

Converting Colors

`RYB(101, 113, 105)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(101, 113, 105) contains.

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Color

R_YB(101, 113, 105)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D7165
RGB	109, 113, 101
RGB Percent	43%, 44%, 40%
CMY	0.5725, 0.5569, 0.6039
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.11, 0.56
HSL	80°, 6%, 42%
HSV	80°, 11%, 44%
XYZ	14.5608, 16.0010, 14.6330
YIQ	110.4360, 1.4680, -4.5800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

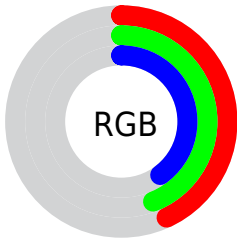
Format	Color
RYB	101, 113, 105
Decimal	7172453
CIELab	46.98, -3.91, 6.13
CIELCh	47, 7.275, 122.510
Yxy	16.0010, 0.3222, 0.3540
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285362533 (0xFF6D7165)
YUV	110.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594
Hunter-Lab	40.0013, -5.0270, 6.3119

Details

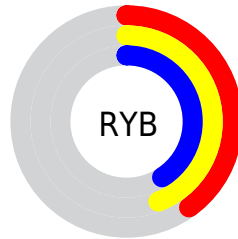
The RYB color **101, 113, 105** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **105, 101, 113**, and the grayscale version is **110, 110, 110**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **152, 165, 157**, and **54, 65, 57** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 113, 98**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **112, 113, 112**.

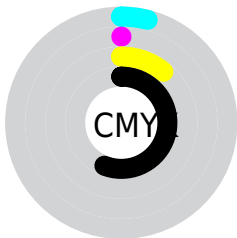
Distribution



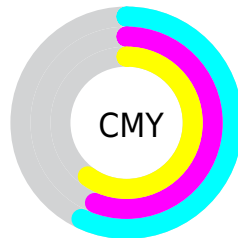
- Red (43%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 101, 113, 105 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 101, 113, 105 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 101, 113, 105

255, 255, 255

■ 152, 165, 157

■ 179, 192, 184

■ 206, 220, 211

■ 234, 248, 238

■ 101, 113, 105

■ 77, 89, 81

■ 54, 65, 57

■ 33, 43, 36

■ 10, 23, 13

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 101, 113, 105

■ 90, 113, 98

■ 78, 113, 90

■ 67, 113, 82

■ 101, 113, 105

■ 112, 113, 112

■ 117, 113, 124

■ 120, 113, 135

■ 56, 113, 75

■ 124, 113, 146

■ 45, 113, 68

■ 128, 113, 158

■ 33, 113, 60

■ 132, 113, 169

■ 22, 113, 52

■ 135, 113, 180

■ 11, 113, 45

■ 139, 113, 191

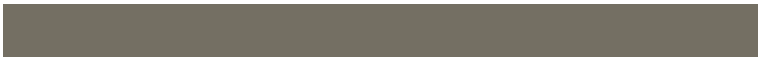
■ 0, 113, 38

■ 143, 113, 203

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



106, 116, 99



101, 113, 105



102, 111, 114

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



101, 113, 105



99, 108, 122



124, 107, 111

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



101, 113, 105



105, 101, 113

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



120, 108, 117



101, 113, 105



106, 110, 123

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



101, 113, 105



96, 106, 118



113, 110, 122



124, 109, 105

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



101, 113, 105



99, 108, 115



113, 110, 122



123, 107, 113

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



101, 113, 105



143, 148, 145



113, 107, 101



71, 74, 72



201, 201, 201



74, 74, 74

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



101, 113, 105



129, 148, 136



101, 113, 111



50, 56, 52



0, 120, 40



0, 247, 82

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



105, 101, 113



135, 129, 148



111, 101, 113



52, 50, 56



40, 0, 120



82, 0, 247

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 101, 113, 105 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

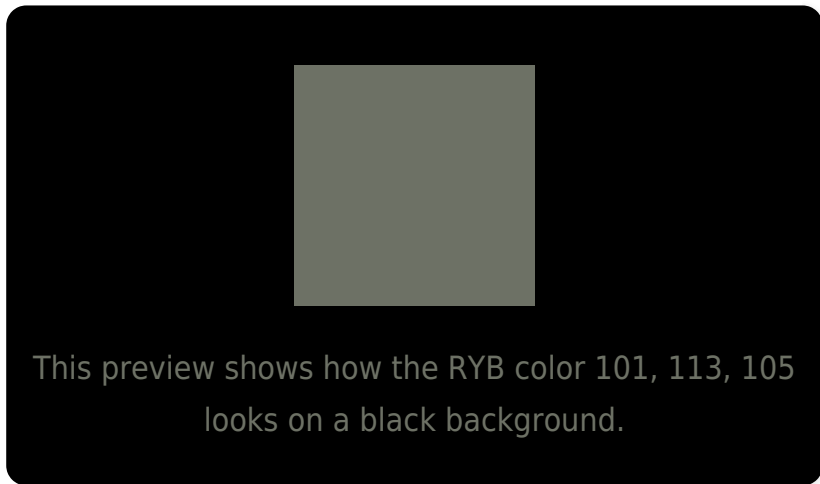
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 101, 113, 105 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 101, 113, 105.

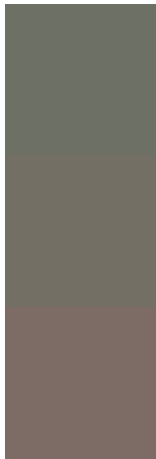


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 101, 113, 105.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
[101](#), [113](#), [105](#)

Protanopia
[107](#), [116](#), [100](#)

Deuteranopia
[125](#), [108](#), [102](#)



Tritanopia
112, 110, 119

Trichromacy



Original Color

101, 113, 105

Protanomaly

101, 113, 100

Deuteranomaly

119, 114, 102

Tritanomaly

111, 111, 112

Monochromacy



Original Color

101, 113, 105

Achromatopsia

110, 110, 110

Achromatomaly

107, 111, 108

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 101, 113, 105 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(109, 113, 101) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 113, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 113, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 113, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 101, 113, 105 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 113, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 113, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 113, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 113, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 113, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 113,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 101, 113, 105 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 113, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
113, 101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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