

Converting Colors

`RYB(101, 81, 113)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(101, 81, 113) contains.

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Color

R_YB(101, 81, 113)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	655171
RGB	101, 81, 113
RGB Percent	40%, 32%, 44%
CMY	0.6039, 0.6824, 0.5569
CMYK	0.11, 0.28, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	278°, 16%, 38%
HSV	278°, 28%, 44%
XYZ	11.2899, 9.8438, 16.9278
YIQ	90.6280, 1.6480, 14.1920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

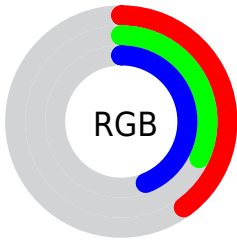
Format	Color
R_{YB}	101, 81, 113
Decimal	6639985
CIE _{Lab}	37.56, 14.92, -15.20
CIE _{LCh}	38, 21.295, 314.474
Yxy	9.8438, 0.2966, 0.2586
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284830065 (0xFF655171)
YUV	90.6280, 11.0294, 9.0962
Hunter-Lab	31.3749, 9.3253, -10.0265

Details

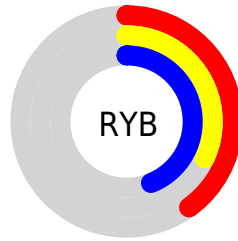
The RYB color **101, 81, 113** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **81, 113, 101**, and the grayscale version is **91, 91, 91**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **152, 130, 165**, and **54, 36, 65** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **97, 70, 113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **105, 92, 113**.

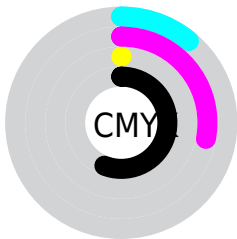
Distribution



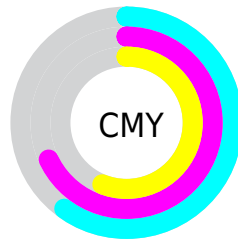
- Red (40%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 101, 81, 113 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 101, 81, 113 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



101, 81, 113



101, 81, 113

255, 255, 255



77, 58, 88



152, 130, 165



54, 36, 65



179, 157, 192



32, 16, 43



207, 184, 220



0, 0, 22



235, 211, 248



0, 0, 0



255, 240, 255



101, 81, 113



101, 81, 113



97, 70, 113



105, 92, 113



93, 58, 113



109, 104, 113

■ 88, 47, 113

■ 113, 115, 114

■ 84, 36, 113

■ 113, 126, 121

■ 80, 24, 113

■ 113, 138, 129

■ 76, 13, 113

■ 113, 149, 136

■ 71, 2, 113

■ 113, 160, 142

■ 71, 0, 113

■ 113, 171, 149

■ 113, 183, 157

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78, 85, 121



101, 81, 113



116, 76, 98

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



101, 81, 113



99, 108, 55



32, 66, 98

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



101, 81, 113



81, 113, 101

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52, 80, 97



101, 81, 113



57, 92, 55

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



101, 81, 113



119, 84, 65



63, 94, 85



29, 66, 112

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



101, 81, 113



121, 75, 86



63, 94, 85



38, 70, 98

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



101, 81, 113



143, 136, 148



81, 90, 113



71, 67, 74



201, 201, 201



74, 74, 74

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



101, 81, 113



129, 98, 148



113, 81, 109



54, 50, 56



75, 0, 120



155, 0, 247

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



113, 81, 93



148, 98, 116



81, 109, 113



56, 50, 53



120, 0, 45



247, 0, 93

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 101, 81, 113 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

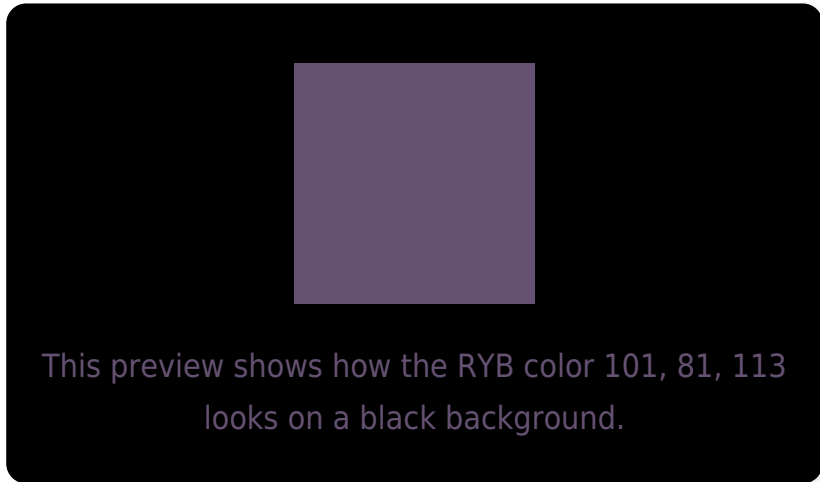
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

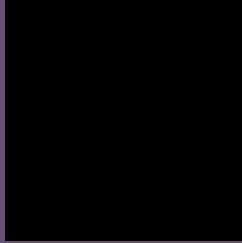
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R/Y/B 101, 81, 113 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R/Y/B color 101, 81, 113.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R/Y/B color 101, 81, 113.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


101, 81, 113

Protanopia

80, 86, 118

Deuteranopia

85, 87, 112



Tritanopia

98, 85, 92

Trichromacy



Original Color

101, 81, 113

Protanomaly

88, 85, 116

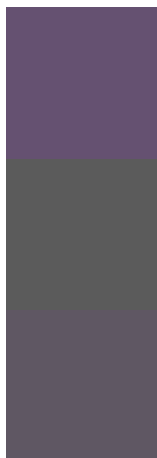
Deuteranomaly

91, 85, 112

Tritanomaly

99, 84, 100

Monochromacy



Original Color

101, 81, 113

Achromatopsia

91, 91, 91

Achromatomaly

95, 87, 99

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 101, 81, 113 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 81, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 81, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 81, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 81, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 101, 81, 113 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

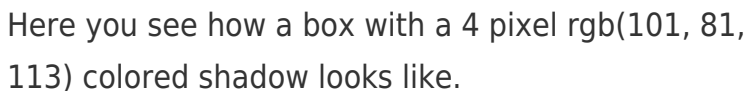
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 81, 113) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 81, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(101, 81, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 81, 113); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 81, 113); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 81, 113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 101, 81, 113 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 81, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101, 81,  
113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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