

Converting Colors

`RYB(103, 119, 147)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(103, 119, 147) contains.

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Color

R_YB(103, 119, 147)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	678093
RGB	103, 128, 147
RGB Percent	40%, 50%, 58%
CMY	0.5961, 0.4975, 0.4235
CMYK	0.30, 0.13, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	206°, 18%, 49%
HSV	206°, 30%, 58%
XYZ	18.5978, 20.4658, 30.5738
YIQ	122.6910, -20.9990, 0.6090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

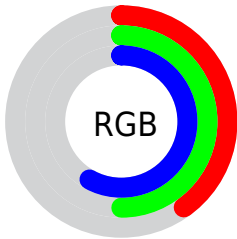
Format	Color
R_{YB}	103, 119, 147
Decimal	6783123
CIE _{Lab}	52.36, -4.38, -13.10
CIE _{LCh}	52, 13.817, 251.525
Yxy	20.4658, 0.2671, 0.2939
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284973203 (0xFF678093)
YUV	122.6910, 11.9843, -17.2690
Hunter-Lab	45.2391, -5.7872, -8.4024

Details

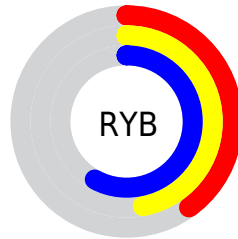
The RYB color **103, 119, 147** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **147, 136, 103**, and the grayscale version is **123, 123, 123**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **155, 172, 201**, and **54, 70, 96** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 110, 147**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **118, 128, 147**.

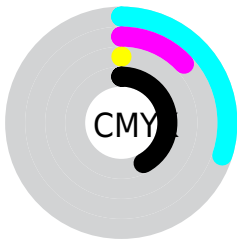
Distribution



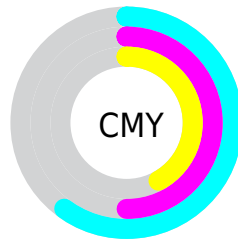
- Red (40%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 103, 119, 147 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 103, 119, 147 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 103, 119, 147

255, 255, 255

■ 155, 172, 201

■ 182, 199, 229

■ 210, 227, 255

■ 239, 247, 255

■ 103, 119, 147

■ 78, 94, 121

■ 54, 70, 96

■ 31, 47, 73

■ 6, 23, 50

■ 0, 9, 29

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 103, 119, 147

■ 88, 110, 147

■ 74, 101, 147

■ 103, 119, 147

■ 118, 128, 147

■ 132, 138, 147

■ 59, 91, 147

■ 147, 147, 147

■ 44, 82, 147

■ 162, 157, 147

■ 30, 73, 147

■ 177, 170, 147

■ 15, 63, 147

■ 191, 180, 147

■ 0, 53, 147

■ 206, 190, 147

■ 221, 203, 147

■ 235, 214, 147

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



94, 115, 140



103, 119, 147



118, 123, 148

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



103, 119, 147



150, 117, 121



107, 129, 120

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



103, 119, 147



147, 136, 103

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



105, 129, 102



103, 119, 147



148, 120, 110

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



103, 119, 147



144, 117, 133



141, 141, 103



103, 122, 131

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



103, 119, 147



128, 122, 145



141, 141, 103



105, 128, 112

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



103, 119, 147



174, 180, 191



103, 134, 147



86, 90, 97



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



103, 119, 147



122, 147, 191



103, 107, 147



67, 70, 74



0, 50, 138



0, 4, 10

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



147, 103, 128



191, 122, 162



107, 147, 103



74, 67, 71



138, 0, 79



10, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 103, 119, 147 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

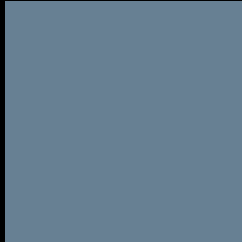
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 103, 119, 147 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

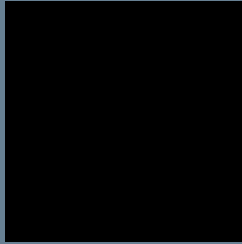
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

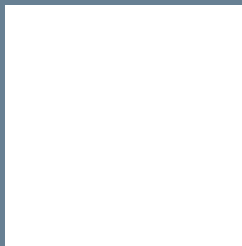
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 103, 119, 147 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the R Y B color 103, 119, 147.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the R Y B color 103, 119, 147.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

103, 119, 147

Protanopia

121, 124, 144

Deuteranopia

125, 122, 148



Tritanopia
101, 117, 140

Trichromacy



Original Color

103, 119, 147

Protanomaly

114, 123, 145

Deuteranomaly

117, 123, 148

Tritanomaly

102, 118, 143

Monochromacy



Original Color

103, 119, 147

Achromatopsia

123, 123, 123

Achromatomaly

116, 122, 132

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 103, 119, 147 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 128, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 128, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 128, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 128, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 103, 119, 147 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 128, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 128, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(103, 128, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 128, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 128, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 128,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 103, 119, 147 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 128, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103,  
128, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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