

Converting Colors

`RYB(103, 105, 151)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(103, 105, 151) contains.

RYB(103, 105, 151)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

R_{YB}(103, 105, 151)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	676997
RGB	103, 105, 151
RGB Percent	40%, 41%, 59%
CMY	0.5961, 0.5879, 0.4078
CMYK	0.32, 0.30, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	237°, 19%, 50%
HSV	237°, 32%, 59%
XYZ	16.2399, 15.2388, 31.3636
YIQ	109.6460, -15.9580, 13.8820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

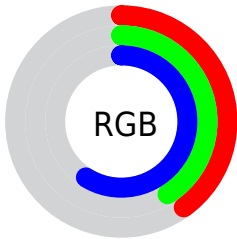
Format	Color
R_YB	103, 105, 151
Decimal	6777239
CIE _{Lab}	45.96, 10.38, -25.26
CIE _{LCh}	46, 27.309, 292.347
Yxy	15.2388, 0.2584, 0.2425
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284967319 (0xFF676997)
YUV	109.6460, 20.3875, -5.8285
Hunter-Lab	39.0369, 5.9438, -20.3098

Details

The RYB color **103, 105, 151** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **105, 151, 103**, and the grayscale version is **110, 110, 110**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **155, 156, 205**, and **54, 58, 100** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 91, 151**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **118, 120, 151**.

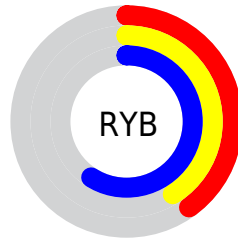
Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (41%)

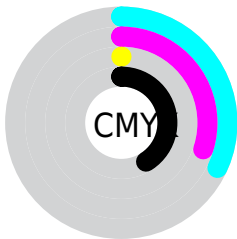
Blue (59%)



Red (40%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (59%)

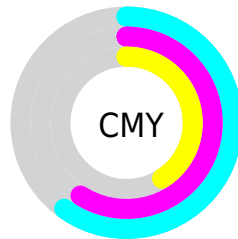


Cyan (32%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (60%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 103, 105, 151 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 103, 105, 151 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 103, 105, 151

255, 255, 255

■ 155, 156, 205

■ 183, 183, 234

■ 211, 211, 255

■ 239, 239, 255

■ 103, 105, 151

■ 78, 81, 125

■ 54, 58, 100

■ 30, 36, 76

■ 4, 14, 53

■ 0, 2, 31

■ 0, 0, 3

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 103, 105, 151

■ 88, 91, 151

■ 103, 105, 151

■ 118, 120, 151

■ 73, 76, 151

■ 133, 134, 151

■ 58, 62, 151

■ 148, 148, 151

■ 43, 47, 151

■ 151, 163, 151

■ 27, 33, 151

■ 153, 179, 151

■ 12, 18, 151

■ 153, 194, 151

■ 0, 7, 151

■ 154, 209, 151

■ 154, 224, 151

■ 155, 239, 151

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65, 96, 154



103, 105, 151



132, 97, 137

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



103, 105, 151



146, 110, 74



50, 91, 121

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



103, 105, 151



105, 151, 103

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80, 118, 118



103, 105, 151



101, 129, 63

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



103, 105, 151



153, 92, 93



66, 113, 72



15, 69, 125

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



103, 105, 151



145, 93, 123



66, 113, 72



60, 98, 120

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



103, 105, 151



177, 178, 196



103, 128, 151



88, 88, 99



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



103, 105, 151



122, 125, 196



125, 103, 151



69, 69, 77



0, 6, 140



0, 1, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



151, 103, 105



196, 122, 125



103, 151, 125



77, 69, 69



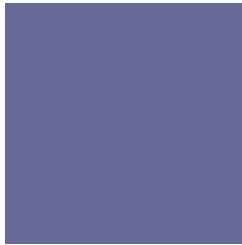
140, 0, 6



13, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 103, 105, 151 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 103, 105, 151 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 103, 105, 151 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 103, 105, 151.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 103, 105, 151.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

103, 105, 151

Protanopia

95, 105, 153

Deuteranopia

95, 105, 151



Tritanopia
96, 105, 120

Trichromacy



Original Color
103, 105, 151

Protanomaly
98, 105, 152

Deuteranomaly
98, 105, 151

Tritanomaly
99, 107, 131

Monochromacy



Original Color
103, 105, 151

Achromatopsia
110, 110, 110

Achromatomaly
107, 108, 125

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 103, 105, 151 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 105, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 105, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 105, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 105, 151) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 103, 105, 151 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 105, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 105, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 105, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 105, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 105, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 105,  
151) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 103, 105, 151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 105, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103,  
105, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor