156, 126



100, 119, 110



53, 59, 53



0, 122, 0



0, 250, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



100, 100, 119



126, 126, 156



109, 100, 119



53, 53, 59



0, 0, 122



0, 0, 250

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 100, 119, 100 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 100, 119, 100 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 100, 119, 100 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 100, 119, 100.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 100, 119, 100.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


100, 119, 100

Protanopia

109, 124, 99

Deuteranopia

135, 120, 101



Tritanopia
122, 116, 125

Trichromacy



Original Color

100, 119, 100

Protanomaly

104, 122, 99

Deuteranomaly

129, 129, 101

Tritanomaly

121, 117, 116

Monochromacy



Original Color

100, 119, 100

Achromatopsia

117, 117, 117

Achromatomaly

111, 118, 111

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 100, 119, 100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 119, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 119, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 119, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 119, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 100, 119, 100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 119, 100) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 119, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 119, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 119, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 119, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 119,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 100, 119, 100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 119, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
119, 100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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