

# Converting Colors

`RYB(103, 174, 192)`

Have a look what the booklet for  
RYB(103, 174, 192) contains.

<b>RYB(103, 174, 192)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**R<sub>Y</sub>B(103, 174, 192)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	67C07E
RGB	103, 192, 126
RGB Percent	40%, 75%, 49%
CMY	0.5961, 0.2471, 0.5076
CMYK	0.46, 0.00, 0.35, 0.25
HSL	135°, 41%, 58%
HSV	135°, 46%, 75%
XYZ	28.1809, 42.0779, 26.2278
YIQ	157.8650, -31.8580, -39.3940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

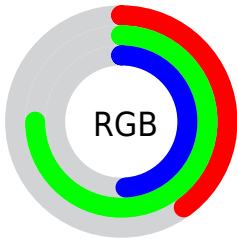
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">103, 174, 192</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6799486</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">70.92, -41.27, 25.43</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">71, 48.473, 148.359</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">42.0779, 0.2921, 0.4361</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284989566 (0xFF67C07E)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">157.8650, -15.7094, -48.1166</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">64.8675, -35.9709, 21.4346</a>

# Details

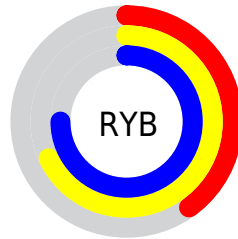
The RYB color **103, 174, 192** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **192, 103, 169**, and the grayscale version is **158, 158, 158**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **158, 232, 249**, and **46, 115, 138** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 170, 192**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122, 178, 192**.

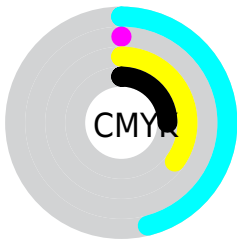
# Distribution



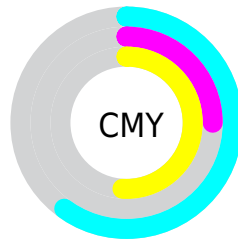
- Red (40%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 103, 174, 192 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 103, 174, 192 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 103, 174, 192

255, 255, 255


 158, 232, 249


 187, 240, 255

 216, 242, 255

 245, 250, 255

 103, 174, 192

 75, 144, 164

 46, 115, 138

 6, 80, 112

 0, 65, 87

 0, 56, 62


 0, 41, 41


 0, 6, 6


 0, 0, 0


 103, 174, 192


 103, 174, 192


 84, 170, 192


 122, 178, 192


 65, 166, 192


 141, 182, 192

 45, 162, 192

 161, 186, 192

 26, 158, 192

 180, 190, 192

 7, 155, 192

 199, 192, 197

 0, 153, 192

 218, 192, 212

 237, 192, 226

 255, 192, 240

 255, 192, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93, 183, 118



103, 174, 192



0, 105, 196

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



103, 174, 192



91, 148, 255



255, 141, 134

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



103, 174, 192



192, 103, 169

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



253, 137, 178



103, 174, 192



173, 163, 251

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



103, 174, 192



0, 108, 248



226, 146, 221



237, 190, 99

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



103, 174, 192



0, 99, 200



226, 146, 221



255, 138, 148

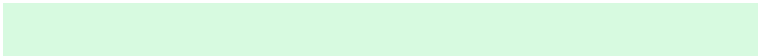


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



103, 174, 192



215, 243, 250



103, 192, 125



104, 121, 125



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



103, 174, 192



110, 222, 250



103, 154, 192



87, 95, 97



0, 128, 161



0, 27, 33



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



192, 103, 169



250, 110, 214



192, 103, 125



97, 87, 94



161, 0, 120



33, 0, 25



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 103, 174, 192 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 103, 174, 192 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## **RYB 103, 174, 192 Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 103, 174, 192.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 103, 174, 192.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
103, 174, 192

**Protanopia**  
136, 187, 117

**Deuteranopia**  
203, 195, 131



**Tritanopia**  
120, 155, 198

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

103, 174, 192



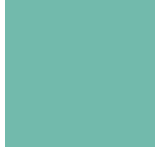
**Protanomaly**

120, 179, 143



**Deuteranomaly**

129, 175, 137



**Tritanomaly**

114, 154, 186

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

103, 174, 192



**Achromatopsia**

158, 158, 158



**Achromatomaly**

138, 164, 170

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 103, 174, 192 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 192, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 192, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 192, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 192, 126) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 103, 174, 192 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

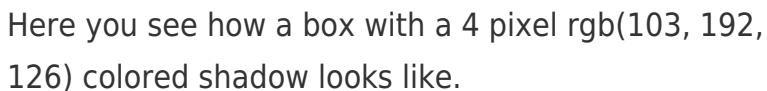
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 192, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 192, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(103, 192, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 192, 126); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 192, 126); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 192, 126) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 103, 174, 192 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 192, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103,  
192, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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