

Converting Colors

`RYB(101, 124, 120)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(101, 124, 120) contains.

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Color

`RYB(101, 124, 120)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	697C65
RGB	105, 124, 101
RGB Percent	41%, 49%, 40%
CMY	0.5882, 0.5137, 0.6039
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.19, 0.51
HSL	110°, 10%, 44%
HSV	110°, 19%, 49%
XYZ	15.3823, 18.3581, 15.0447
YIQ	115.6970, -3.9410, -11.1810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

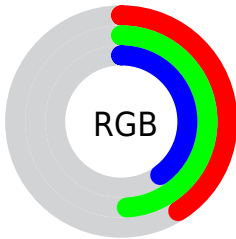
Format	Color
RYB	101, 124, 120
Decimal	6913125
CIELab	49.93, -11.69, 10.27
CIElCh	50, 15.564, 138.701
Yxy	18.3581, 0.3153, 0.3763
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285103205 (0xFF697C65)
YUV	115.6970, -7.2456, -9.3813
Hunter-Lab	42.8464, -10.8978, 9.1740

Details

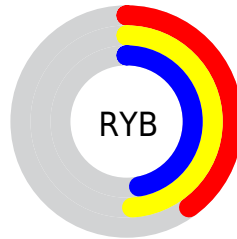
The RYB color **101, 124, 120** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **120, 101, 124**, and the grayscale version is **116, 116, 116**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **152, 177, 173**, and **54, 75, 71** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89, 124, 118**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **113, 124, 122**.

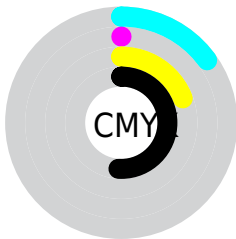
Distribution



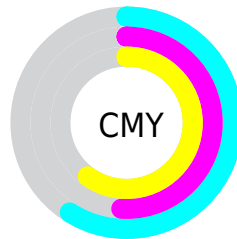
- Red (41%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 101, 124, 120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 101, 124, 120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 101, 124, 120

255, 255, 255

■ 152, 177, 173

■ 179, 204, 200

■ 206, 232, 227

■ 234, 255, 250

■ 101, 124, 120

■ 77, 99, 95

■ 54, 75, 71

■ 33, 52, 49

■ 11, 31, 26

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 101, 124, 120

■ 89, 124, 118

■ 76, 124, 115

■ 64, 124, 114

■ 101, 124, 120

■ 113, 124, 122

■ 125, 124, 126

■ 136, 124, 138

■ 51, 124, 111

■ 146, 124, 151

■ 39, 124, 109

■ 156, 124, 163

■ 27, 124, 107

■ 166, 124, 175

■ 14, 124, 105

■ 177, 124, 188

■ 2, 124, 103

■ 187, 124, 200

■ 0, 124, 102

■ 197, 124, 213

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



94, 121, 95



101, 124, 120



91, 112, 126

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



101, 124, 120



97, 113, 144



146, 110, 111

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



101, 124, 120



120, 101, 124

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



142, 110, 124



101, 124, 120



115, 117, 144

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



101, 124, 120



85, 108, 138



131, 113, 136



143, 117, 99

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



101, 124, 120



85, 107, 126



131, 113, 136



146, 109, 115

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



101, 124, 120



151, 161, 159



106, 124, 101



76, 82, 81



209, 209, 209



82, 82, 82

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



101, 124, 120



125, 161, 155



101, 119, 124



55, 61, 60



0, 125, 103



0, 252, 208

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



120, 101, 124



155, 125, 161



124, 101, 117



60, 55, 61



103, 0, 125



209, 0, 252

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 101, 124, 120 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

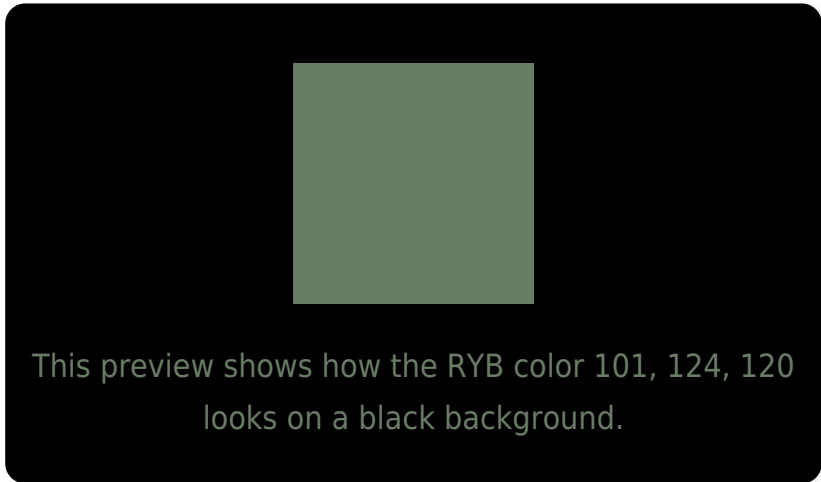
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

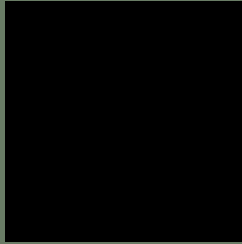
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 101, 124, 120 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 101, 124, 120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 101, 124, 120.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

101, 124, 120

Protanopia

107, 125, 98

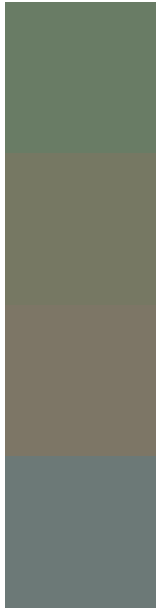
Deuteranopia

136, 120, 103



Tritanopia
110, 117, 130

Trichromacy



Original Color
101, 124, 120

Protanomaly
99, 120, 101

Deuteranomaly
112, 125, 102

Tritanomaly
108, 115, 121

Monochromacy



Original Color
101, 124, 120

Achromatopsia
116, 116, 116

Achromatomaly
111, 119, 118

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 101, 124, 120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 124, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 124, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 124, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 124, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 101, 124, 120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 124, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 124, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 124, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 124, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 124, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 124,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 101, 124, 120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 124, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
124, 101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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