

Converting Colors

`RYB(100, 167, 206)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(100, 167, 206) contains.

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Color

R_YB(100, 167, 206)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	64CEA2
RGB	100, 206, 162
RGB Percent	39%, 81%, 64%
CMY	0.6078, 0.1922, 0.3659
CMYK	0.51, 0.00, 0.22, 0.19
HSL	155°, 52%, 60%
HSV	155°, 51%, 81%
XYZ	33.8219, 49.4500, 41.8057
YIQ	169.2900, -49.0520, -36.1560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

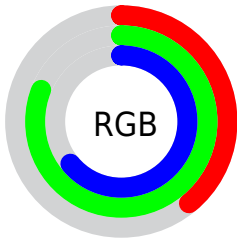
Format	Color
RYB	100, 167, 206
Decimal	6606498
CIELab	75.73, -41.07, 12.79
CIELCh	76, 43.020, 162.701
Yxy	49.4500, 0.2704, 0.3954
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284796578 (0xFF64CEA2)
YUV	169.2900, -3.5940, -60.7673
Hunter-Lab	70.3207, -37.2086, 13.9765

Details

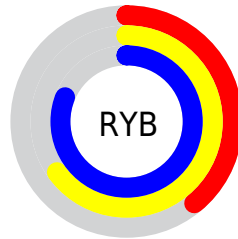
The RYB color **100, 167, 206** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **206, 100, 144**, and the grayscale version is **169, 169, 169**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **157, 218, 255**, and **37, 106, 151** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79, 159, 206**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **121, 175, 206**.

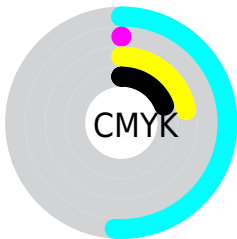
Distribution



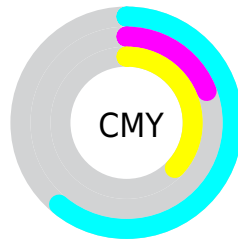
- Red (39%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (19%)




- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 100, 167, 206 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 100, 167, 206 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 100, 167, 206


255, 255, 255


 157, 218, 255


 186, 223, 255

 215, 235, 255

 245, 250, 255

 100, 167, 206

 71, 138, 178

 37, 106, 151

 0, 74, 125

 0, 61, 99

 0, 48, 74

 0, 36, 50

 0, 28, 28

 0, 0, 0

 100, 167, 206

 100, 167, 206

■ 79, 159, 206

■ 121, 175, 206

■ 59, 152, 206

■ 141, 182, 206

■ 38, 144, 206

■ 162, 190, 206

■ 18, 137, 206

■ 182, 197, 206

■ 0, 130, 206

■ 203, 205, 206

■ 224, 206, 213

■ 244, 206, 222

■ 255, 206, 231

■ 255, 206, 239

Harmonies

Analogous

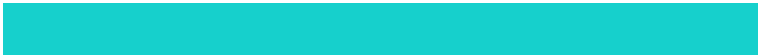
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



127, 200, 175



100, 167, 206



22, 116, 208

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



100, 167, 206



156, 178, 255



255, 172, 135

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



100, 167, 206



206, 100, 144

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 155, 171



100, 167, 206



212, 170, 245

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



100, 167, 206



81, 151, 255



249, 158, 211



215, 232, 111

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



100, 167, 206



0, 108, 228



249, 158, 211



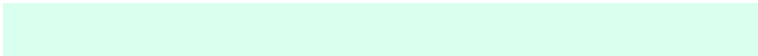
255, 162, 146

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



100, 167, 206



217, 241, 255



100, 206, 160



105, 120, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



100, 167, 206



97, 197, 255



100, 151, 206



92, 98, 102



0, 105, 166



0, 24, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



206, 100, 144



255, 97, 163



206, 107, 100



102, 92, 96



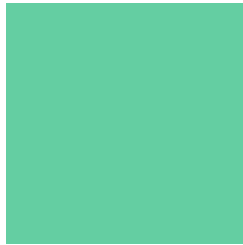
166, 0, 69



38, 0, 16

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 100, 167, 206 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

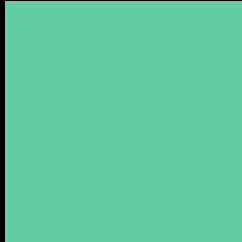
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 100, 167, 206 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 100, 167, 206 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 100, 167, 206.

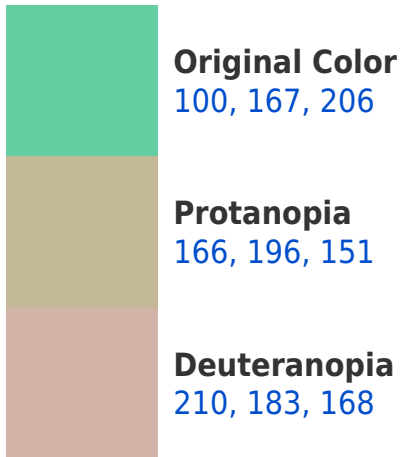


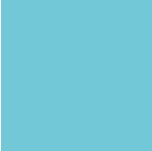
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 100, 167, 206.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
115, 161, 215

Trichromacy



Original Color

100, 167, 206



Protanomaly

155, 193, 187



Deuteranomaly

166, 189, 185



Tritanomaly

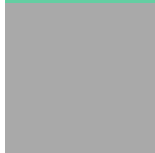
110, 158, 202

Monochromacy



Original Color

100, 167, 206



Achromatopsia

169, 169, 169



Achromatomaly

144, 168, 182

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 100, 167, 206 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 206, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 206, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 206, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 206, 162) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 100, 167, 206 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 206, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 206, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 206, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 206, 162); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 206, 162); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 206, 162) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 100, 167, 206 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 206, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100,  
206, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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