

Converting Colors

`RYB(101, 111, 115)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(101, 111, 115) contains.

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Color

R_{YB}(101, 111, 115)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	65736B
RGB	101, 115, 107
RGB Percent	40%, 45%, 42%
CMY	0.6039, 0.5490, 0.5820
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.07, 0.55
HSL	144°, 6%, 42%
HSV	144°, 12%, 45%
XYZ	14.1304, 16.0813, 16.1591
YIQ	109.9020, -5.7760, -5.4560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

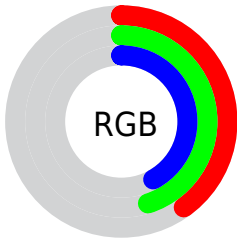
Format	Color
RYB	101, 111, 115
Decimal	6648683
CIELab	47.08, -7.03, 2.87
CIElCh	47, 7.589, 157.766
Yxy	16.0813, 0.3047, 0.3468
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284838763 (0xFF65736B)
YUV	109.9020, -1.4307, -7.8071
Hunter-Lab	40.1015, -7.2803, 4.1799

Details

The RYB color **101, 111, 115** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **115, 101, 109**, and the grayscale version is **110, 110, 110**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **152, 163, 167**, and **54, 63, 67** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 108, 115**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **113, 114, 115**.

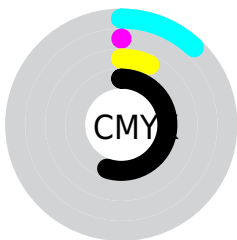
Distribution



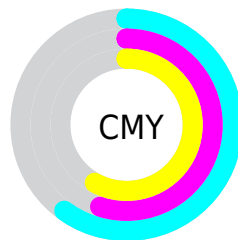
- Red (40%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 101, 111, 115 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 101, 111, 115 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 101, 111, 115

255, 255, 255

■ 152, 163, 167

■ 179, 190, 194

■ 206, 218, 222

■ 234, 246, 251

■ 101, 111, 115

■ 77, 86, 90

■ 54, 63, 67

■ 33, 41, 45

■ 11, 20, 24

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 101, 111, 115

■ 90, 108, 115

■ 78, 104, 115

■ 67, 101, 115

■ 101, 111, 115

■ 113, 114, 115

■ 124, 115, 120

■ 136, 115, 127

■ 55, 98, 115

■ 147, 115, 134

■ 43, 94, 115

■ 159, 115, 141

■ 32, 91, 115

■ 170, 115, 148

■ 20, 88, 115

■ 182, 115, 155

■ 9, 85, 115

■ 193, 115, 162

■ 0, 82, 115

■ 205, 115, 169

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



101, 114, 107



101, 111, 115



97, 107, 115

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



101, 111, 115



107, 111, 124



125, 109, 104

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



101, 111, 115



115, 101, 109

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



125, 107, 110



101, 111, 115



115, 109, 122

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



101, 111, 115



100, 109, 123



122, 108, 117



121, 119, 100

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



101, 111, 115



96, 106, 117



122, 108, 117



125, 108, 106

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



101, 111, 115



144, 148, 150



101, 115, 107



73, 76, 77



204, 204, 204



77, 77, 77

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



101, 111, 115



128, 144, 150



101, 108, 115



53, 58, 59



0, 87, 122



0, 179, 250

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



115, 101, 109



150, 128, 141



115, 101, 102



59, 53, 56



122, 0, 73



250, 0, 150

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 101, 111, 115 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 101, 111, 115 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

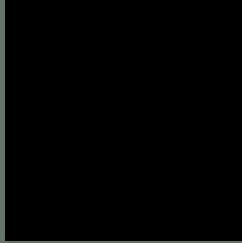
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

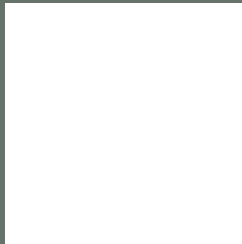
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 101, 111, 115 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 101, 111, 115.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 101, 111, 115.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

101, 111, 115

Protanopia

110, 115, 104

Deuteranopia

123, 108, 108



Tritanopia
104, 110, 122

Trichromacy



Original Color

101, 111, 115

Protanomaly

105, 112, 107

Deuteranomaly

115, 115, 107

Tritanomaly

103, 109, 116

Monochromacy



Original Color

101, 111, 115

Achromatopsia

110, 110, 110

Achromatomaly

107, 111, 112

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 101, 111, 115 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 115, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 115, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 115, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 115, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 101, 111, 115 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 115, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 115, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(101, 115, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 115, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 115, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 115,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 101, 111, 115 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 115, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101,  
115, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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