

Converting Colors

`RYB(100, 98, 104)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(100, 98, 104) contains.

RYB(100, 98, 104)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_YB(100, 98, 104)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	646268
RGB	100, 98, 104
RGB Percent	39%, 38%, 41%
CMY	0.6078, 0.6157, 0.5922
CMYK	0.04, 0.06, 0.00, 0.59
HSL	260°, 3%, 40%
HSV	260°, 6%, 41%
XYZ	12.1219, 12.4442, 14.8598
YIQ	99.2820, -0.7340, 2.2900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

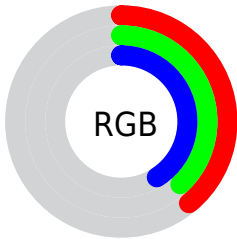
Format	Color
R_{YB}	100, 98, 104
Decimal	6578792
CIE _{Lab}	41.91, 2.05, -3.12
CIE _{LCh}	42, 3.734, 303.334
Y _{xy}	12.4442, 0.3075, 0.3156
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284768872 (0xFF646268)
YUV	99.2820, 2.3260, 0.6297
Hunter-Lab	35.2763, -0.3960, -0.2819

Details

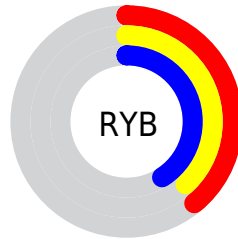
The RYB color **100, 98, 104** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **98, 104, 100**, and the grayscale version is **99, 99, 99**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **151, 149, 155**, and **53, 52, 57** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93, 88, 104**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **104, 108, 105**.

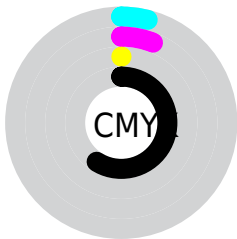
Distribution



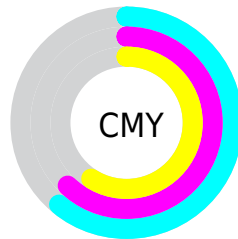
- Red (39%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 100, 98, 104 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 100, 98, 104 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



100, 98, 104



100, 98, 104

255, 255, 255



76, 74, 80



151, 149, 155



53, 52, 57



177, 175, 182



32, 31, 36



205, 203, 209



9, 6, 14



233, 231, 238



0, 0, 0



100, 98, 104



100, 98, 104



93, 88, 104



104, 108, 105



86, 77, 104



104, 119, 109



79, 67, 104



104, 129, 112

■ 72, 56, 104

■ 104, 140, 116

■ 65, 46, 104

■ 104, 150, 119

■ 58, 36, 104

■ 104, 160, 122

■ 51, 25, 104

■ 104, 171, 126

■ 45, 15, 104

■ 104, 181, 130

■ 38, 4, 104

■ 104, 192, 134

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96, 98, 105



100, 98, 104



103, 97, 102

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



100, 98, 104



104, 102, 93



92, 97, 101

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



100, 98, 104



98, 104, 100

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94, 99, 100



100, 98, 104



96, 101, 93

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



100, 98, 104



106, 97, 96



94, 100, 96



92, 97, 102

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



100, 98, 104



105, 97, 100



94, 100, 96



93, 98, 101

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



100, 98, 104



133, 132, 135



98, 100, 104



68, 67, 69



196, 196, 196



69, 69, 69

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



100, 98, 104



129, 126, 135



103, 98, 104



48, 47, 51



38, 0, 115



81, 0, 242

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



104, 98, 102



135, 126, 132



98, 104, 103



51, 47, 50



115, 0, 77



242, 0, 162

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 100, 98, 104 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 100, 98, 104 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

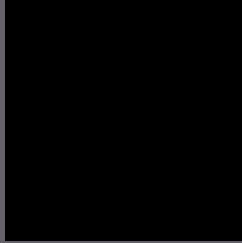
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

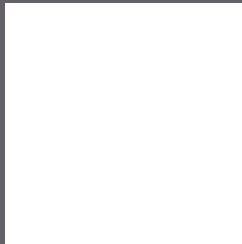
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 100, 98, 104 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 100, 98, 104.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 100, 98, 104.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

100, 98, 104

Protanopia

99, 98, 104

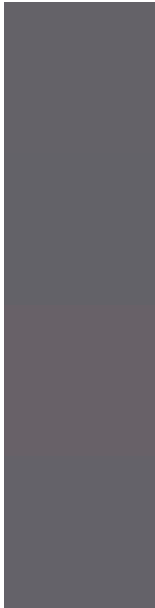
Deuteranopia

106, 96, 104



Tritanopia
100, 98, 105

Trichromacy



Original Color

100, 98, 104

Protanomaly

99, 98, 104

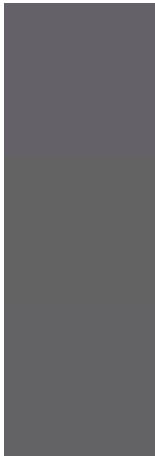
Deuteranomaly

104, 97, 104

Tritanomaly

100, 98, 105

Monochromacy



Original Color

100, 98, 104

Achromatopsia

99, 99, 99

Achromatomaly

99, 99, 101

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 100, 98, 104 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(100, 98, 104) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 98, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 98, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 98, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 100, 98, 104 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 98, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 98, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 98, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 98, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 98, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 98,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 100, 98, 104 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 98, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100, 98,  
104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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