

Converting Colors

`RYB(104, 139, 141)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(104, 139, 141) contains.

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Color

`RYB(104, 139, 141)`

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	688D6A
RGB	104, 141, 106
RGB Percent	41%, 55%, 42%
CMY	0.5922, 0.4471, 0.5839
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.25, 0.45
HSL	123°, 15%, 48%
HSV	123°, 26%, 55%
XYZ	17.8413, 23.0358, 17.1729
YIQ	125.9470, -10.8170, -18.7290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

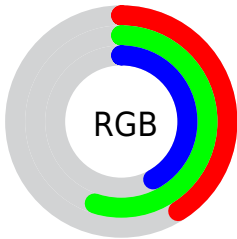
Format	Color
RYB	104, 139, 141
Decimal	6851946
CIELab	55.11, -20.22, 14.54
CIELCh	55, 24.907, 144.273
Yxy	23.0358, 0.3073, 0.3968
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285042026 (0xFF688D6A)
YUV	125.9470, -9.8339, -19.2475
Hunter-Lab	47.9956, -17.6391, 12.3829

Details

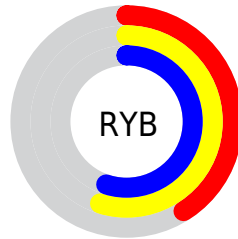
The RYB color **104, 139, 141** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **141, 104, 139**, and the grayscale version is **126, 126, 126**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **156, 194, 195**, and **55, 87, 91** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 138, 141**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **118, 140, 141**.

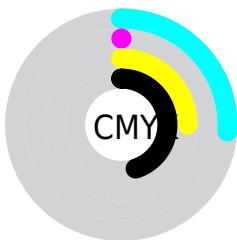
Distribution



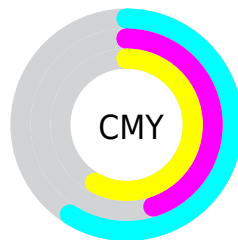
- Red (41%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (45%)




- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 104, 139, 141 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 104, 139, 141 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 104, 139, 141

255, 255, 255


 156, 193, 195

 183, 222, 223

 211, 250, 251

 239, 253, 255

 104, 139, 141

 79, 112, 115


 55, 87, 91


 32, 63, 67


 9, 38, 44

 0, 26, 26

 0, 0, 0

 104, 139, 141

 90, 138, 141

 76, 137, 141

 104, 139, 141

 118, 140, 141

 132, 140, 141

■ 62, 137, 141

■ 146, 141, 146

■ 48, 136, 141

■ 160, 141, 159

■ 34, 135, 141

■ 175, 141, 173

■ 19, 134, 141

■ 189, 141, 186

■ 5, 133, 141

■ 203, 141, 199

■ 0, 133, 141

■ 217, 141, 212

■ 231, 141, 226

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



92, 136, 99



104, 139, 141



80, 117, 144

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



104, 139, 141



98, 123, 174



175, 117, 115

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



104, 139, 141



141, 104, 139

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



171, 116, 137



104, 139, 141



129, 128, 171

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



104, 139, 141



70, 111, 166



156, 121, 157



167, 135, 98

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



104, 139, 141



67, 106, 144



156, 121, 157



175, 116, 122

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



104, 139, 141



169, 183, 184



104, 141, 106



83, 92, 92



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



104, 139, 141



127, 181, 184



104, 128, 141



64, 70, 71



0, 127, 135



0, 8, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



141, 104, 139



184, 127, 180



141, 104, 121



71, 64, 71



135, 0, 127



8, 0, 7

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 104, 139, 141 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 104, 139, 141 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

R Y B 104, 139, 141 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 104, 139, 141.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 104, 139, 141.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
[104](#), [139](#), [141](#)

Protanopia
[114](#), [140](#), [102](#)

Deuteranopia
[152](#), [137](#), [109](#)



Tritanopia
111, 126, 146

Trichromacy



Original Color

104, 139, 141

Protanomaly

103, 135, 111

Deuteranomaly

113, 135, 108

Tritanomaly

108, 125, 138

Monochromacy



Original Color

104, 139, 141

Achromatopsia

126, 126, 126

Achromatomaly

118, 130, 131

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 104, 139, 141 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 141, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 141, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 141, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 141, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 104, 139, 141 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 141, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 141, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 141, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 141, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 141, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 141,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 104, 139, 141 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 141, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
141, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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