

Converting Colors

`RYB(104, 133, 181)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(104, 133, 181) contains.

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Color

$\text{RYB}(104, 133, 181)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6897B5
RGB	104, 151, 181
RGB Percent	41%, 59%, 71%
CMY	0.5922, 0.4097, 0.2902
CMYK	0.43, 0.17, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	204°, 34%, 56%
HSV	204°, 43%, 71%
XYZ	25.0391, 28.2585, 47.8508
YIQ	140.3670, -37.6420, -0.6340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

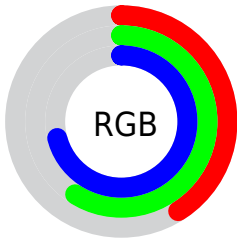
Format	Color
RYB	104, 133, 181
Decimal	6854581
CIELab	60.12, -7.58, -20.81
CIElCh	60, 22.152, 249.978
Yxy	28.2585, 0.2475, 0.2794
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285044661 (0xFF6897B5)
YUV	140.3670, 20.0321, -31.8939
Hunter-Lab	53.1588, -8.9501, -16.1587

Details

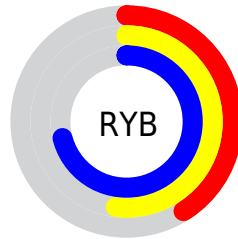
The RYB color **104, 133, 181** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **181, 153, 104**, and the grayscale version is **140, 140, 140**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **158, 187, 237**, and **51, 81, 128** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 122, 181**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **122, 144, 181**.

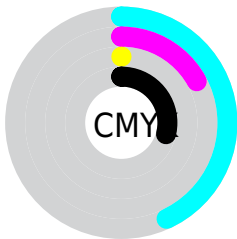
Distribution



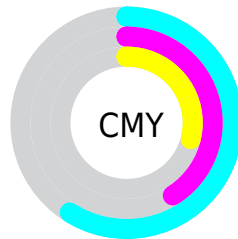
- Red (41%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 104, 133, 181 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 104, 133, 181 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 104, 133, 181

255, 255, 255

■ 158, 187, 237

■ 186, 214, 255

■ 215, 235, 255

■ 244, 250, 255

■ 104, 133, 181

■ 77, 107, 154

■ 51, 81, 128

■ 20, 53, 103

■ 0, 32, 79

■ 0, 20, 56

■ 0, 3, 35

■ 0, 0, 9

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 104, 133, 181

■ 104, 133, 181

86, 122, 181

122, 144, 181

68, 110, 181

140, 156, 181

50, 99, 181

158, 167, 181

32, 88, 181

176, 178, 181

13, 76, 181

195, 189, 181

0, 68, 181

213, 203, 181

231, 214, 181

249, 226, 181

255, 244, 181

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89, 125, 169



104, 133, 181



130, 141, 183

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



104, 133, 181



184, 131, 139



115, 151, 135

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



104, 133, 181



181, 153, 104

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



114, 153, 106



104, 133, 181



182, 136, 121

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



104, 133, 181



175, 132, 159



171, 167, 109



109, 140, 155

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



104, 133, 181



148, 140, 179



171, 167, 109



111, 150, 123

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



104, 133, 181



204, 216, 235



104, 159, 181



99, 106, 117



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



104, 133, 181



115, 160, 235



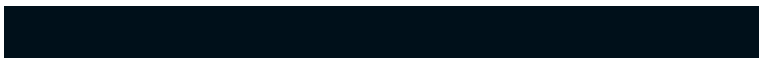
104, 112, 181



80, 84, 89



0, 57, 153



0, 10, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



181, 104, 151



235, 115, 187



114, 181, 104



89, 80, 86



153, 0, 92



26, 0, 15

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 104, 133, 181 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

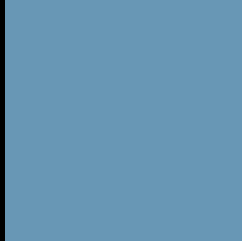
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 104, 133, 181 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

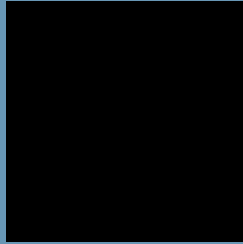
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 104, 133, 181 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 104, 133, 181.

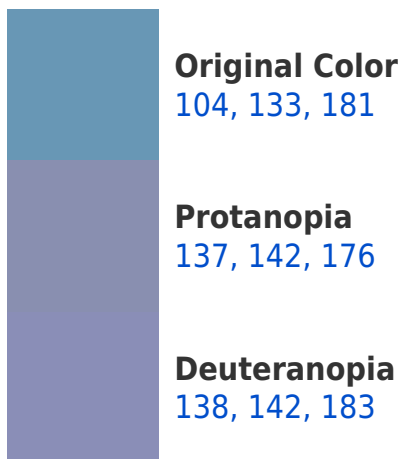


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 104, 133, 181.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
100, 129, 166

Trichromacy



Original Color
104, 133, 181

Protanomaly
125, 140, 178

Deuteranomaly
126, 140, 182

Tritanomaly
101, 131, 171

Monochromacy



Original Color
104, 133, 181

Achromatopsia
140, 140, 140

Achromatomaly
127, 138, 155

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 104, 133, 181 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 151, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 151, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 151, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 151, 181) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 104, 133, 181 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 151, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 151, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 151, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 151, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 151, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 151,  
181) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 104, 133, 181 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 151, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
151, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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