

Converting Colors

`RYB(104, 143, 170)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(104, 143, 170) contains.

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Color

R_YB(104, 143, 170)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	68AA96
RGB	104, 170, 150
RGB Percent	41%, 67%, 59%
CMY	0.5922, 0.3333, 0.4130
CMYK	0.39, 0.00, 0.12, 0.33
HSL	162°, 28%, 54%
HSV	162°, 39%, 67%
XYZ	25.5639, 33.8846, 33.9175
YIQ	147.9860, -32.9160, -20.2120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

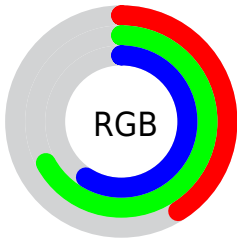
Format	Color
RYB	104, 143, 170
Decimal	6859414
CIELab	64.87, -25.83, 3.86
CIElCh	65, 26.118, 171.510
Yxy	33.8846, 0.2738, 0.3629
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285049494 (0xFF68AA96)
YUV	147.9860, 0.9929, -38.5757
Hunter-Lab	58.2105, -23.4777, 6.2009

Details

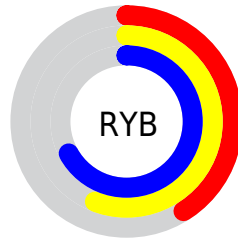
The RYB color **104, 143, 170** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **170, 104, 124**, and the grayscale version is **148, 148, 148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **158, 199, 226**, and **52, 90, 117** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 136, 170**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **121, 150, 170**.

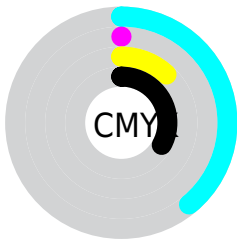
Distribution



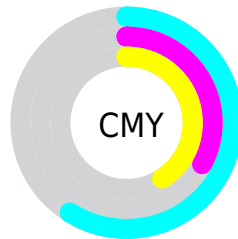
- Red (41%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (41%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 104, 143, 170 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 104, 143, 170 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 104, 143, 170


255, 255, 255


 158, 199, 226

 186, 227, 254

 214, 235, 255

 243, 249, 255

 104, 143, 170

 78, 116, 143

 52, 90, 117


 23, 62, 92


 0, 39, 69


 0, 27, 46

 0, 20, 26

 0, 0, 0

 104, 143, 170

 87, 136, 170

 104, 143, 170

 121, 150, 170

■ 70, 129, 170

■ 138, 157, 170

■ 53, 122, 170

■ 155, 164, 170

■ 36, 115, 170

■ 172, 170, 171

■ 19, 108, 170

■ 189, 170, 176

■ 2, 101, 170

■ 206, 170, 181

■ 0, 100, 170

■ 223, 170, 186

■ 240, 170, 192

■ 255, 170, 197

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



128, 167, 165



104, 143, 170



87, 129, 174

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



104, 143, 170



152, 154, 201



197, 157, 122

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



104, 143, 170



170, 104, 124

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



205, 141, 141



104, 143, 170



181, 146, 187

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



104, 143, 170



118, 147, 203



199, 141, 165



153, 180, 111

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



104, 143, 170



87, 132, 188



199, 141, 165



201, 149, 127

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



104, 143, 170



195, 211, 222



104, 170, 149



96, 105, 112



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



104, 143, 170



118, 179, 222



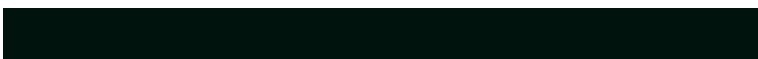
104, 134, 170



76, 81, 84



0, 88, 148



0, 12, 20

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



170, 104, 124



222, 118, 150



170, 119, 104



84, 76, 78



148, 0, 46



20, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 104, 143, 170 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 104, 143, 170 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYP 104, 143, 170 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 104, 143, 170.

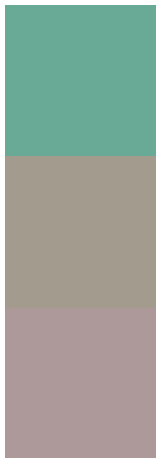


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 104, 143, 170.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
104, 143, 170

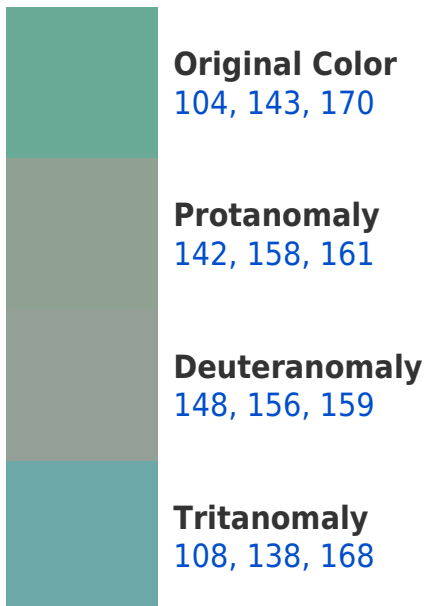
Protanopia
153, 163, 142

Deuteranopia
173, 152, 154

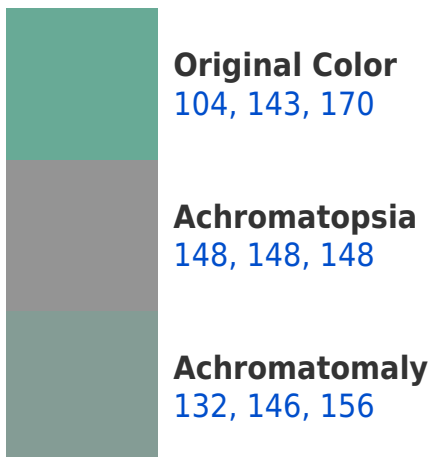


Tritanopia
111, 141, 179

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 104, 143, 170 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 170, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 170, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 170, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 170, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 104, 143, 170 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 170, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 170, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 170, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 170, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 170, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 170,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 104, 143, 170 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 170, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
170, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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