

Converting Colors

`RYB(103, 168, 159)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(103, 168, 159) contains.

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Color

R_YB(103, 168, 159)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	70A867
RGB	112, 168, 103
RGB Percent	44%, 66%, 40%
CMY	0.5608, 0.3412, 0.5961
CMYK	0.33, 0.00, 0.39, 0.34
HSL	112°, 27%, 53%
HSV	112°, 39%, 66%
XYZ	23.1329, 32.4293, 17.8722
YIQ	143.8460, -12.5110, -32.0870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

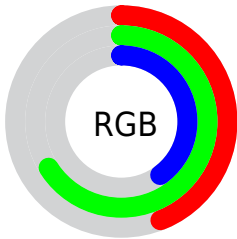
Format	Color
RYB	103, 168, 159
Decimal	7383143
CIELab	63.70, -31.34, 27.90
CIELCh	64, 41.961, 138.323
Yxy	32.4293, 0.3150, 0.4416
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285573223 (0xFF70A867)
YUV	143.8460, -20.1371, -27.9289
Hunter-Lab	56.9467, -27.1464, 21.2551

Details

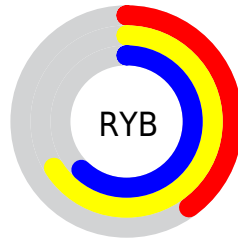
The RYB color **103, 168, 159** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **159, 103, 168**, and the grayscale version is **144, 144, 144**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **155, 224, 213**, and **55, 115, 109** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 168, 156**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **120, 168, 162**.

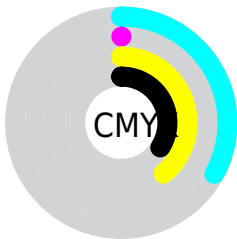
Distribution



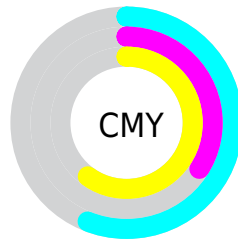
- Red (44%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 103, 168, 159 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 103, 168, 159 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 103, 168, 159

255, 255, 255


 155, 224, 213


 182, 252, 241

 210, 255, 243

 238, 255, 242

 103, 168, 159

 78, 141, 133

 55, 115, 109

 32, 91, 88


 4, 63, 67

 0, 44, 44


 0, 21, 21


 0, 0, 0

 103, 168, 159


 86, 168, 156


 103, 168, 159


 120, 168, 162


 69, 168, 154


 137, 168, 164

 53, 168, 152

 153, 168, 166

 36, 168, 150

 170, 168, 170

 19, 168, 147

 184, 168, 187

 2, 168, 145

 199, 168, 204

 0, 168, 145

 213, 168, 221

 228, 168, 237

 242, 168, 254

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81, 159, 85



103, 168, 159



55, 124, 173

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



103, 168, 159



58, 122, 227



226, 125, 133

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



103, 168, 159



159, 103, 168

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



217, 125, 171



103, 168, 159



135, 148, 225

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



103, 168, 159



0, 94, 209



186, 136, 204



215, 148, 100

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



103, 168, 159



0, 90, 174



186, 136, 204



225, 124, 145

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



103, 168, 159



193, 219, 215



115, 168, 103



94, 110, 108



237, 237, 237



110, 110, 110

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



103, 168, 159



118, 219, 205



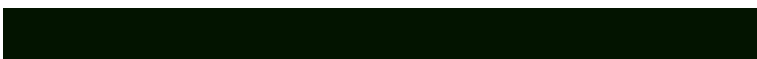
103, 151, 168



76, 84, 83



0, 148, 128



0, 20, 17

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



159, 103, 168



205, 118, 219



168, 103, 145



83, 76, 84



127, 0, 148



18, 0, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 103, 168, 159 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 103, 168, 159 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 103, 168, 159 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 103, 168, 159.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 103, 168, 159.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
103, 168, 159

Protanopia
113, 167, 97

Deuteranopia
177, 183, 108



Tritanopia
124, 145, 172

Trichromacy



Original Color
103, 168, 159

Protanomaly
99, 159, 111

Deuteranomaly
108, 157, 106

Tritanomaly
120, 146, 163

Monochromacy



Original Color
103, 168, 159

Achromatopsia
144, 144, 144

Achromatomaly
129, 153, 150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 103, 168, 159 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 168, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 168, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 168, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 168, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 103, 168, 159 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 168, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 168, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 168, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 168, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 168, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 168,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 103, 168, 159 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 168, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
168, 103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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