

Converting Colors

`RYB(100, 120, 127)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(100, 120, 127) contains.

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Color

`RYB(100, 120, 127)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	647F6D
RGB	100, 127, 109
RGB Percent	39%, 50%, 43%
CMY	0.6078, 0.5020, 0.5708
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.14, 0.50
HSL	141°, 12%, 45%
HSV	141°, 21%, 50%
XYZ	15.6295, 19.0019, 17.4393
YIQ	116.8750, -10.3140, -11.3220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

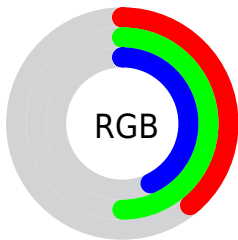
Format	Color
RYB	100, 120, 127
Decimal	6586221
CIELab	50.69, -13.52, 6.37
CIELCh	51, 14.949, 154.788
Yxy	19.0019, 0.3002, 0.3649
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284776301 (0xFF647F6D)
YUV	116.8750, -3.8824, -14.7994
Hunter-Lab	43.5912, -12.2838, 6.7940

Details

The RYB color **100, 120, 127** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **127, 100, 118**, and the grayscale version is **117, 117, 117**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **151, 173, 180**, and **53, 71, 78** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 117, 127**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **113, 123, 127**.

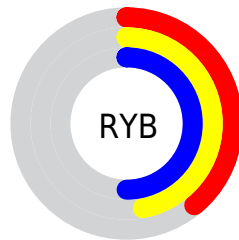
Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (50%)

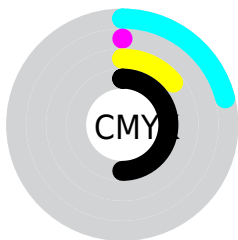
Blue (43%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (50%)

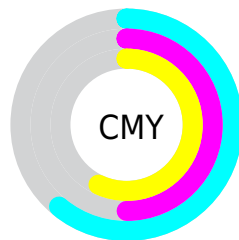


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (61%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 100, 120, 127 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 100, 120, 127 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 100, 120, 127

255, 255, 255

■ 151, 173, 180

■ 178, 200, 207

■ 206, 229, 236

■ 234, 248, 255

■ 100, 120, 127

■ 76, 95, 102

■ 53, 71, 78

■ 31, 48, 55

■ 9, 25, 33

■ 0, 5, 5

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 100, 120, 127

■ 87, 117, 127

■ 75, 114, 127

■ 100, 120, 127

■ 113, 123, 127

■ 125, 126, 127

■ 62, 110, 127

■ 138, 127, 134

■ 49, 107, 127

■ 151, 127, 142

■ 37, 104, 127

■ 163, 127, 151

■ 24, 100, 127

■ 176, 127, 159

■ 11, 97, 127

■ 189, 127, 167

■ 0, 94, 127

■ 202, 127, 175

■ 214, 127, 184

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



100, 124, 110



100, 120, 127



89, 110, 128

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



100, 120, 127



109, 118, 146



146, 114, 107

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



100, 120, 127



127, 100, 118

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



146, 112, 119



100, 120, 127



126, 117, 142

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



100, 120, 127



94, 113, 143



139, 113, 132



140, 130, 98

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



100, 120, 127



86, 108, 131



139, 113, 132



147, 112, 111

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



100, 120, 127



156, 164, 166



100, 127, 109



78, 83, 84



212, 212, 212



84, 84, 84

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



100, 120, 127



123, 155, 166



100, 115, 127



57, 62, 64



0, 95, 128



0, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



127, 100, 118



166, 123, 151



127, 100, 104



64, 57, 62



128, 0, 83



0, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 100, 120, 127 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 100, 120, 127 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

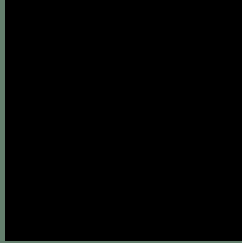
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

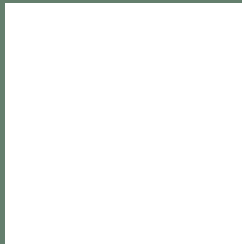
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 100, 120, 127 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 100, 120, 127.

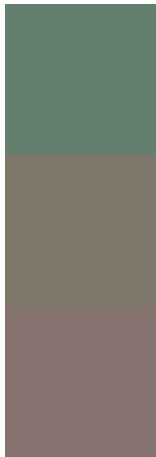


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 100, 120, 127.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
100, 120, 127

Protanopia
115, 126, 106

Deuteranopia
135, 117, 112



Tritanopia
104, 116, 133

Trichromacy



Original Color

100, 120, 127

Protanomaly

107, 123, 113

Deuteranomaly

113, 122, 111

Tritanomaly

103, 114, 125

Monochromacy



Original Color

100, 120, 127

Achromatopsia

117, 117, 117

Achromatomaly

111, 119, 121

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 100, 120, 127 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 127, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 127, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 127, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 127, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 100, 120, 127 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

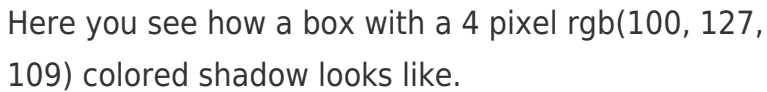
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 127, 109) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 127, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 127, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 127, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 127, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 127,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 100, 120, 127 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 127, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100,  
127, 109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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