

Converting Colors

`RYB(103, 56, 196)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(103, 56, 196) contains.

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Color

R_YB(103, 56, 196)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6738C4
RGB	103, 56, 196
RGB Percent	40%, 22%, 77%
CMY	0.5961, 0.7804, 0.2314
CMYK	0.47, 0.71, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	260°, 56%, 49%
HSV	260°, 71%, 77%
XYZ	16.9715, 9.6974, 53.2018
YIQ	86.0130, -16.9280, 53.5040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

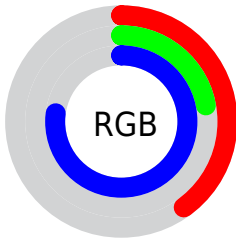
Format	Color
R_{YB}	103, 56, 196
Decimal	6764740
CIE _{Lab}	37.29, 51.84, -65.64
CIE _{LCh}	37, 83.643, 308.301
Yxy	9.6974, 0.2125, 0.1214
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284954820 (0xFF6738C4)
YUV	86.0130, 54.2236, 14.8976
Hunter-Lab	31.1407, 42.7852, -79.4946

Details

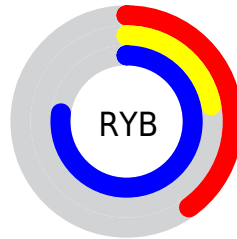
The RYB color **103, 56, 196** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633CC**. The color can be described as dark muted purple. A complement of this color would be **56, 196, 103**, and the grayscale version is **86, 86, 86**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **161, 107, 254**, and **40, 0, 141** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 36, 196**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **116, 76, 196**.

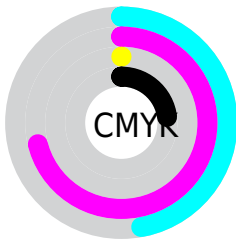
Distribution



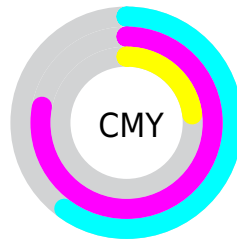
- Red (40%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 103, 56, 196 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 103, 56, 196 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



103, 56, 196



103, 56, 196

255, 255, 255



73, 30, 168



161, 107, 254



40, 0, 141



191, 133, 255



0, 0, 115



220, 160, 255



0, 0, 89



250, 188, 255



0, 6, 65



255, 216, 255



0, 3, 42



255, 245, 255



0, 1, 20



0, 0, 0



103, 56, 196



103, 56, 196

■ 90, 36, 196

■ 116, 76, 196

■ 77, 17, 196

■ 129, 95, 196

■ 66, 0, 196

■ 142, 115, 196

■ 155, 134, 196

■ 168, 154, 196

■ 181, 174, 196

■ 194, 193, 196

■ 196, 213, 202

■ 196, 232, 208

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 65, 225



103, 56, 196



177, 0, 139

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



103, 56, 196



146, 114, 0



0, 58, 113

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



103, 56, 196



56, 196, 103

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 85, 110



103, 56, 196



0, 92, 1

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



103, 56, 196



184, 0, 1



0, 105, 105



0, 68, 171

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



103, 56, 196



196, 0, 95



0, 105, 105



0, 65, 112

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



103, 56, 196



219, 201, 255



56, 112, 196



106, 96, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



103, 56, 196



109, 36, 255



173, 56, 196



90, 87, 97



54, 0, 161



11, 0, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



196, 56, 149



255, 36, 181



56, 196, 173



97, 87, 94



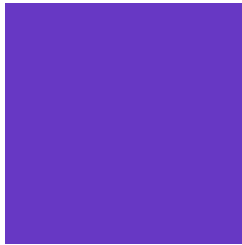
161, 0, 107



33, 0, 22

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 103, 56, 196 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 103, 56, 196 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

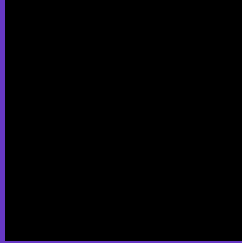
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 103, 56, 196 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 103, 56, 196.

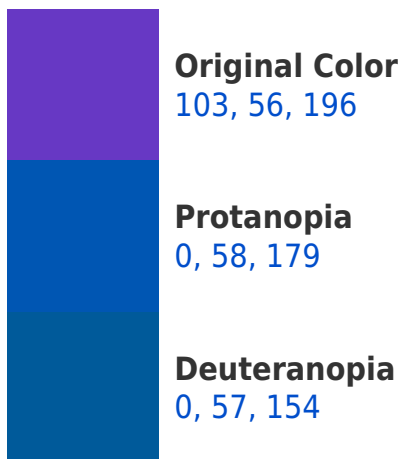


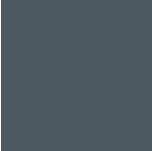
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 103, 56, 196.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

76, 84, 97

Trichromacy



Original Color

103, 56, 196



Protanomaly

37, 67, 185



Deuteranomaly

37, 68, 169



Tritanomaly

86, 78, 133

Monochromacy



Original Color

103, 56, 196



Achromatopsia

86, 86, 86



Achromatomaly

92, 75, 126

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 103, 56, 196 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 56, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 56, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 56, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 56, 196) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 103, 56, 196 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 56, 196) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 56, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 56, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 56, 196); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 56, 196);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 56,  
196) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 103, 56, 196 is called "background".

The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 56, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103, 56,  
196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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