

Converting Colors

`RYB(104, 147, 207)`

Have a look what the booklet for
RYB(104, 147, 207) contains.

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Color

R_YB(104, 147, 207)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	68B2CF
RGB	104, 178, 207
RGB Percent	41%, 70%, 81%
CMY	0.5922, 0.3027, 0.1882
CMYK	0.50, 0.14, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	197°, 52%, 61%
HSV	197°, 50%, 81%
XYZ	32.8553, 39.2159, 64.8693
YIQ	159.1800, -53.4130, -6.6690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

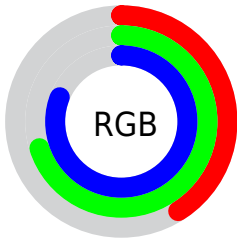
Format	Color
RYB	104, 147, 207
Decimal	6861519
CIELab	68.91, -15.07, -21.90
CIELCh	69, 26.583, 235.459
Yxy	39.2159, 0.2399, 0.2864
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285051599 (0xFF68B2CF)
YUV	159.1800, 23.5753, -48.3929
Hunter-Lab	62.6226, -15.9385, -17.5812

Details

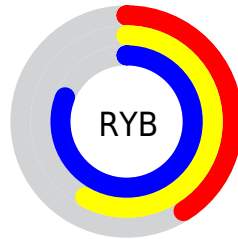
The RYB color **104, 147, 207** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **207, 144, 104**, and the grayscale version is **159, 159, 159**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **161, 202, 255**, and **44, 90, 153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 135, 207**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **125, 159, 207**.

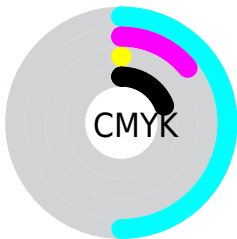
Distribution



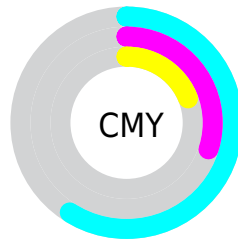
- Red (41%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RYB color 104, 147, 207 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RYB color 104, 147, 207 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 104, 147, 207


255, 255, 255


 161, 202, 255

 189, 222, 255

 219, 237, 255

 248, 252, 255

 104, 147, 207

 75, 119, 179

 44, 90, 153

 0, 56, 127

 0, 44, 102

 0, 31, 77

 0, 20, 54

 0, 2, 33

 0, 0, 7

 0, 0, 0

■ 104, 147, 207

■ 104, 147, 207

■ 83, 135, 207

■ 125, 159, 207

■ 63, 123, 207

■ 145, 171, 207

■ 42, 111, 207

■ 166, 183, 207

■ 21, 99, 207

■ 187, 195, 207

■ 1, 87, 207

■ 208, 207, 207

■ 0, 86, 207

■ 228, 215, 207

■ 249, 224, 207

■ 255, 236, 207

■ 255, 255, 207

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96, 140, 188



104, 147, 207



133, 159, 216

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



104, 147, 207



213, 151, 173



124, 173, 133

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



104, 147, 207



207, 144, 104

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



157, 189, 120



104, 147, 207



217, 152, 149

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



104, 147, 207



196, 155, 196



208, 172, 129



136, 175, 179

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



104, 147, 207



156, 165, 214



208, 172, 129



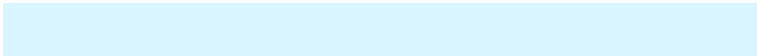
124, 173, 122

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



104, 147, 207



217, 233, 255



104, 184, 207



105, 114, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



104, 147, 207



102, 166, 255



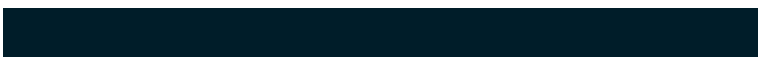
104, 122, 207



94, 99, 105



0, 70, 168



0, 17, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



207, 104, 178



255, 102, 212



132, 207, 104



105, 94, 102



168, 0, 121



41, 0, 29

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 104, 147, 207 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

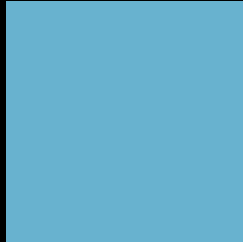
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RYB color 104, 147, 207 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

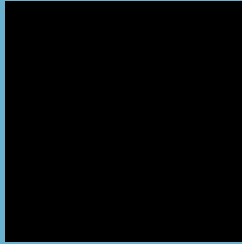
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RYB 104, 147, 207 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RYB color 104, 147, 207.

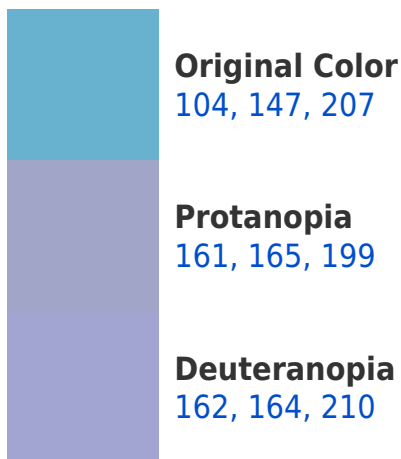


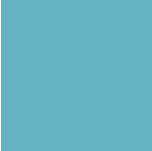
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RYB color 104, 147, 207.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

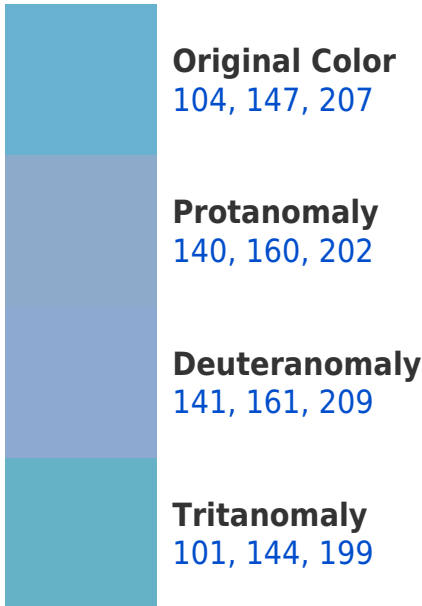
Dichromacy



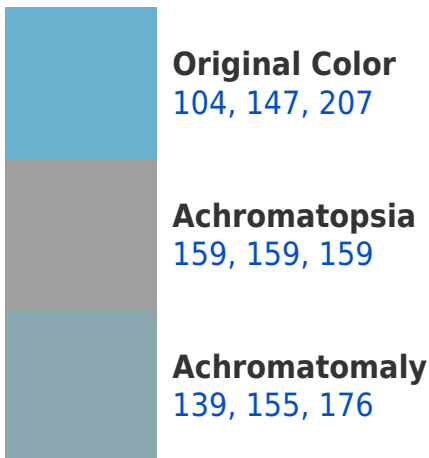


Tritanopia
100, 143, 194

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RYB 104, 147, 207 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 178, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 178, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 178, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 178, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RYB 104, 147, 207 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 178, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 178, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 178, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 178, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 178, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 178,  
207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RYB 104, 147, 207 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 178, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
178, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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